

# PRAVARA INSTITUTE OF MEDICAL SCIENCES (DEEMED TO BE UNIVERSITY)

Loni, Tal. Rahata, Dist. Ahmednagar 413736 NAAC Re-accrediated with 'A' Grade

# SYLLABUS

Degree Programme - Bachelor of Physiotherapy (BPT) (Dr. APJ Abdul Kalam College of Physiotherapy) (Academic Council Meeting Dated 14<sup>th</sup> March , 2018)

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#### BACHELOR OF PHYSIOTHERAPY CONTENTS

1. **Preamble:** Physiotherapy is an emerging Allied health care profession. Physiotherapy has been traditionally recognized as the branch of Physical Medicine that deals with the treatment of various diseases and disorders with the Physical Medicine modalities. Physical Medicine modalities include exercises, heat, cold, therapeutic currents, joint mobilizations, joint manipulations, soft tissue mobilizations, traction, compression, massage, radiations, sound etc. Physiotherapy is a profession with a holistic approach to the prevention, diagnosis and therapeutic management of conditions affecting human movements. With the advanced research, evidence based practice concepts and the increase in first contact practice, the practice of Physiotherapy is based on contemporary scientific evidence. Physiotherapy includes a range of specialties to meet the health needs of people of all ages. Physiotherapy involves a partnership with clients to achieve better health outcomes. Physiotherapy offers health care in many different settings including private practice, hospitals, community health centers, aged care facilities, industry and clients' own homes.

The disability profile has been increasing as indicated in the recent surveys by Government of India. New fields like community health centers, industrial health centers, homes for elderly, hospices, rehabilitation centers, schools for disabled, research centers, sports medicine and training centers, non-governmental organizations show an inadequate participation from qualified Physiotherapists. Hence, there is a growing need for the qualified Physiotherapists in our country. Physiotherapy is an allied health care profession characterized by the treatment of various diseases and disorders with the help of skilled use of physiologically-based movement techniques, supplemented when necessary by electrotherapy and other physical means for the prevention and treatment of injury and disease. It is used to assist the process of rehabilitation and restoration of function, including the achievement of personal independence. The work of the Physiotherapist is therefore essential to ensure a good quality of life of individuals ranging from children to the elderly with various disabilities like physical, neurological, psychosocial, sensory and rehabilitation needs and their integration in the community. The specific objective of the therapist is to function as an integral part of a multidisciplinary team to enable those whose abilities in productivity, self-maintenance and leisure are threatened, restricted or lost due to impairment, developmental delay, ageing or lack of opportunity, to become full and productive members of the community. Physiotherapists are therefore of paramount importance in the effective operation of the health care, social welfare and education systems. Physiotherapists play an important role in preventive medicine which includes all pathologies of musculoskeletal, neuromuscular and cardiovascular system at all ages.

The first three years of study have been designed to equip students with all the basic training needs of a Physiotherapist for general practice, including implementation of treatment after effective Physiotherapy assessment, good communication and interpersonal skills and commitment to ethical and social responsibility. The fourth year of study leads to the award of a Bachelor of Physiotherapy and is designed to meet the research aptitude requirements of the profession. The practical and clinical education training will provide the opportunity for translation of theoretical knowledge into hands-on practice of immediate relevance and will further help students in acquiring professional competence. Graduates with this degree can either pursue higher studies like Doctor of Physiotherapy, Master of Physiotherapy and post graduate diploma or seek employment locally and internationally. Physiotherapists are employable in a wide range of areas like clinics, hospitals, hospices, homes for elderly, schools, industries, sports medicine centers etc and can also choose private practice after they are awarded the Bachelor of Physiotherapy degree.

- 2. Objectives: Various objectives of education and training Physiotherapy graduates at PIMS are as follows;
  - To teach common health problems which are referred for Physiotherapy.
  - To train an individual into value based Physiotherapist capable of treating common ailments referred for Physiotherapy.
  - To use active, integrated and student centered methods of teaching and learning that encourage clarity of expression, independence of judgment, scientific habits, problem solving abilities, self initiated and self directed learning.
- **3.** Career opportunities: Currently there is shortage of qualified specialist Physiotherapists. Hence, there is a demand for this specialty and employment opportunities are excellent. Graduates with this qualification are recognized throughout India and abroad. Shortage of highly qualified Physiotherapists commands an increasing employment and remuneration. They can be employed in super specialty hospitals, general hospitals, teaching institutes, rehabilitation centers for children, schools and can also practice in private setups independently.
- **4. Professional recognitions:** The award of Bachelor of Physiotherapy qualifies the graduates for membership of Maharashtra State Council for Physiotherapy and Occupational Therapy, Indian Association of Physiotherapists. They can also apply to different councils or associations in India and abroad.

- **5.** Eligibility: A candidate seeking admission to first year BPT course should have passed 10+2 examination with English as one of the subjects and Physics, Chemistry and Biology as other subjects and must appear for PIMS AICET ASUG competitive entrance examination and must have come in the merit list by securing not less than 40% marks in Physics, Chemistry and Biology taken together.
- **6. Age:** A candidate seeking admission to Bachelor of Physiotherapy course should have completed 17years of age, before the commencement of the academic year. Every candidate before admission to the course shall furnish to the Principal of the Institution a certificate of Medical Fitness from an authorized Government Medical Officer to the effect, that the candidate is physically and mentally fit to undergo Physiotherapy course.
- **7. Duration of the Course:** Every student shall undergo a period of certified study extending over 4 academic years from the date of commencement of his/her study for the subject comprising the Physiotherapy curriculum to the date of completion of the examination followed by six months compulsory rotatory internship.
- **8. Medium of instructions:** The medium of instructions for this course shall only be English. This includes theory lectures, practicals, laboratory works and assignments and clinical training.
- 9. Learning Outcomes: On completion of this course the student will be expected to

# 9.1 Describe:

- Physiotherapy principles and practice
- Physiotherapy practice guidelines and performance
- The importance of health promotion and wellness
- Professional accountability

# 9.2 Understand:

- Specific perspectives of the PT in patient care, including inter-professional
- Practice, client and family-centered care
- Common ethical, personal, and professional issues that arise in physical therapy practice
- The role of the PT in motivating and educating patients for self- management

# 9.3 Demonstrate adequate competency in:

- Collaborative effective communication
- Observational skills
- Interviewing skills
- Teaching and learning principles (Identifying, summarizing and communicating new knowledge)

- Understanding and respecting others' values and beliefs
- Cultural diversity and discrimination issues

# 9.4 Compare and contrast the role of Physiotherapy in various settings using evidence to support findi

- **10. Dress code:** Professionalism with respect to dressing is encouraged throughout the course. It is each student's responsibility to have appropriate attire during all class assignments and learning activities.
- **11. Course location**: This course is offered at College of Physiotherapy, Pravara Institute of Medical Sciences, Loni, Taluka: Rahata, District: Ahmednagar 413 736, Maharashtra, India.
- **12**. **Total intake of students:** The total intake of students will be hundred per academic year in Pravara Institute of Medical Sciences, Deemed University, Loni.
- **13. Course fee structure:** The tuition fee and other fee structure will be as per the notifications by Pravara Institute of Medical Sciences, Deemed University given from time to time. The fee structure is different for resident Indians, non-resident Indian and foreign students

### 14. Framework of the curriculum

**COURSE DURATION**: Four years and Six months of Internship.

### I B.P.T.

- a. Deals with the basic foundation in medical as well as physiotherapy subjects. The foundation of human body structure and function and energy utilization is achieved by studying the subjects Human Anatomy, Physiology, and Biochemistry.
- b. Students knowledge of Physics i.e. Mechanics, Electricity, Water, Sound and Light is recalled to apply it on human body in understanding movements and the various physiotherapeutic modalities under the subject of Fundamentals of Electrotherapy and Fundamentals of Kinesiology and Kinesiotherapy

### II B.P.T.

- 1) Deals with understanding of altered physiology by studying pathology and Microbiology.
- 2) The students get oriented to various Pharmacotherapeutic agents used along with their effects by studying Pharmacology.
- 3) The students will study about normal and altered human mind and behavior by studying Psychology and Psychiatry. They will also learn skills required for effective communication with the patients and care givers.
- 4) Students will acquire the knowledge of Biomechanics as applicable to human body in the context of Kinetics and kinematics of Joints, Movements and Daily activities under subject of Kinesiology and shall acquire knowledge and learn various physiotherapeutic skills on models in subject of Kinesiotherapy.

- 5) In the subject of Electrotherapeutics, students will acquire knowledge and learn application and uses of various electrotherapeutic modalities on models.
   III B.P.T.
- a. Students acquire knowledge of all the clinical subjects like Orthopaedics, General Surgery, Medicine, Neurology, Paediatrics, Dermatology and Gynecology and Obstetrics, Community Medicine and Sociology, *Radio-Diagnosis and Oncology*
- b. Students will acquire knowledge about the principles of International Classification of Functioning (I.C.F.) and its applicability in context to movement dysfunctions.
- c. Students will learn the physiotherapeutic evaluation skills including electrodiagnosis on patients to arrive at a Functional/ Physical Diagnosis in Neuromuscular, Cardiovascular and Respiratory dysfunction. They will also acquire knowledge of various specialized manual therapy and neurodevelopmental techniques and practice these skills on models under the subject of functional diagnosis and physiotherapeutic skills.

#### IV B.P.T.

- a. Students will revise, recall and integrate the knowledge of previous years to evaluate, functionally diagnose, plan and execute short and long term management of various musculoskeletal, neurological and cardiovascular- respiratory dysfunctions in hospital and community settings.
- b. Students also acquire knowledge pertaining to health promotion and disease prevention throughout lifespan in the community. They will also be able to analyse, prevent and treat problems associated with various industries in community physiotherapy.
- c. Students will also acquire knowledge about biomechanical principles and application of variety of aids and appliances used for ambulation, protection and prevention by studying Bioengineering.
- d. Professional Practice and ethics as a subject will be studied in continuum from first year, so students will acquire the knowledge of ethical code of professional practice and *Bioethics*, as well as its moraland legal aspects. The principles of Hospital Administration, Management and Marketing, *Environmental Sciences* will be studied separately.
- e. Students will also acquire knowledge of Research Methodology and Biostatistics and apply the knowledge in project work in community physiotherapy.

#### INTERNSHIP

a. A period of 6 months (26 weeks) of continuous clinical practice to enhance the clinical reasoning, judgment, programme planning, intervention, evaluation of intervention, follow up and referral skills of all the dysfunctions and impairments learnt throughout the

curriculum of four years.

- b. Those candidates declared to have passed the final year examination in all subjects shall be eligible for internship.
- c. Internship shall be done in a teaching hospital recognized by the University. A degree certificate shall be awarded ONLY on successful completion of six months of internship.
- d. The Internship will be rotatory and shall cover clinical branches concerned with Physiotherapy such as Orthopaedics, Cardiovascular and Respiratory including ICU, Neurology and Neurosurgery Paediatrics, General Medicine, Surgery, Obstetrics and Gynecology both inpatient and outpatient services.
- e. Successful Completion: The student must maintain a logbook. On completion of each posting, the same will have to be certified by the faculty in charge of the posting for both attendance as well as work done. On completion of all the postings, the duly completed logbook will be submitted to the Principal/Head of program to be considered as having successfully completed the internship program.

# SUBJECTS SCHEDULE

### I B. P.T.

Sr. No.	SUBJECTS	Teaching Hrs
	PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE	
1	Professional Practice and Ethics	015
	BASIC MEDICAL SCIENCES	
2	Human Anatomy	210
3	Human Physiology	200
4	Biochemistry	050
	PHYSIOTHERAPY	
5	Fundamentals of Kinesiology and Kinesiotherapy	250
6	Fundamentals of Electrotherapy	200
7	Seminar	060
8	Observational clinical practice	415
	TOTAL	1400

#### **TRANSCRIPT HOURS - 1400**

II B. P.T.

Sr.	SUBJECTS	Teaching				
N0.						
		Hrs				
	PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE					
1	Professional practice and Ethics	015				
	MEDICAL SCIENCES					
2	Pathology	050				
3	Microbiology	035				
4	Pharmacology	050				
5	Psychiatry including Psychology	050				
	PHYSIOTHERAPY					
6	Kinesiology	080				
7	Kinesiotherapy	240				
8	Electrotherapy	300				
9	Seminar	090				
10	Supervised clinical practice	490				
	TOTAL	1400				

#### **TRANSCRIPT HOURS- 1400**

## III B. P.T.

#### **TRANSCRIPT HOURS- 1420**

Sr.	SUBJECTS	Teaching
No.		
		Hrs
	PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE	
1	Professional practice and Ethics	015
	MEDICAL SCIENCES	
2	Surgery	055
3	Orthopaedics	060
4	Medicine-I	055
5	Medicine-II	065
6	Community Medicine and Sociology	060
7	Obstetrics and Gynaecology and Oncology	040
8	Dermatology and Radio-Diagnosis	020
	PHYSIOTHERAPY	
9	Functional Diagnosis and Physiotherapeutic Skills	460
10	Seminar (including I.C.F.)	090
11	Supervised clinical practice	500
	TOTAL	1420

### IV B.P.T.

#### **TRANSCRIPT HOURS -1465**

Sr.	SUBJECTS	Teaching Hrs
No.		
	PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE	
1	Professional practice and <b>Bio</b> Ethics	015
2	Administration, Management and Marketing	020
	PHYSIOTHERAPY	
3	Orthopaedic Physiotherapy	200
4	Neuro Physiotherapy	200
5	Cardiovascular Respiratory Physiotherapy	200
	(Including Critical Care)	
6	Community Physiotherapy	200
7	Principles of Bio-engineering	030
8	Research Methodology and Biostatistics	040
9	Environmental Sciences	050
10	Seminar (including I.C.F.)	<u>060</u>
11	Supervised clinical practice	500
	TOTAL	1465

**15.Clinical Education Training:** Clinical training is distributed throughout every year of the curriculum in the form of supervised clinical practice where the students are encouraged to participate in clinical reasoning through patient simulated training, mock demonstrations, group discussions, physical diagnosis, investigations and their interpretations, case presentations, observing different investigatory procedures and Physiotherapy interventions. Students will be required to attend clinical sessions on a rotation basis to maintain public service and provide continuity of patient care. To ensure a depth of learning, clinical education will be guided and workplace skills will be supervised and assessed by practicing and qualified physiotherapists.

**16. Attendance:** Every candidate should have attendance not less than 75% of total classes conducted in theory and practical in each academic year calculated from the date of commencement of the term to the last working day as notified by the University, in each of the subjects prescribed to be eligible to appear for the University examination. A candidate lacking in the prescribed attendance and progress in any

subjects in theory or practical/clinical shall not be permitted to appear for the University examination in those subjects.

**17. Internal assessment:** It shall be based on regular evaluation of periodic tests of assignments, clinical presentations, theory and practical test. There should be a minimum of at least 3 internal examinations and the average of best of two marks should be sent to the University before the commencement of University examination as notified by the examination section from time to time. Internal assessment paper records should be maintained for all students and should be available for scrutiny. The marks of internal assessment tests should be displayed on notice board for the students.

**18. Monitoring process**: A candidate pursuing B.P.T course shall study in the concerned department of the college of Physiotherapy, Pravara Institute of Medical Sciences, Loni for the entire period as full time student. No candidate is permitted to work in any other hospital, clinic, college etc., while studying this course. No candidate should join another course of study or appear for any other examination conducted by this university or any other university in India or abroad during the period of registration. Each year shall be taken as a unit for the purpose of calculating attendance. Every student shall attend lectures, practicals, laboratory works, seminars, weekly case discussions, review meeting, tele-Physiotherapy sessions and state level conferences, national level conferences or occasionally international conferences during each year as prescribed by the Pravara Institute of medical Sciences, Deemed University, Loni. Every candidate shall maintain a log book and record of his/her participation in the training programs conducted by the department. The log book shall be scrutinized and certified by the Head of the Department and the Principal, College of Physiotherapy, and presented in the university practical examination if called for. Every clinical case discussion, case presentation, seminars, will be monitored by faculty members, guides and peers using relevant checklists.

**19. Schedule of Examination:** There will be two examinations in a year: an annual Examination and a supplementary examination to be conducted as per notification issued by the University from time to time. The particulars of subjects for various examinations and distribution of marks are shown separately in tables.

**20. Eligibility for Examination:** To be eligible to appear for University examination a candidate: a) should have undergone satisfactorily the approved course of study in the subject or subjects for the prescribed duration. b) Should have attended at least 75% of the total number of classes in theory and practical jointly to become eligible to appear for examination in those subject/subjects. c) Should secure at least 35% of total marks assigned for internal assessment in particular subject in order to be eligible to appear in the University examination of that subject. d) Who fails in any other subject/subjects of first year BPT, has to put one academic term before he/she becomes eligible to appear for the next examination. e) Shall fulfill any

other requirement that may be prescribed by the University from time to time.

# 21. SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS AT A GLANCE

# <u>I B.P.T.</u>

Subjects		Theory		Practical			
	University	I.A.	Total	University	I.A.	Total	
Anatomy	80	20	100	80	20	100	
Physiology	80	20	100	80	20	100	
Biochemistry	40	10	50	-	-	-	
Fundamentals of Kinesiology and Kinesiotherapy	80	20	100	80	20	100	
Fundamentals of Electro Therapy	80	20	100	80	20	100	
Total	360	90	450	320	80	400	

### SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS AT A GLANCE - II B.P.T.

Subjects		Theory			Practical	
	University	I.A.	Total	University	I.A.	Total
Pathology and	40	10	50			
Microbiology	40	10	50			
Pharmacology	40	10	50			
Psychiatry	40	10	50			
(including						
Psychology)						
Kinesiology	80	20	100			
Kinesiotherapy	80	20	100	80	20	100
Electrotherapy	80	20	100	80	20	100
Total	400	100	500	160	40	200

# SCHEME OF EXAMINATIONS AT A GLANCE - III B.P.T.

	UN	COLLEGE					
SUBJECTS	Th	Theory			Clinical / Practical		
	University	I.A.	Total	University	I.A.	Total	(Theory only)
Surgery (General Surgery + Cardio vascular and Thoracic Surgery + Plastic / Reconstructive Surgery)	40	10	50				
Orthopaedics	40	10	50				
<b>Medicine-I</b> (Cardiovascular Respiratory Medicine + General Medicine + Gerontology)	40	10	50				
Medicine-II (Neurology and Paediatrics)	40	10	50				
Community Health and Sociology	80	20	100				
Functional Diagnosis and Physiotherapeutic Skills	80	20	100	80	20	100	

Gynaecology and Obstetrics (College Examination)							50
Dermatology (College Examination) Radiodiagnosis (College Exmaintaion) Oncology (College Examination)							25 10 15
Total	320	80	400	80	20	100	95

# SCHEME OF EXAMINATIONS AT A GLANCE - IV B.P.Th.

	<u> </u>	COLLEGE LEVEL					
Subjects	Theory			Practical			EXAMS (Theory
	University	I.A.	Total	University	I.A.	Total	only)
Orthopedic Physiotherapy	80	20	100	80	20	100	
Neuro Physiotherapy	80	20	100	80	20	100	
Cardio-Vascular and Respiratory Physiotherapy	80	20	100	80	20	100	
Community Physiotherapy	80	20	100	80	20	100	
Professional Practice and Ethics (College Exmaintaion)							50
Administration							

, Management and Marketing(College Exmaintaion)							50
Principles of Bioengineering(College Exmaintaion)							50
Research Methodology and Biostatistics(College Exmaintaion)							50
Total	320	80	400	320	80	400	200

**22. Criteria for Pass:** For declaration of pass in any subject in the university examination, a candidate should pass both in Theory and Practical examinations components separately as stipulated below:

a) For a pass in theory a candidate shall secure not less than 50% marks in aggregate i.e., marks obtained in written examination and internal assessment (theory) added together. b) For a pass in practical examination, a candidate shall secure not less than 50% marks in aggregate, i.e., marks obtained in university practical examination and internal assessment (practical) added together.

c) A candidate not securing 50% marks in theory and practical examination in a subject shall be declared to have failed in that subject and is required to appear for both theory and practical, again in the subsequent examination in the subject.

### 23. Declaration of class:

A candidate having appeared in the entire subject in the same examination and passed that examination in the first attempt and secure 75% of marks or more of grand total marks prescribed will be declared to have passed the examination with distinction.

- A candidate having appeared in the entire subject in the same examination and passed that examination in the first attempt and secure 60% of marks or more but less than 75% of grand total marks prescribed will be declared to have passed the examination in First class.
- A candidate having appeared in the entire subject in the same examination and passed that examination in the first attempt and secure 50% of marks or more but less than 60% of grand total marks prescribed will be declared to have passed the examination in Second class.

• A candidate passing the University examination in more than one attempt shall be placed in pass class irrespective of the percentage of marks secured by him/her in the examination.

**24. Grading Structure:** This will be as shown below taking into account that the pass mark for all modules is 50% GRADE POINT AVERAGE (GPA) under the GPA, the following letter grades and their grade point equivalent are used:

Letter Grade	Grade Point Average	Percentage Mark
A+		90 to 100
А	4.00	80 to 90
A-		70 to 80
B+	3.00	65 to 70
В		60 to 65
С	2.00	50 to 60
F	0	<50

**25. Classification of Award:** The degree classification will be based on the percentage at the end of the Program as follows;

Percentage of marks	CLASSIFICATION
>75	Distinction
60 to 75	First class
50 to 60	Second Class
< 50	No Award

**26. Examiners:** There shall be two examiners, one of them shall be an external, outside the university and the other shall be an internal preferably from the same college or as decided by the University.

**27. Carry over or allowed to keep term:** A candidate who has failed in their respective academic year university examination can carry over a maximum of two subjects to their next academic year, but will have to pass the subjects in the subsidiary examination before writing the examination of the next academic year.

**28. Internship:** There shall be six months of compulsory rotatory internship after the final year bachelor of Physiotherapy (BPT) examination. This internship should commence after

the candidate is declared to have passed the examination in all the subjects. Internship should be done in a multispecialty teaching hospital recognized by the University/MCI/IAP. The internship should cover all clinical branches concerned with Physiotherapy. No candidate shall be awarded degree certificate without successfully completing six months internship. The clinical duties of the student will be recorded in a logbook. On completion of each posting, the same will have to be certified by the faculty in charge of the posting for both attendance as well as clinical work done. On completion of all the postings, the duly completed logbook will be submitted to the Principal/Head of department to be considered as having successfully completed the internship program.

The various departments covered during the six month rotatory posting are: Pediatric

Physiotherapy, Cardiorespiratory Physiotherapy, Community Physiotherapy, Neuro Physiotherapy, Musculoskeletal Physiotherapy, Geriatric Physiotherapy and Sports Physiotherapy.

## I **B.P.T.** SYLLABUS Transcript Hrs-1400

Sr. No	Subjects	Didactic Hours	Practical/Demonstration / Clinical Hours	Total Hours
110.	PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE	nours	/ Chinear Hours	mours
1	Professional practice and Ethics (College Examination in final year)	015	-	015
	BASIC MEDICAL SCIENCES			
3	Human Anatomy	150	60	210
4	Human Physiology	150	50	200
5	Biochemistry	048	02	050
	PHYSIOTHERAPY			
6	Fundamentals of Kinesiology and Kinesiotherapy	100	150	250
7	Fundamentals of Electrotherapy	095	105	200
8	Seminar (including introduction to <b>terms</b> of I.C.F. definition of Structural and Functional impairments as applied to Anatomical structures and Physiological functions) ( <i>not for examination</i> )	-	60	060
9	Observational Clinical Practice He /She shall observe and note technical aspects of fixation of electrotherapeutic modalities, basic movements and starting positions used, learn bedside manners and communication skills with the seniors, peers and patients	-	415	415

# **PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE AND ETHICS**

#### (COLLEGE EXAMINATION IN FINAL YEAR)

#### TOTAL -15 HRS

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This subject will be taught in continuum from first year to final year. An exam will be conducted only in final year. Professional and **Bio**ethical practice curriculum content addresses the Knowledge, Skills and Behaviors required of the physiotherapist in a range of practice relationships and roles. The course will discuss the role, responsibility, ethics administration issues and accountability of the physical therapists. The course will also cover the history and change in the profession, responsibilities of the professional to the profession, the public and to the health care team. This includes the application of professional and ethical reasoning decision-making strategies and professional communication.

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

#### At the end of the course, the student will be compliant in following domains:

Cognitive: The student will

- a) Be able to understand the moral values and meaning of ethics.
- b) Acquire bedside manners and communication skills in relation with patients, peers, seniors and other professionals.

**Psychomotor:** The student will be able to:

Develop psychomotor skills for physiotherapist-patient relationship.

Sr.	Topics	Didactic	Visits/	Total
No.		Hrs	Supervision	Hrs
			Hours	
1.	Introduction to the history of Physiotherapy	02		
2.	Orientation to the curriculum, clinical areas and geographical location	03	0.7	
3.	Concept of morality and <b>Bio</b> ethics	03	05	
4.	Concept of professionalism and Professional dress code	02		
	TOTAL	10	05	15

**SYLLABUS** 

# HUMAN ANATOMY

(Didactic -150hrs + Practical / Laboratory -60hrs) TOTAL -210 HRS

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

The focus of this course is an in-depth study and analysis of the regional and systemic organization of the body. Emphasis is placed upon structure and function of human movement. A comprehensive study of human anatomy with emphasis on the nervous, musculoskeletal and circulatory systems is incorporated. Introduction to general anatomy lays the foundation of the course. Dissection and identification of structures in the cadaver supplemented with the study of charts, models, prosected material and radiographs are utilized to identify anatomical landmarks and configurations of the:

- Upper limb and thoracic region
- Lower limb, abdomen and pelvis
  - Head and Neck

Sr. No	Sr. No. Regions	Didactic	Practical	Total
51.110.		Hours	Hours	Hours
1	GENERAL ANATOMY AND	17	03	20
	HISTOLOGY			
2	MUSCULOSKELETAL	57	33	90
	SYSTEM			
3	NEURO ANATOMY	32	12	44
4	SYSTEMIC ANATOMY	09	03	12
5	CARDIO VASCULAR and	13	05	18
	<b>RESPIRATORY ANATOMY</b>			
6	ABDOMEN	04	02	06
7	SENSORY ORGANS	04	02	06
8	<b>ENDOCRINE and EXOCRINE</b>	04	-	04
	SYSTEM			
9	RADIOLOGY	10	-	10
	TOTAL	150	60	210

Nervous system

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

#### 1] MUSCULOSKELETAL ANATOMY

- i. The student should be able to identify and describe Anatomical aspects of muscles, bones, joints, their attachments and to understand and analyze movements.
- ii. Application of knowledge of anatomy on the living (living anatomy).
- iii. To understand the Anatomical basis of various clinical conditions.

#### 2] NEURO ANATOMY

- i. To identify and describe various parts of nervous system.
- ii. To describe blood circulation of C.N.S. and spinal cord.
- iii. Be able to identify the Structures of various C.N.S Trans-sections.
- iv. To identify and describe the course of peripheral nerves.
- v. To understand anatomical basis of clinical conditions of nervous system.

#### 3] CARDIOVASCULAR and RESPIRATORY ANATOMY

- i. To identify and describe various structures of the Cardio Vascular andRespiratory system and the course of blood vessels
- ii. Identify and describe various structures of Thoracic cage and mechanisms of Respiration
- Be able to apply knowledge of Living anatomy with respect to Cardio Vascular andRespiratory system.
- To understand anatomical basis of clinical conditions of cardiovascular andRespiratory system
- 4] To Obtain Knowledge of OTHER SYSTEMS and SENSORY ORGANS

Sr. No.	Regions	Didactic Hours	Practical Hours	Total Hours
1	GENERAL ANATOMY AND HISTOLOGY	17	03	20
	a. General Anatomy:	10		10
	i. Fascia	1		
	ii. Muscles	2		
	iii. Bones	2		
	iv. Joints	2		
	v. Nerve	2		
	vi. Vessels	1		

# SYLLABUS

Sr. No.	Regions	Didactic Hours	Practical Hours	Total Hours
	a. General Histology:	7	3	10
	<ul> <li>i. Epithelial</li> <li>ii. Connective tissue</li> <li>iii. Muscle</li> <li>iv. Bone and cartilage</li> <li>v. Nerve and vessels</li> <li>vi. Embryology</li> </ul>	1 1 1 1 1 2		
2	MUSCULOSKELETAL SYSTEM	57	33	90
	a. Superior extremity	15	10	25
	b. Inferior extremity	15	10	25
	c. Back and Thoracic Cage	10	05	15
	d. Head Neck and Face	13	06	19
	i. Skull and Mandible	2	1	
	<ul><li>ii. Facial Muscles, blood supply, nerve supply</li></ul>	3	1	
	iii. Triangles of neck, Glands, Tongue and Palate	3	1	
	iv. Larynx and Pharynx Muscles of mastication and T.M.	1	1	
	v. joint	2	1	
	vi. Extra ocular muscles with nerve supply	1	1	
	vii. Nose and Para nasal sinuses	1	-	
	e. Living Anatomy:	4	2	6
	i. Upper extremity	1	-	
	ii. Lower extremity	1	-	
	iii. Head Neck and Face	1	-	
		1	-	
3	NEURO ANATOMY	32	12	44
	a. General organization of Nervous System	5		5
	b. Central Nervous System	15	8	23
	c. Cranial nerves	10	4	14
	<ul> <li>d. Peripheral Nerves</li> <li>(should be done with respective parts)</li> <li>i. Autonomic Nervous System:</li> <li>ii. Sympathetic</li> <li>iii. Parasympathetic</li> </ul>	2		2

Sr No	No. Deciona		Practical	Total
SI. NO.	Regions	Hours	Hours	Hours
4	SYSTEMIC ANATOMY	09	03	12
	a. Alimentary system	2	-	2
	b. Urinary System	2	-	2
	c. Genital system:	5	3	8
	i. Male organs			
	ii. Female organs			
	(Pelvic cavity and Pelvic floor)			
5	CARDIO VASCULAR and RESPIRATORY	13	05	18
	ANATOMY			
	a. Thoracic wall	2	-	2
	b. Mediastinum	1	-	1
	c. Heart and major blood vessels	4	2	6
	d. Lungs	2	1	3
	e. Diaphragm and Intercostals	2	1	3
	f. Ribs and sternum	2	1	3
6	ABDOMEN	04	02	06
	Muscles of abdomen	2	1	3
	Muscles of pelvis	2	1	3
7	SENSORY ORGANS	04	02	06
	a. Ear	2	1	3
	b. Eye	1	1	2
	c. Skin	1	-	1
8	ENDOCRINE and EXOCRINE SYSTEM	04	-	04
9	RADIOLOGY	10	-	10

#### **RECOMMEMDED TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Human Anatomy Snell
- 2. Anatomy- Chaurasia, Volume- I,II and III
- 3. Neuro anatomy -- Inderbir Singh
- 4. Human Anatomy Kadasne, Volume- I,II and III
- 5. Neuroanatomy -- Vishrsam Singh
- 6. Human Anatomy Datta

#### **RECOMMEMDED REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Gray's Anatomy
- 2. Extremities -- Quining Wasb
- 3. Atlas of Histology -- Mariano De Fiore
- 4. Anatomy and Physiology -- Smout and McDowell
- 5. Kinesiology -- Katherine Wells
- 6. Neuroanatomy -- Snell
- 7. Neuroanatomy -- Vishrsam Singh
- 8. Cunnigham's- Practical Anatomy

#### SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

THEORY		Marks
80 MARKS + I.A. –	20 MARKS	
* The question paper Syllabus.	r will give appropriate Weigtage to all the topics in the	100
Section A-MCQs	Q-1 -MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area [1 x 20]	20
Section B- S.A.Q.	<ul> <li>Q-2 - Answer any FIVE out of SIX [5 x 3 = 15]</li> <li>This question should include: Digestive/ Uro-genital / Reproductive system / Special senses – Eye / Ear/ Skin / Circulatory system / General Anatomy/ General Histology</li> <li>Q-3- answer any THREE out of FOUR [3 x 5 =15]</li> <li>Should be based on: Thorax / Soft parts Upper Limb / Soft part Lower Limb/ Soft parts Thorax / Spine / Neck.</li> </ul>	30
Section C. I. A.O.	Q-4] L.A.Q (should be based on Musculoskeletal anatomy)	
Section C -L.A.Q.	- 15 marks	30

	Q-5] A	-15 marks	
	OR		
	Q-5] B	-15 marks	
	(Should be b	based on Neuro-Anatomy -including	
	cranial nerve	es with emphasis to III to XII nerves)	
	LAQ should g	give break up of 15 marks e.g.[3 +5+7]	
	Tot	tal Marks	80
PRACTICAL			Marks
80 MARKS + I.A.	– 20 MARKS		100
	Based on:		
Spots	i. Musculo	poskeletal(7x3) = 21 marks	45
	ii. Systemi	c $(5x3) = 15$ marks	
	iii. Neuroan	natomy $(3x3) = 09$ marks	
Radiology			05
Living anaton	ny		05
Vivo	i. Hard par	rts	20
v iva	ii. Soft part	ts	20
Journal	Year work on p	practicals performed	05
	Tot	tal Marks	80

#### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- 1. Two exams Terminal and prelims of 80 marks each (Theory and Practical) TOTAL 160 marks
- 2. I.A. to be calculated out of 20 marks (Theory and Practical)
- 3. Internal assessment as per University pattern.
- 4. Betterment exam will not be conducted

# HUMAN PHYSIOLOGY

(Theory -150 hrs, Practical / Laboratory -50 hrs) TOTAL 200 hrs

### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

The course is designed to study the function of the human body at the molecular, cellular, tissue and systems levels. The major underlying themes are; the mechanisms for promoting homeostasis, cellular processes of the metabolism, membrane function and cellular signaling; the mechanisms that match supply of nutrients to tissue demands at different activity levels; the mechanisms that match the rate of excretion of waste products to their rate of production; the mechanisms that defend the body against injury and promote healing.

These topics address the consideration of nervous and endocrine regulation of the cardiovascular, hematopoietic, pulmonary, renal, gastro-intestinal and musculoskeletal systems including the control of cellular metabolism. The course stresses on the integrative nature of physiological responses in normal function and disease.

This course will serve as a pre-requisite/foundation for the further courses i.e. Exercise physiology or Pathology

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic hrs	Practical hrs	Total hrs
1.	GENERAL PHYSIOLOGY	25	42	172
2.	NERVOUS SYSTEM	35		
3.	EXCRETORY SYSTEM	06		
4.	TEMPERATURE	02		
	REGULATION			
5.	ENDOCRINE SYSTEM	06		
6.	<b>REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM</b>	08		
7.	SPECIAL SENSES	05		
8.	<b>RESPIRATORY SYSTEM</b>	20		
9.	CARDIOVASCULAR	20		
	SYSTEM			
10.	GASTRO INTESTINAL	03		
	SYSTEM			
11.	EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY	015	08	023
12.	PHYSIOLOGY OF AGEING	005	-	005
	Total	150	50	200

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the candidate will

- 1. Acquire the knowledge of the relative contribution of each organ system in maintenance of the Milieu Interior (Homeostasis)
- 2. Be able to describe physiological functions of various systems, with special reference to Musculo-skeletal, Neuro-motor, Cardio-respiratory, Endocrine, Uro-genital function, and alterations in function with aging
- 3. Analyze physiological response and adaptation to environmental stresses-with special emphasis on physical activity, altitude, temperature
- 4. cquire the skill of basic clinical examination, with special emphasis to Peripheral and Central Nervous system, Cardiovascular and Respiratory system, and Exercise tolerance / Ergography

Sr. No.	o. Topics		
1	GENERAL PHYSIOLOGY	25	
-	a. Cell:	4	
	i tructure of cell membrane		
	ii Transport across cell membrane		
	iii Homeostasis		
-	h Blood:	7	
	0. Blood.	,	
	i. Rh- ABO system and mismatch-transfusion		
	ii. WBC		
	iii. Plasma protein		
	iv. Platelets		
	v. Hemoglobin		
	vi. Normal values of blood (composition and function)		
_	vii. Bleeding time and clotting time		
	c. Nerve:	6	
	i Structure classification and Properties		
	ii B M Pand action potential		
	iii Propagation of nerve impulse		
	iv Nerve injuries – degeneration regeneration and reaction of		
	degeneration		
-	d. Muscle:	8	
	i. Structure- properties- classification- smooth,	-	
	skeletal, cardiac, excitation/ contraction coupling		
	ii. Factors affecting development of muscle tension,		
	fatigue, load.		
	iii. Neuro-muscular transmission; applied physiology:		
	Myasthenia gravis, Eaton Lambert Syndrome.		

### SYLLABUS

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours
2	NERVOUS SYSTEM:	35
2	NERVOUS SYSTEM:         a.       Introduction of nervous system, classification – C.N.S., P.N.S. and A.N.S.         b.Synapse-structure, properties, and transmission;         c.       Reflexes-classification and properties;         d.       Receptor physiology: classification, properties.         e.       Physiology of Touch, Pain, Temperature and Proprioception;         f.       Sensory and motor tracts: effect of transaction (complete and incomplete) at various levels         g.       Physiology of Muscle Tone (muscle spindle); Stretch reflex         h.       Connection and function of Basal ganglia, Thalamus, Hypothalamus, Sensory and Motor cortex, Cerebellum, Limbic system, Vestibular Apparatus         i.       Autonomic nervous system: Structure and functions of the	<u>35</u>
	<ul> <li>sympathetic and the parasympathetic nervous system.</li> <li>j. Learning, memory and conditioned reflex</li> <li>k. Physiology of Voluntary movement</li> </ul>	
3	EXCRETORY SYSTEM:	6
4	<ul> <li>a. Kidneys-structure and function;</li> <li>b. Urine formation;(to exclude concentration and dilution)</li> <li>c. Juxtaglomerular apparatus</li> <li>d. Fluid and electrolyte balance – Na, K, H2O</li> <li>e. Neural control of Micturation</li> <li>f. Applied physiology: Types of bladder</li> </ul>	2
5	ENDOCRINE SYSTEM:	6
	<ul> <li>a. Secretion- regulation and function of Pituitary-Thyroid- Adrenal-Parathyroid-Pancreas</li> <li>b. Applied physiology (abnormalities) of the above mentioned glands</li> </ul>	
6	REPRODUCTIVE SYSTEM:	8
	<ul> <li>a. Physiology of ovary and testis</li> <li>b. Physiology of menstrual cycle and spermatogenesis</li> <li>c. Functions of progesterone, estrogen and testosterone</li> <li>d. Puberty and menopause</li> <li>e. Physiological changes during pregnancy</li> </ul>	
7	SPECIAL SENSES:	5
8	<ul> <li>a. Structure and function of the eye</li> <li>b. Applied physiology: errors of refraction, accommodation, reflexes – dark and light adaptation, photosensitivity.</li> <li>c. Structure and function of the ear</li> <li>d. Applied physiology- types of deafness</li> </ul> <b>RESPIRATORY SYSTEM:</b>	20

	a. Introduction, structure and function of the RS	
	h Mechanics of respiration:	
	a Dulmonomy Volumes and conspiring	
	c. Pullionary volumes and capacities;	
	d. Anatomical and Physiological Dead space-	
	ventilation/perfusion ratio, alveolar ventilation	
	e Transport of respiratory gases	
	f. Nervous and Chemical control of reconingtion	
	1. Nervous and Chemical control of respiration	
	g. Pulmonary function tests-Direct and indirect method of	
	measurement	
	h. Physiological changes with altitude and acclimatization	
0	CADIOVASCIII AD SVSTEM.	20
7		20
	a Structure and properties of cardiac muscle	
	a. Structure and properties of cardiac muscle	
	b. Cardiac impulse- initiation and conduction	
	c. Cardiac cycle	
	d. Heart rate regulation	
	e Blood pressure- definition-regulation- Cardiac output-	
	regulation and function affacting. Deripheral registance	
	regulation and function affecting, Peripheral resistance,	
	venous return	
	f. Regional circulation-coronary-muscular, cerebral	
	g. Normal ECG.	
10	GASTRO INTESTINAL SYSTEM	3
10		5
	a. Absorption and digestion in brief	
	a. Absorption and digestion in brief b. Liver function	
11	<ul> <li>a. Absorption and digestion in brief</li> <li>b. Liver function</li> </ul>	15
11	<ul> <li>a. Absorption and digestion in brief</li> <li>b. Liver function</li> <li>EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY</li> </ul>	15
11	a. Absorption and digestion in brief     b. Liver function     EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY     a. Basal Metabolic Rate and Respiratory Quotient	15
11	<ul> <li>a. Absorption and digestion in brief</li> <li>b. Liver function</li> <li>EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY</li> <li>a. Basal Metabolic Rate and Respiratory Quotient</li> <li>b. Energy metabolism</li> </ul>	15
11	<ul> <li>a. Absorption and digestion in brief</li> <li>b. Liver function</li> </ul> EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY <ul> <li>a. Basal Metabolic Rate and Respiratory Quotient</li> <li>b. Energy metabolism</li> <li>c. Fotigue</li> </ul>	15
11	<ul> <li>a. Absorption and digestion in brief</li> <li>b. Liver function</li> </ul> EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY <ul> <li>a. Basal Metabolic Rate and Respiratory Quotient</li> <li>b. Energy metabolism</li> <li>c. Fatigue</li> </ul>	15
11	<ul> <li>a. Absorption and digestion in brief</li> <li>b. Liver function</li> </ul> EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY <ul> <li>a. Basal Metabolic Rate and Respiratory Quotient</li> <li>b. Energy metabolism</li> <li>c. Fatigue</li> <li>d. Oxygen debt</li> </ul>	15
11	<ul> <li>a. Absorption and digestion in brief</li> <li>b. Liver function</li> </ul> EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY <ul> <li>a. Basal Metabolic Rate and Respiratory Quotient</li> <li>b. Energy metabolism</li> <li>c. Fatigue</li> <li>d. Oxygen debt</li> <li>e. Acute cardio vascular changes during exercise,</li> </ul>	15
11	<ul> <li>a. Absorption and digestion in brief</li> <li>b. Liver function</li> </ul> EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY <ul> <li>a. Basal Metabolic Rate and Respiratory Quotient</li> <li>b. Energy metabolism</li> <li>c. Fatigue</li> <li>d. Oxygen debt</li> <li>e. Acute cardio vascular changes during exercise, difference between mild, moderate and severe exercise.</li> </ul>	15
11	<ul> <li>a. Absorption and digestion in brief</li> <li>b. Liver function</li> </ul> EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY <ul> <li>a. Basal Metabolic Rate and Respiratory Quotient</li> <li>b. Energy metabolism</li> <li>c. Fatigue</li> <li>d. Oxygen debt</li> <li>e. Acute cardio vascular changes during exercise, difference between mild, moderate and severe exercise, concept of endurance</li> </ul>	15
11	<ul> <li>a. Absorption and digestion in brief</li> <li>b. Liver function</li> </ul> EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY <ul> <li>a. Basal Metabolic Rate and Respiratory Quotient</li> <li>b. Energy metabolism</li> <li>c. Fatigue</li> <li>d. Oxygen debt</li> <li>e. Acute cardio vascular changes during exercise, difference between mild, moderate and severe exercise, concept of endurance</li> <li>f. Acute respiratory changes during exercise</li> </ul>	15
11	<ul> <li>a. Absorption and digestion in brief</li> <li>b. Liver function</li> <li>EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY</li> <li>a. Basal Metabolic Rate and Respiratory Quotient</li> <li>b. Energy metabolism</li> <li>c. Fatigue</li> <li>d. Oxygen debt</li> <li>e. Acute cardio vascular changes during exercise, difference between mild, moderate and severe exercise, concept of endurance</li> <li>f. Acute respiratory changes during exercise</li> </ul>	15
11	<ul> <li>a. Absorption and digestion in brief</li> <li>b. Liver function</li> <li>EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY</li> <li>a. Basal Metabolic Rate and Respiratory Quotient</li> <li>b. Energy metabolism</li> <li>c. Fatigue</li> <li>d. Oxygen debt</li> <li>e. Acute cardio vascular changes during exercise, difference between mild, moderate and severe exercise, concept of endurance</li> <li>f. Acute respiratory changes during exercise</li> <li>g. Concept of training/conditioning, effects of chronic</li> </ul>	15
11	<ul> <li>a. Absorption and digestion in brief</li> <li>b. Liver function</li> <li>EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY</li> <li>a. Basal Metabolic Rate and Respiratory Quotient</li> <li>b. Energy metabolism</li> <li>c. Fatigue</li> <li>d. Oxygen debt</li> <li>e. Acute cardio vascular changes during exercise, difference between mild, moderate and severe exercise, concept of endurance</li> <li>f. Acute respiratory changes during exercise</li> <li>g. Concept of training/conditioning, effects of chronic exercise/effect of training on the cardiovascular and</li> </ul>	15
11	<ul> <li>a. Absorption and digestion in brief</li> <li>b. Liver function</li> <li>EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY</li> <li>a. Basal Metabolic Rate and Respiratory Quotient</li> <li>b. Energy metabolism</li> <li>c. Fatigue</li> <li>d. Oxygen debt</li> <li>e. Acute cardio vascular changes during exercise, difference between mild, moderate and severe exercise, concept of endurance</li> <li>f. Acute respiratory changes during exercise</li> <li>g. Concept of training/conditioning, effects of chronic exercise/effect of training on the cardiovascular and respiratory</li> </ul>	15
11	<ul> <li>a. Absorption and digestion in brief</li> <li>b. Liver function</li> <li>EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY</li> <li>a. Basal Metabolic Rate and Respiratory Quotient</li> <li>b. Energy metabolism</li> <li>c. Fatigue</li> <li>d. Oxygen debt</li> <li>e. Acute cardio vascular changes during exercise, difference between mild, moderate and severe exercise, concept of endurance</li> <li>f. Acute respiratory changes during exercise</li> <li>g. Concept of training/conditioning, effects of chronic exercise/effect of training on the cardiovascular and respiratory system</li> </ul>	15
11	<ul> <li>a. Absorption and digestion in brief</li> <li>b. Liver function</li> <li>EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY</li> <li>a. Basal Metabolic Rate and Respiratory Quotient</li> <li>b. Energy metabolism</li> <li>c. Fatigue</li> <li>d. Oxygen debt</li> <li>e. Acute cardio vascular changes during exercise, difference between mild, moderate and severe exercise, concept of endurance</li> <li>f. Acute respiratory changes during exercise</li> <li>g. Concept of training/conditioning, effects of chronic exercise/effect of training on the cardiovascular and respiratory system</li> <li>b. Body temperature regulation during exercise</li> </ul>	15
11	<ul> <li>a. Absorption and digestion in brief</li> <li>b. Liver function</li> </ul> EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY <ul> <li>a. Basal Metabolic Rate and Respiratory Quotient</li> <li>b. Energy metabolism</li> <li>c. Fatigue</li> <li>d. Oxygen debt</li> <li>e. Acute cardio vascular changes during exercise, difference between mild, moderate and severe exercise, concept of endurance</li> <li>f. Acute respiratory changes during exercise</li> <li>g. Concept of training/conditioning, effects of chronic exercise/effect of training on the cardiovascular and respiratory system</li> <li>h. Body temperature regulation during exercise</li> </ul>	15
11	<ul> <li>a. Absorption and digestion in brief</li> <li>b. Liver function</li> <li>EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY</li> <li>a. Basal Metabolic Rate and Respiratory Quotient</li> <li>b. Energy metabolism</li> <li>c. Fatigue</li> <li>d. Oxygen debt</li> <li>e. Acute cardio vascular changes during exercise, difference between mild, moderate and severe exercise, concept of endurance</li> <li>f. Acute respiratory changes during exercise</li> <li>g. Concept of training/conditioning, effects of chronic exercise/effect of training on the cardiovascular and respiratory system</li> <li>h. Body temperature regulation during exercise</li> <li>i. Hormonal and metabolic effects during exercise</li> </ul>	15
11	<ul> <li>a. Absorption and digestion in brief</li> <li>b. Liver function</li> <li>EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY</li> <li>a. Basal Metabolic Rate and Respiratory Quotient</li> <li>b. Energy metabolism</li> <li>c. Fatigue</li> <li>d. Oxygen debt</li> <li>e. Acute cardio vascular changes during exercise, difference between mild, moderate and severe exercise, concept of endurance</li> <li>f. Acute respiratory changes during exercise</li> <li>g. Concept of training/conditioning, effects of chronic exercise/effect of training on the cardiovascular and respiratory system</li> <li>h. Body temperature regulation during exercise</li> <li>i. Hormonal and metabolic effects during exercise</li> <li>j. Effects of exercise on muscle strength, power, endurance</li> </ul>	15
11	<ul> <li>a. Absorption and digestion in brief</li> <li>b. Liver function</li> <li>EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY</li> <li>a. Basal Metabolic Rate and Respiratory Quotient</li> <li>b. Energy metabolism</li> <li>c. Fatigue</li> <li>d. Oxygen debt</li> <li>e. Acute cardio vascular changes during exercise, difference between mild, moderate and severe exercise, concept of endurance</li> <li>f. Acute respiratory changes during exercise</li> <li>g. Concept of training/conditioning, effects of chronic exercise/effect of training on the cardiovascular and respiratory system</li> <li>h. Body temperature regulation during exercise</li> <li>i. Hormonal and metabolic effects during exercise</li> <li>j. Effects of exercise on muscle strength,power,endurance</li> <li>k. Physical fitness and its components</li> </ul>	15
11	<ul> <li>a. Absorption and digestion in brief</li> <li>b. Liver function</li> <li>EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY</li> <li>a. Basal Metabolic Rate and Respiratory Quotient</li> <li>b. Energy metabolism</li> <li>c. Fatigue</li> <li>d. Oxygen debt</li> <li>e. Acute cardio vascular changes during exercise, difference between mild, moderate and severe exercise, concept of endurance</li> <li>f. Acute respiratory changes during exercise</li> <li>g. Concept of training/conditioning, effects of chronic exercise/effect of training on the cardiovascular and respiratory system</li> <li>h. Body temperature regulation during exercise</li> <li>i. Hormonal and metabolic effects during exercise</li> <li>j. Effects of exercise on muscle strength,power,endurance</li> <li>k. Physical fitness and its components</li> </ul>	15

#### PRACTICALS

Sr. No.	Topics	Practical Hours
1.	Haematology – (demonstration only)	бhrs
2.	GRAPHS:	5hrs
	a. Skeletal muscle and its properties	-
	b. Cardiac muscle-properties-effect of Ach and	-
	Adrenaline	
3.	Blood pressure- effects of change in posture and exercise	4hrs
4.	Examination of pulse	2hrs
5.	Spirometry	4hrs
	a. Lung volumes and capacities	
	b. Timed vital capacity	
6.	Perimetry	1hr
7.	Physical fitness:	8hrs
	a. Breath holding	-
	b. Mercury column test;	-
	c. Cardiac efficiency test- Harvard step test- Master	-
	step test	
8.	Clinical examination:	20hrs
	History taking and general examination	
	/Respiratory system / cardio vascular system /	
	Higher functions	
	TOTAL	50 hrs

### **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Text book on Medical Physiology Guyton
- 2. Textbook of Physiology A K Jain (for MBBS students)

### **RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOKS**

1. Review of Medical Physiology – Ganong

- 2. Samson and Wright"s Applied Physiology
- 3. Textbook of Medical Physiology Bern and Levy

### SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

THEORY			
80 MARKS + I.A. – 20 MARKS			
* The question pape	r will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the	100	
syllabus.		100	
Section A-MCQs	Q-1 -MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area [1 x 20]	20	
	Q-2 - Answer any FIVE out of SIX $[5 \times 3 = 15]$		
	Based on: Blood/G.I. tract / Electrolyte balance /		
	Endocrine / Uro-genital System / General physiology		
	/Special Senses (Eye/Ear/Skin)		
Section B- S.A.Q.		30	
	Q-3- Answer any THREE out of FOUR [3 x 5 =15]		
	Based on:		
	Cardio-vascular system / Respiratory system / Exercise		
	Physiology/ Nerve		
	Q-4] L.A.Q		
	(Compulsory from Musculoskeletal) -15 marks		
	0.51 A 15 morks		
Section C. I. A. O.		20	
Section C -L.A.Q.	Q-5] B -15 marks	30	
	Based on: C.N.S./ Spinal Cord/ Electro-Neuro-		
	Physiology /C. v.S. /R.S.		
	LAQ should give break up of 15 marks – e.g. [3+5+7]		
	Total Marks	80	

PRACTICAL			Marks
80 MARKS + I.A. – 20 MARKS			100
<b>Spots</b> Based on: Topic 1,2,3,6,7,8,9,11and12 (10 X 2 Marks)			20
Viva	Based on theory		20
	On Clinical Physiology		
Domonstration	C.V.S.	10 Marks	
Demonstration	R.S.	10 Marks	35
	C.N.S.		
	Cranial Nerves and Special Senses	15 Marks	
Journal	Year work on practicals performed	2	05
	Total Marks		80

#### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- Two exams Terminal and prelims of 80 marks each (Theory and Practical) TOTAL - 160 marks
- 2. I.A. to be calculated out of 20 marks (Theory and Practical)
- 3. Internal assessment as per University pattern.

4. Betterment exam will not be conducted

# BIOCHEMISTRY

#### (Didactic 48 hrs+ Demonstrations 2 hrs) TOTAL 50 HRS

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course provides the knowledge and skills in fundamental organic chemistry and introductory biochemistry that are essential for further studies. It covers basic biochemical, cellular, biological and microbiological processes, basic chemical reactions in the prokaryotic and eukaryotic cells, the structure of biological molecules, introduction to the nutrients i.e. carbohydrates, fats, enzymes, nucleic acids and amino acids.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic	Demonstrations	Total
		Hours	Hours	Hours
	CELL STRUCTURE AND FUNCTIONS			
1	OF CELL COMPONENTS	1		1
2	CARBOHYDRATES	9		9
3	PROTEINS	6		6
4	ENZYMES	5		5
5	VITAMINS	6		6
6	MINERALS	5		5
7	HORMONES	2		2
8	NUTRITION	4		4
9	CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY	4	2	6
10	LIPIDS	6		6
	TOTAL	48	2	50

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

The student would know:

- 1. Various biomolecules which are present in the body and functions
- 2. The formation and fate of these biomolecules
- 3. Their normal levels in body fluids required for functioning and their abnormal levels to understand the disease process.

Sr. No.	r. No. Topics	Didactic	Demonstrations	Total
		Hours	Hours	Hours
	CELL STRUCTURE AND FUNCTIONS OF			
1	CELL COMPONENTS	1		1
2	CARBOHYDRATES	9		9
	<ul> <li>Definition, Classification with Examples and their functions</li> <li>Digestion and Absorption,</li> <li>Glycolysis and its energetics and</li> <li>HMP pathway,</li> <li>TCA cycle and its importance.</li> <li>Hormonal regulation of blood</li> <li>Diabetes mellitus, Glycosuria,</li> <li>Changes in carbohydrate , protein and lipid metabolism</li> <li>All the metabolisms should be taught based on the following points such as starting and ending products, tissues of occurrence and the conditions when the pathway is activated, deactivated and significance of the pathway</li> </ul>			
2	PROTEINS	6		6
	<ul> <li>Definition of amino acids and proteinsm</li> <li>Importance, Functional Classification of proteins</li> <li>Digestion, Absorption of protiens</li> <li>decarboxylation, deamination, transamination,</li> <li>Fate of ammonia</li> <li>Urea cycle, clinical significance of serum urea</li> <li>Function of glycine, Phenylalanine, Tryptophan.</li> <li>There should be an emphasis on understanding the structure of protein, the essential and non-essential amino acids.</li> </ul>			
3	LIPID	6		6
	<ul> <li>Definition, classification with examples, biomedical importance,</li> <li>Phospholipids and functions.</li> </ul>			

# SYLLABUS

	<ul> <li>Lipoproteins</li> <li>essential fatty acids,</li> <li>Digestion and absorption of lipids</li> <li>Ketone bodies and their metabolism,</li> <li>β oxidation of fatty acid with energetics</li> <li>Function of Cholesterol: biomedical importance and factors affecting</li> </ul>			
	<ul> <li>Fatty liver, lipotropic factors and</li> </ul>			
4	obesity ENZYMES	5		5
	<ul> <li>Definition,</li> <li>Modern Classification,</li> <li>Factors affecting enzymes Action</li> <li>Enzymes, Isoenzymes,</li> <li>Competitive and Non competitive inhibition. (kinetics is not required)</li> <li>Diagnostic significance of enzymes</li> <li>Co enzymes</li> </ul>			
5	VITAMINS	6		6
	<ul> <li>Definition, Classification,</li> <li>Fat and water soluble vitamins, functions</li> <li>Deficiency manifestations sources and RDA</li> </ul>			
6	MINERALS	5		5
	Ca, P, Fe, I, Zinc, Selenium, Fluorine, Na and K. Function sources, Deficiency manifestations			
7	HORMONES	2		2
	<ul><li> Definition with mechanism of action,</li><li> Classification.</li></ul>			
8	NUTRITION     Composition of food     Major dietary     constituents and their     importance.     Kuushiorkor Margaruus	4		4
	<ul> <li>Rwashiorkor, Marashius,</li> <li>Balanced diet for adults</li> </ul>			
9	CLINICAL BIOCHEMISTRY	4	2	6
	<ul> <li>Liver Function Test,</li> <li>Renal Function Test,</li> <li>Lipid profile in serum</li> <li>Demonstrations:</li> </ul>			
Urine Analysis				
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TOTAL	48	2	50	

## **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Biochemistry Dr. Satyanarayan
- 2. Text book of Biochemistry for Medical students Dr. Vasudevan / Shri Kumar
- 3. Biochemistry Dr. Pankaja Naik

#### **RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOK**

**1.** Review of Biochemistry (24<sup>th</sup> edition) - Harpar

#### SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

THEORY ONLY		Marks			
40 marks + <b>I.A.</b> – 1	40 marks + <b>I.A.</b> – 10 Marks				
[There shall be no I	LAQ in this paper]				
* The question pape	er will give appropriate weightage to all the	50			
topics in the syllabu					
Section -A-Q-1	10				
Section-B-	SAQ-to answer any FIVE out of SIX [5x3]	15			
Q-2 and Q-3	15				
	Total Marks	40			

#### INTERNAL ASSESEMENT

- 1. Two exams Terminal and prelims of 40 marks each TOTAL 80 marks
- 2. .A. to be calculated out of 10 marks (Theory only)
- 3. Internal assessment as per University pattern.
- 4. Betterment exam will not be conducted

# FUNDAMENTALS OF KINESIOLOGY and KINESIOTHERAPY

(Didactic – 100 Hrs and Practical / Laboratory – 150 Hrs) **TOTAL 250 HRS** COURSE DESCRIPTION:

This course covers the definition of various terms used in mechanics, biomechanics kinesiology as well as its importance in physical therapy. It applies the mechanical principles to simple equipments of therapeutic gymnasium and familiarizes the candidate to its use. It covers the types of human motions as well as planes and relative axes of motion. It also explains the interrelationship among kinematic variables and utilizes this knowledge to describe and analyze motion. It covers the classification of the joints and muscles along their distinguishing characteristics and skill of measurement of its ranges in various planes and axes. This course additionally covers therapeutic principles and skills of application of massage, yoga, aerobic exercise and use of suspension therapy. It also enhances the skill of evaluation of vital parameters and sensory system.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic	Practical/	Total
		Hours	Laboratory	Hours
			Hours	
1	MECHANICS and BASIC	25		25
	BIOMECHANICS			
2	<b>BIO-PHYSICS RELATED TO</b>	20	25	45
	KINESIOTHERAPY			
	CLASSIFICATION OF			
3	MOVEMENTS	10	15	25
4	BASIC EVALUATION	15	35	50
5	MASSAGE	05	20	25
6	RELAXATION	05	10	15
7	AEROBIC EXERCISE	05	05	10
8	YOGA	15	40	55
	TOTAL	100	150	250

# **OBJECTIVE:**

## **Cognitive:**

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to:

- a) Define the various terms used in relation to Mechanics, Biomechanics and Kinesiology
- b) Recall the basic principles of Biophysics related to mechanics of movement / motion and understand the application of these principles to the simple equipment designs along with their efficacy in Therapeutic Gymnasium and various starting positions used in therapeutics.

#### **Psychomotor:**

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to:

- a) Describe and also acquire the skills of use of various tools of the Therapeutic Gymnasium
- b) Demonstrate the movements in terms of various anatomical planes and axes.
- c) Demonstrate various starting and derived positions used in therapeutics.
- Describe physiological principles and acquire the skills of application of therapeutic massage
- e) Acquire the skills of assessment of basic evaluation like sensations, reflexes and vital parameters
- Acquire the skill of objective assessment of Range of Motion of the joints by Goniometry
- g) Describe physiological basis and principle of relaxation and acquire the skills of relaxation methods
- h) Describe physiological responses and principles of aerobic exercises for general fitness and demonstrate fitness skills on self and group.
- Describe physiological principles and acquire the skill of performing Pranayama and Yogasanas

Sr. No.	Торіс	Didactic Hours	Practical/ Laboratory Hours	Total Hours
	MECHANICS and BASIC BIOMECHANICS	25		25
	a. Mechanics and Application to human body			
1.	<ul> <li>i. Definition and terminologies: Mechanics (Statics and Dynamics), Biomechanics, Kinetics, Kinematics (Osteokinematics, Arthrokinematics, Open Chain and Closed Chain kinematics)</li> <li>ii. Axes / planes,</li> <li>iii. Laws of inertia and motion,</li> <li>iv. Gravity, C.O.G., L.O.G. and B.O.S.</li> <li>v. Equilibrium – Types and affecting factors</li> <li>vi. Mechanics of Forces Work, Energy, Power, Friction, Momentum, Parallelogram of Forces</li> <li>vii. Torque</li> <li>viii. Pendulum</li> <li>ix. Mechanical and Anatomical pulleys</li> <li>x. Levers</li> <li>xi. Fluid mechanics related to Hydrotherapy (physics_statics and dynamics)</li> </ul>	20		20
	b. Muscle Mechanics	5		5
	<ul> <li>i. Types of Muscles- Anatomical and Physiological</li> <li>ii. Types of muscle work / Contraction</li> <li>iii.Muscle Action: Roles as Agonist, Antagonist, Fixators, Synergist</li> <li>iv. Active and Passive insufficiency</li> <li>v. Range of muscle work ,Angle of pull – with importance to efficiency of muscle work and stability of joint</li> </ul>			
2	BIO-PHYSICS RELATED TO KINESIOTHERAPY	20	25	45
	<ul> <li>a. Starting Positions and Derived Positions</li> <li>i. Application of stability</li> <li>ii. BOS, Gravity and muscle work in relation to various positions</li> </ul>	10	5	15
	b. Therapeutic Gymnasium	5	5	10
	<ul> <li>i. Use of accessories such as Pulleys Springs, Shoulder wheel, Walking aids,</li> <li>ii. Finger ladder, Therapeutic balls, Weights, Resistance bands, tubes, and wands</li> <li>iii.Applied mechanics of all above accessories</li> </ul>			

	c. Suspension Therapy	5	15	20
	i Dringinlag			
	i. Function Apparenties			
	iii. Types of Syspansion			
	in. Types of Suspension			
	IV. Effects and uses			
	v. Techniques for individual joints	10	15	25
3	CLASSIFICATION OF MOVEMENTS	10	15	25
	a. Definition and classification			
	b. Principles of movements			
	c. Effects, uses and Techniques (active: assisted, free,			
	assisted- resisted, resisted and passive)			
			Hours	
4	BASIC EVALUATION	15	35	50
	a. Assessment of Vital Parameters	5	5	10
	i. Temperature			
	ii. Blood Pressure			
	iii. Heart Rate/ Pulse rate			
	iv. Respiratory Rate			
	v. Chest expansion			
	b. Assessment of Sensations and Reflex testing	5	5	10
	c. Goniometry	5	25	30
	i Definition and Types of Goniometers			
	ii Principles			
	iii Techniques for individual joints with			
	hiomechanical principles			
	iv Uses			
	IV. Uses			
5	MASSAGE	05	20	25
	a. Definition			
	b. Classification			
	c. Principles			
	d. Effects and uses			
	e. Indications and contra indications			
	f Techniques- Upper limb Lower Limb Neck Back			
	Abdomon Ease and Scaln			
	Abdomen, Face and Scarp			
6	RELAXATION	05	10	15
Ŭ				10
	a. Principles,			
	b. Techniques along with their effects and uses			
	1. General - Jacobson <sup>*</sup> s, Shavasana and Reciprocal			
	(Laura Mitchell)			
	ii. Local - Heat, Massage, Gentle/Rhythmic			
	passive movements			

7	AEROBIC CONDITIONING AND BASIC PRINCIPLES OF GENERAL FITNESS (as applied to self and group)	5	5	10
	<ul> <li>a. Physiology of aerobic and anaerobic exercise.</li> <li>b. Components of fitness (definition of terms only)</li> <li>c. Warm up</li> <li>d. Cool down exercises</li> <li>e. Group and Recreational activities</li> </ul>			
	YOGA	15	40	55

- a. Definition
- b. Principles of Yoga
- c. Yogasana- Technique, Benefits, Contraindications

& cautions for each Asanas:

#### i. Asanas in supine

- a) Pawanamuktasana
- b) Ardha Halasana
- c) Halasana
- d) Setubandhasana
- e) Naukasana
- f) Matsyasana
- g) Shavasana
- h) Sarvangasana

#### ii. Asanas in prone

- a) Bhujangasana
- b) Ardha-Shalabhasana
- c) Dhanurasana
- d) Makarasana

#### iii.Asanas in sitting

- a) Padmasana, Siddhasana, Sukhasana
- b) Yogamudrasana
- c) Virasana
- d) Vajrasana
- e) Gomukhasana
- f) Pashchimottanasana

#### iv. Asanas in standing

- a) Padhastasana, Padangusthasana, Uttanasana
- b) Utkatasana
- c) Tadasana
- d) Trikonasana

#### v. Pranayama

- a) Anulom-vilom
- b) Kapalbhati

#### **PRACTICAL:** Practical demonstrations of:

Sr. No.	Topics
1	Various starting and derived positions
2	The techniques of active, passive, assisted and resisted movements
3	The techniques of various accessories and equipments used in therapeutic gymnasium its biomechanical principles and uses.
4	The techniques of use of suspension method for assisted and resisted movements
5	Relaxation procedures
6	Massage techniques
7	Yogasanas and Pranayama
8	Aerobic exercise for self and others
9	Assessment of vital parameters in different body position (supine, sitting and standing) and of sensory system and reflexes.
10	Measurement of joint R.O.M. through goniometry, method of fixation and measurement.

## **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Principles of Exercise Therapy Dena Gardiner
- 2. Massage, Manipulation and Traction Sydney Litch
- 3. Therapeutic Exercise Sydney Litch
- 4. Massage M. Hollis
- 5. Practical Exercisetherapy- Margaret Hollis
- 6. Hydrotherapy Kisner, Hollis
- 7. Measurement of Joint Motion Cynthia Norkins.
- 8. Biomechanics Cynthia Norkins
- 9. Clinical Kinesiology-Brunnstrom
- 10. Yogic Exercises-Physiologic and Psychic processes-- S. Datta Ray

# **RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Therapeutic Exercise Carolyn Kisner
- 2. Asanas-Why and How Omprakash Tiwari

## SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

THEORY	20 MADES	Marks		
* The question papersyllabus.	* The question paper will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the syllabus.			
Section A-				
M.C.Qs.	Q-1 -MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area [1 x 20]	20		
Section B- S.A.Q.	Q-2 - Answer any FIVE out of SIX[3x 5 =15]Q-3- Answer any THREE out of FOUR[5x 3 =15]	30		
	Q-4]         - 15 marks           Q-5]         - 15 marks           OR         - 15 marks           Q-5]         - 15 marks			
Section C-L.A.Q.	Based on Mechanics and application/ Starting positions and Derived positions/ Classification of Movements/ Goniometry/ Massage LAQ should give break up of 15 marks – e.g. [3+5+7]	30		
	Total Marks	80		
PRACTICAL		Marks		
80 MARKS + I.A	- 20 MARKS	100		
	Based on Massage / Goniometry / Movements (passive)			
LONG CASE	<ul> <li>principles, indications, contraindication</li> <li>Documentation of findings etc - 20 Marks</li> <li>Psychomotor + Affective skills - 15 Marks</li> </ul>	35		
LONG CASE	<ul> <li>principles, indications, contraindication</li> <li>Documentation of findings etc - 20 Marks Psychomotor + Affective skills - 15 Marks</li> <li>Two Short case based on Basic evaluation (any one): Sensation / Reflex testing / B.P./ and Pulse Rate/ Chest Expansion / Respiratory Rate / Aerobic fitness for self Skill performance (any one): Relaxation / Yoga posture / Starting / Derived position and Suspension Therapy (2 x 20 = 40 marks) Cognitive - 05 Marks Psychomotor -15 Marks</li> </ul>	35 40		
LONG CASE SHORT CASE JOURNAL	<ul> <li>principles, indications, contraindication</li> <li>Documentation of findings etc - 20 Marks Psychomotor + Affective skills - 15 Marks</li> <li>Two Short case based on Basic evaluation (any one): Sensation / Reflex testing / B.P./ and Pulse Rate/ Chest Expansion / Respiratory Rate / Aerobic fitness for self Skill performance (any one): Relaxation / Yoga posture / Starting / Derived position and Suspension Therapy (2 x 20 = 40 marks) Cognitive - 05 Marks Psychomotor -15 Marks</li> <li>Year work on practicals performed.</li> </ul>	35 40 5		

**INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:** 

- 1. Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination (Theory and Practical) of 80 marks each TOTAL 160 marks
- 2. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 20 marks.
- 3. Internal assessment as per University pattern.
- 4. Betterment exam will not be conducted

# FUNDAMENTALS OF ELECTROTHERAPY

Didactic 95 hrs+ Practical 105hrs [TOTAL-200HRS]

# **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course will cover the basic principles of Physics that are applicable in medical equipments used in Physiotherapy. It will also help to understand the fundamentals of currents, sound waves, Heat and its effects, electromedical radiations and their effects as well as their application in physical therapy. It covers the skill of application of superficial thermal agents and Cryotherapy.

Sr.	Торіс	Didactic	Practical/	Total
No.		Hours	Lab Hours	hours
1	MEDICAL ELECTRONICS AND	55	15	70
	ELECTRICITY :			
	a) Fundamentals of Low frequency currents	32	09	41
	b) Fundamentals of High frequency currents	13	06	19
	c) Electro Magnetic Spectrum	5	-	5
	d) Cellular Bio-physics	3	-	3
	e) Environmental currents	2	-	2
2	ELECTRICAL MODALITIES	25	40	065
3	SUPERFICIAL THERMAL AGENTS	15	50	065
	TOTAL	95	105	200

# **OBJECTIVES:**

# **Cognitive:**

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to:

- a) Recall the physics principles and Laws of Electricity, Electro magnetic spectrum, and ultra sound
- b) Describe effects of environmental and man made electromagnetic field at the cellular level and risk factors on prolonged exposure.
- c) Describe the Main electrical supply, Electric shock, precautions
- d) Enumerate Types and Production of various Therapeutic electrical currents and describe the panel diagrams of the machines

# **Psychomotor:**

At the end of the course the candidate will be able to –

- a) Test the working of the various electrotherapeutic equipments
- b) Describe in brief, certain common electrical components such as transistors, valves, capacitors, transformers etc and the simple instruments used to test / calibrate these

components [ such as potentiometer, oscilloscope , multimeter ] of the circuit ; and will be able to identify such components.

d) Describe and identify various types of electrodes used in therapeutics, describe electrical skin resistance and significance of various media used to reduce skin resistance. Acquire knowledge of various superficial thermal agents such as Paraffin wax bath, Cryotherapy, Hydrocollator packs, Home remedies, their physiological and therapeutic effects, Merits / demerits and acquire the skill of application.

Sr. No.	Торіс	Didactic Hours	Practical /Lab Hrs	Total Hours
	MEDICAL ELECTRONICS AND ELECTRICITY	55	15	70
	a. Fundamentals of Low frequency currents	32	09	41
1.	<ul> <li>i. Basic Physics: Structure of atom, Isotopes, States of matter; Compound formation-(covalent formation), Properties of Electric lines of forces, Conductors, Non-conductors, Latent heat, Transmission of heat</li> </ul>	3	-	3
	<ul> <li>ii. Condenser <ul> <li>a) Principles</li> <li>b) Capacity</li> <li>c) Types and construction</li> <li>d) Electric field</li> <li>e) Charging and discharging of the condenser</li> <li>f) Duration of Discharge</li> <li>g) Discharge through inductance</li> <li>h) Capacitive reactance and uses of condenser</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	3	-	3
	<ul> <li>iii. Main supply: <ul> <li>a) Production of Electricity</li> <li>b) Types: A.C./ D.C.</li> <li>c) Distribution/ Grid system wiring of the house, colour coding of electrical supply to the apparatus</li> <li>d) Earthing and its importance</li> <li>e) Types of Plugs and Switches</li> <li>iv. Shock <ul> <li>a) Definition</li> <li>b) Types (Electric Shock and Earth shock)</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	3	-	6
	c) Severity Causes, Effects and Precaution			

Sr. No.	Торіс	Didactic Hours	Practical/ Lab Hrs	Total Hours
	v. Static Electricity:	3	-	3
	a) Theory of Electricity			-
	b) Production of Electric Charge			
	c) Characteristics of charged electrical body			
	and capacitor and inductance: types and			
	uses			
	d) Potential difference			
	vi. Current electricity	6	6	12
	a) EMF			
	b) Resistance: Combination of			
	resistance in series and parallel			
	c) Ohms Law			
	d) D.C., A.C.			
	e) Devices for regulating current:			
	Identification, functioning and Uses-			
	Rheostat, Potentiometer, Ammeters,			
	Oscilloscopes, Voltmeter			
	f) Voltage and Power			
	g) Thermal effects of electric			
	current- Joule"s Law.			
	vii. Electrical Skin Resistance:	2	-	2
	a) Skin Resistance			
	b) Factors affecting Skin resistance: types			
	of electrodes used, electrode gels, skin			
	threshold, skin type, skin temperature,			
	exercises			
	c) Methods to reduce skin resistance			
	viii. Faradic currents: Duration, frequency, wave	5	-	5
	forms and graphical representation, surging,			
	faradic type current, pulse width modulation,			
	ix. Galvanic currents/ Direct current: and	5	-	5
	interrupted galvanic current, duration,			
	frequency, waveforms and graphical			
	representation			
	b. Fundamentals of High frequency currents	13	06	19
	i. Electro Magnetic Induction:	3	-	3
	a) Production			
	b) Direction of induced EMF			
	c) Strength of induced EMF			
	d) Type – Self and Mutual induction			
	e) Inductive Reactance			
	f) Eddy currents			
	Торіс	Didactic	Practical/	Total
		Hours	Lab Hours	Hours

g. Principles and Laws – Faraday''s, Lenz''s			
h. Dynamo			
<ul> <li>ii. Apparatus for Modification of Currents: Interruption of current – Switch and</li> <li>a) Valve</li> <li>b) C- R timing circuit</li> <li>c) Multivibrator Circuit, Pulse Generator</li> <li>d) Current supplied to patient – Impulse type</li> </ul>	2	-	2
iii. Magnetism:	2	-	2
<ul> <li>a) Nature and Types</li> <li>b) Molecular theory of Magnetism</li> <li>c) Property of Magnet</li> <li>d) Magnetic effect of electric current – Electro Magnets</li> <li>e) Meters for measuring A.C.</li> </ul>			
iv. Sound:	2	-	2
<ul> <li>a) Wave motion in sound</li> <li>b) Infrasonics</li> <li>c) Normal hearing band</li> <li>d) Characteristics of sound waves and their velocities</li> <li>e) Ultrasonics</li> <li>f) Reflection, Refraction and Attenuation of Sound waves</li> <li>g) Interference of sound waves</li> <li>v. D.C. and A.C.: <ul> <li>a) Source – Cell and rectified AC</li> <li>b) Rectification of AC</li> <li>c) Thermionic valves – Diode and Triode</li> <li>d) Metal Rectifier</li> <li>e) Types of Rectification</li> <li>f) Transformers-Types and Functions</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	4	6	10
g) Smoothing circuit			
<ul><li>h) Semiconductor and its types</li><li>i) Diodes and Transistors</li><li>j) Choke coil</li></ul>			
c. Electro Magnetic Spectrum	5	-	5
<ul> <li>i. Laws of transmission Reflection – Refraction – Absorption – Attenuation</li> <li>ii. Electro Magnetic Radiation</li> <li>iii. Laws Governing E.M.R.</li> <li>iv. Laws of Reflection, Refraction, Absorption, Attenuation, Cosine Law, Inverse Square Law, Grothus Law</li> </ul>			

	Торіс	Didactic Hours	Practical/ Lab Hours	Total Hours
	d Collular Bio physics	3		3
	i Action potential	5	-	5
	ii. Resting membrane potential			
	iii. Transmission of impulses: Saltatory conduction			
	iv. Reception and emission of E.M.F.			
	signals			
	e. Environmental currents	2	-	2
	Environmental currents and fields risk factors on			
	prolonged exposure to E.M. field.			
2	ELECTRICAL MODALITIES	25	40	065
	Production, Physical principles, Panel diagrams,			
	Testing of apparatus of the following:			
	a. S.W.D.			
	b. Ultrasound			
	c. U.V.R.			
	d. I.F.T.			
	e. I.R.			
	f. LASER (no panel diagram)			
	g. Diagnostic Electrical Muscle Stimulator,			
	II. I.E.N.S.	1 =	50	(7
3	SUPERFICIAL THERMAL AGENTS	15	50	65
	Construction/Design of the Modelities Scales of			
	temperature Specific heat and modes of energy transfer			
	Physiological effects Therapeutic effects/ Uses			
	Merits/demerits Indications/contra-indications Skills			
	of application:			
	a. Home remedies			
	b. Paraffin wax bath			
	c. whirl pool			
	d. contrast bath			
	e. Hydro-collator hot packs			
	f. Cryotherapy			

# PRACTICAL

Sr.			Торіс			
No.						
1.	Var	Various ELECTRICAL COMPONENTS like Diodes and Triodes, Rheostat,				
	Capacitor, Potentiometer, Switches, Plugs and Pulse generator					
2	The	technique of testing of main	ns supply			
3	The	techniques of testing the fol	lowing ALONG WITH PANEL DIAGRAM:			
	i.	Low Frequency currents-	Diagnostic Muscle stimulator, Transcutaneous			
		Nerve Stimulation				
	ii.	Medium Frequency curre	ents-I.F.T.			
	iii.	High Frequency	Short Wave Diathermy, Ultrasound			
		currents-				
	iv.	I.R. (no panel diagram)				
	v.	U.V.R. (no panel				
		diagram)				
	vi.	LASER (no panel				
		diagram)				
4	The	The skill of application of THERMAL AGENTS (on models) :				
	i	Hot packs				
	1. 11	P W B				
1	11. iii	Whirlpool				
	iv	Contrast bath				

Practical demonstrations of:

v. Cryotherapy

## **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Clayton 1s Electro therapy 3rd and 10th edition
- 2. Electro therapy explained Low and Reed
- 3. Electro Therapy Kahn
- 4. Electrotherapy Evidence Based Practice-Sheila Kitchen 11<sup>th</sup> edition

## **RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOK**

1. Clinical Electrotherapy -- Nelson and Currier

# SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

THEORY			
80 MARKS + I.A. – 20 MARKS			
* The question paper will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the			
syllabus.			
Section A –			
M.C.Qs.	Q-1 MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area [1 x 20]	20	
Section B- S.A.Q.	Q-2 - Answer any FIVE out of SIX [5 x 3 =15]	20	
	Q-3- Answer any THREE out of FOUR[3 x 5 =15]	30	
	Q-4] L.A.Q -15 marks		
Section C -L.A.Q.	<ul> <li>* Based on superficial Thermal agents</li> <li>Q-5] (Based on Production /Panel Diagram of high frequency current) -15 marks OR</li> <li>Q-5] (Based on Production / Panel Diagram of low/ Medium frequency current) -15 marks</li> </ul>	30	
	LAQ should give break up of 15 marks – e.g. [3+5+7]		
	Total Marks	80	

PRACTICAL		Marks
80 MARKS + I.A.	– 20 MARKS	100
LONG CASE	Based on Superficial thermal agent: Cognitive – Medical Electronic, Physiological, Biophysical principles, Therapeutic effects, indications-contraindications - 20 Marks Psychomotor + Affective skills - 15 Marks	35
SHORT CASE	<ul> <li>Two Short case on</li> <li>Testing of equipments: <ol> <li>Low and Medium frequency</li> <li>High frequency/Actinotherapy (2 x 20=40 marks)</li> </ol> </li> <li>Cognitive - 05 Marks Psychomotor -15 Marks</li> </ul>	40
JOURNAL	Year work on practical's performed.	5
	Total Marks	80

#### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination (Theory and Practical) of 80 marks each TOTAL - 160 marks
- 2. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 20 marks.
- 3. Internal assessment as per University pattern.

#### 4. Betterment exam will not be conducted

# **SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS AT A GLANCE I**

# <u>B.P.T.</u>

Subjects		Theory			Practical	
9	University	I.A.	Total	University	I.A.	Total
Anatomy	80	20	100	80	20	100
Physiology	80	20	100	80	20	100
Biochemistry	40	10	50	-	-	-
Fundamentals of Kinesiology and Kinesiotherapy	80	20	100	80	20	100
Fundamentals of Electro Therapy	80	20	100	80	20	100
Total	360	90	450	320	80	400

# II **B.P.T. SYLLABUS** Transcript Hours- 1400

Sr. No.	Subject	Theory Hours	Practical / Clinical Hours	Total Hours
	PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE			
1	Professional practice and Ethics (College Examination in final year)	005	010	015
	MEDICAL SCIENCES			
1	Pathology	050	-	050
2	Microbiology	031	004	035
3	Pharmacology	050	-	050
4	Psychiatry (Including Psychology)	030	020	050
	PHYSIOTHERAPY			
1	Kinesiology	080	-	080
2	Kinesiotherapy	080	160	240
3	Electrotherapy	100	200	300
4	Seminar (including introduction to <b>terms</b> of I.C.F. definition of terms Activity Limitation and Participation Restriction) ( <i>not for examination</i> )		090	090
5	Supervised clinical practice (To practice clinical skills under the supervision, at the O.P.D./ I.P.D. set up) Clinical assignments should include Observation, Clinical History taking and technical assistance to the clinicians Therapeutic Gymnasium Fundamentals of Exercise therapy and Electro Therapy To maintain a Register / Log book-in which the prescribed Case Histories and written assignments are documented and to obtain the signature from the respective section In-charge at the end of the assignment.		490	490

# PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE AND ETHICS (COLLEGE EXAMINATION IN FINAL YEAR)

#### Total -15 HRS

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This subject would be taught in continuum from first year to final year. An exam in theory would be conducted only in final year. Professional and ethical practice curriculum content addresses the Knowledge, Skills and Behaviors required of the physiotherapist in a range of practice relationships and roles. The course will discuss the role, responsibility, ethics administration issues and accountability of the physical therapists. The course will also cover the history and change in the profession, responsibilities of the professional to the profession, the public and to the health care team. This includes the application of professional and ethical reasoning and decision-making strategies, professional communication.

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

# At the end of the course the candidate will be compliant in following domains:

**Cognitive:** 

- a) Be able to understand the moral values and meaning of ethics
- b) Will acquire bedside manners and communication skills in relation with patients, peers, seniors and other professionals.

#### **Psychomotor:**

- a) Be able to develop psychomotor skills for physiotherapist-patient relationship.
- b) Skill to evaluate and make decision for plan of management based on sociocultutural values and referral practice.

## Affective:

- a) Be able to develop behavioral skills and humanitarian approach while communicating with patients, relatives, society at large and co-professionals.
- b) Be able to develop bed side behavior, respect and maintain patients" confidentiality.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Supervision Hours	Total Hours
1.	Ethical code of conduct	03		
2.	Communication skills			
	<ul><li>a. Physiotherapist -Patient Relationship</li><li>b. Interviewing -Types of interview,</li><li>Skills of interviewing</li></ul>	01 01	10	15
	TOTAL	05	10	15

# PATHOLOGY

#### [DIDACTIC -50 HRS]

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

Students will develop an understanding of pathology underlying clinical disease states involving the major organ systems and epidemiological issues. Students will learn to recognize pathology signs and symptoms considered red flags for serious disease. Students will use problem-solving skills and information about pathology to decide when referrals to another health care provider or alternative interventions are indicated. Students will develop the ability to disseminate pertinent information and findings, and ascertain the appropriate steps to follow. The course more deals with structural impairments as an important part in ICF Classification.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic
		Hours
1	GENERAL PATHOLOGY	04
2	INFLAMMATION and REPAIR	06
3	IMMUNO –PATHOLOGY	04
4	CIRCULATORY DISTURBANCES	04
5	PATHOLOGIC CHANGES IN VITAMIN	01
	DEFICIENCIES	
6	GROWTH DISTURBANCES	04
7	MEDICAL GENETICS	01
8	CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM	06
9	RESPIRATORY SYSTEM	04
10	NERVOUS SYSTEM	03
11	MUSCULAR DISORDERS	01
12	NEURO-MUSCULAR JUNCTION	01
13	BONE and JOINTS	04
14	G.I. SYSTEM	01
15	ENDOCRINE	01
16	HEPATIC DISEASES	01
18	HEMATOLOGY	02
17	CLINICAL PATHOLOGY	02
	TOTAL	50

## **EDUCATIONAL OBJECTIVES:**

#### a. Knowledge

At the end of one year, the student shall be able to

- Describe the structure and ultra structure of a sick cell, the mechanisms of cell degradation, cell death and repair.
- 2. Correlate structural and functional alterations in the sick cell.
- 3. Explain the pathophysiological processes which govern the maintenance of homeostasis, mechanism of their disturbances and the morphological and clinical manifestations associated with it.
- 4. Describe the mechanisms and patterns of tissue response to injury to appreciate the Pathophysiology of disease processes and their clinical manifestations.
- 5. Correlate the gross and microscopic alterations of different organ systems in common diseases to t he extent needed to understand disease processes and their clinical significance.
- 6. Develop an understanding of neoplastic change in the body in order to appreciate need for early diagnosis and further management of neoplasia.
- 7. a. Understand mechanisms of common hematological disorders and a logical approach in their diagnosis.

b. Normal values and interpretation of common hemoatological tests like Hb, TLC, DLC, ESR

- 8. Correlate normal and altered morphology of different organ systems in different diseases needed for understanding disease process and their clinical significance (with special emphasis to neuromusculoskeletal and cardiorespiratory systems).
- 9. Understand Etiopathogenesis and laboratory diagnosis of Diabetes Mellitus.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours
1	CENERAL PATHOLOCY	110013
1	a. Cell injury-Causes, Mechanism and Toxic	4
	including ionizing radiation, Chemical and Biological	
	<ul> <li>Reversible injury (degeneration)- types- morphology-cloudy swelling, hyaline, fatty changes</li> </ul>	
	c. Intra-cellular Accumulation- Mucin, Protein	
	d. Irreversible cell injury-types of necrosis- Apoptosis	
	-Calcification- Dystrophic and Metastasis	
	e. Extra-cellular accumulation-Amylidosis	
2	INFLAMMATION and REPAIR	6
3	<ul> <li>a. Acute inflammation – features, causes, vascular and cellular events</li> <li>b. Morphologic variations-Ulcers</li> <li>c. Inflammatory cells and Mediators</li> <li>d. Chronic inflammation: Causes, Types, Non-specific and Granulomatous – with examples</li> <li>e. Wound healing by primary and secondary union, factors promoting and delaying healing process</li> <li>f. Healing at various sites- bone, nerve and muscle</li> <li>g. Regeneration and Repair</li> <li>IMMUNO –PATHOLOGY</li> <li>a. Immune system: organization-cells-antibodies- regulation of immune responses</li> <li>b. Hyper-sensitivity (types and examples including graft rejection)</li> <li>c. Secondary Immuno-deficiency including H.I.V.</li> <li>d. Basic concepts of autoimmune disease (emphasis on S L E, and R A.)</li> </ul>	4
4	CIRCULATORY DISTURBANCES	4
	a. Oedema - pathogenesis - types - transudates / exudates	
	b. Chronic venous congestion-lung, liver	
	c. Thrombosis – formation – fate – effects	
	u. Embolism – types- clinical effects	
	f. Gangrene – types – etionathogenesis	
	g. Shock – Pathogenesis, types	

5	PATHOLOGIC CHANGES IN VITAMIN DEFICIENCIES	1
6	GROWTH DISTURBANCES	4
	a. Atrophy, Hypertrophy, Hypoplasia, Metaplasia,	
	<ul> <li>behaviors, difference between Benign and Malignant tumour</li> <li>c. Malignant neoplasms- grades-stages-local and distal Spread</li> <li>d. Carcinogenesis: Physical, Chemical, Occupational, Heredity, Viral, Nutritional</li> <li>e. Precancerous lesions and Carcinoma in situ</li> <li>f. Tumour and host interactions–local and systemic effects-metastatic (special reference to bones and C.N.S.)</li> </ul>	
7	MEDICAL GENETICS (in brief): a. Classifications with examples of Genetic disorders	1
	SYSTEMIC PATHOLOGY	
8	CARDIOVASCULAR SYSTEM	6
	i. Atherosclerosis - Ischemic Heart Diseases –	
	Myocardial Infarction–Pathogenesis /Pathology	
	ii. Hypertension	
	iii. C.C.F.	
	Rheumatic Heart Diseases	
	iv. Peripheral Vascular Diseases	
9	RESPIRATORY SYSTEM	4
	1. C.O.P.D.	
	iii. T. R.: Primery Secondary morphologic types	
	iv Pleuritis and its complications	
	v. Lung collapse – Atelectasis	
	vi. Occupational Lung diseases	
	(with special emphasis on Silicosis, Asbestosis,	
	Anthracosis)	
	vii. A.R.D.S.	
10	NEUROPATHOLOGY:	3
	i. Reaction of nervous tissue to injury, infection and	
	Ischemia	
	11. Meningitis: Pyogenic, I.B.M., Viral	
	m. Cerebro- vascular Diseases – Atheroscierosis – Thrombosis Embolism Angurusm Hunovia	
	Information and Hamarrhage, Hudroserhalaus	_ <u> </u>
	Interction and Hemorrhage, Hydrocephalous,	
	iv Leprosy	
	vi. Parkinsonism	

11	MUSCULAR DISORDERS	1
	a. Classification of Muscular disorders with emphasis	
	on Muscular Dystrophies	
12	NEURO-MUSCULAR JUNCTION	1
	a. Myasthenia gravis	
10	b. Myasthenic syndrome	
13	BONE and JOINTS	4
	a Osteomvelitis – Rickets – Osteomalacia –	
	Osteoporosis	
	b. Arthritis- degenerative (Osteoarthritis, Calcaneal	
	spur, Periarthritis, Spondylosis)	
	- inflammatory (R.A., Ankylosing	
	Spondylitis, Gout)	
	c. Miscellaneous-P.I.D., Haemarthosis	
14	d. Infective-T.B.	1
14	G.I. SYSTEM	1
	a Gastric / Duodenal ulcer Enteric fever TB	
	Enteritis, Gastritis (related to consumption of	
	NSAID)	
15	ENDOCRINE	1
	b. Diabetes	
16	HEPATIC DISEASES	1
16	HEPATIC DISEASES	1
16	HEPATIC DISEASES a. Cirrhosis – emphasis to systemic effects of portal	1
16	HEPATIC DISEASES a. Cirrhosis – emphasis to systemic effects of portal Hypertension	2
16 17	HEPATIC DISEASES a. Cirrhosis – emphasis to systemic effects of portal Hypertension HEMATOLOGY a ANEMIAS: Definition Classification and common causes	1
16 17	HEPATIC DISEASES         a. Cirrhosis – emphasis to systemic effects of portal         Hypertension         HEMATOLOGY         a.ANEMIAS: Definition, Classification and common causes         b.LEUKOCYTIC DISORDERS and LEUKAEMIAS:	1 2
16 17	HEPATIC DISEASES a. Cirrhosis – emphasis to systemic effects of portal Hypertension HEMATOLOGY a.ANEMIAS: Definition, Classification and common causes b.LEUKOCYTIC DISORDERS and LEUKAEMIAS: Acute and chronic leukemias,Definiion and causes of	<b>1</b>
16	HEPATIC DISEASES         a. Cirrhosis – emphasis to systemic effects of portal         Hypertension         HEMATOLOGY         a.ANEMIAS: Definition, Classification and common causes         b.LEUKOCYTIC DISORDERS and LEUKAEMIAS:         Acute and chronic leukemias,Definiion and causes of         Leukocytosis,Leukopenia	1 2
16	HEPATIC DISEASES         a. Cirrhosis – emphasis to systemic effects of portal         Hypertension         HEMATOLOGY         a.ANEMIAS: Definition, Classification and common causes         b.LEUKOCYTIC DISORDERS and LEUKAEMIAS:         Acute and chronic leukemias,Definition and causes of         Leukocytosis,Leukopenia       and         Leukemoid         reactions.Classification,definition,features,etiology,laboratory	1 2
16	HEPATIC DISEASES         a. Cirrhosis – emphasis to systemic effects of portal         Hypertension         HEMATOLOGY         a.ANEMIAS: Definition, Classification and common causes         b.LEUKOCYTIC DISORDERS and LEUKAEMIAS:         Acute and chronic leukemias,Definition and causes of         Leukocytosis,Leukopenia         and         Leukemoid         reactions.Classification,definition,features,etiology,laboratory         investigations	1
16	HEPATIC DISEASES         a. Cirrhosis – emphasis to systemic effects of portal         Hypertension         HEMATOLOGY         a.ANEMIAS: Definition, Classification and common causes         b.LEUKOCYTIC DISORDERS and LEUKAEMIAS:         Acute and chronic leukemias,Definition and causes of         Leukocytosis,Leukopenia         and         Leukemoid         reactions.Classification,definition,features,etiology,laboratory         investigations         c.HAEMORRHAGIC DISORDERS:	1 2
16	HEPATIC DISEASES         a. Cirrhosis – emphasis to systemic effects of portal         Hypertension         HEMATOLOGY         a.ANEMIAS: Definition, Classification and common causes         b.LEUKOCYTIC DISORDERS and LEUKAEMIAS:         Acute and chronic leukemias,Definition and causes of         Leukocytosis,Leukopenia         and         Leukemoid         reactions.Classification,definition,features,etiology,laboratory         investigations         c.HAEMORRHAGIC DISORDERS:         Classification,Clinical distinction	1
16	HEPATIC DISEASES a. Cirrhosis – emphasis to systemic effects of portal Hypertension HEMATOLOGY a.ANEMIAS: Definition, Classification and common causes b.LEUKOCYTIC DISORDERS and LEUKAEMIAS: Acute and chronic leukemias,Definiion and causes of Leukocytosis,Leukopenia and Leukemoid reactions.Classification,definition,features,etiology,laboratory investigations c.HAEMORRHAGIC DISORDERS: Classification,Clinical distinction between Purpuras and coagulation disorders and laboratory screening tests.Normal	1 2
16	HEPATIC DISEASES         a. Cirrhosis – emphasis to systemic effects of portal         Hypertension         HEMATOLOGY         a.ANEMIAS: Definition, Classification and common causes         b.LEUKOCYTIC DISORDERS and LEUKAEMIAS:         Acute and chronic leukemias,Definiion and causes of         Leukocytosis,Leukopenia         and       Leukemoid         reactions. Classification,definition,features,etiology,laboratory         investigations         c.HAEMORRHAGIC DISORDERS:         Classification,Clinical distinction between Purpuras and         coagulation disorders and laboratory screening tests.Normal         coagulation       and         fibrinolytic         mechanism Etionathogenesis clinical	2
16	HEPATIC DISEASES a. Cirrhosis – emphasis to systemic effects of portal Hypertension HEMATOLOGY a.ANEMIAS: Definition, Classification and common causes b.LEUKOCYTIC DISORDERS and LEUKAEMIAS: Acute and chronic leukemias,Definiion and causes of Leukocytosis,Leukopenia and Leukemoid reactions.Classification,definition,features,etiology,laboratory investigations c.HAEMORRHAGIC DISORDERS: Classification,Clinical distinction between Purpuras and coagulation disorders and laboratory screening tests.Normal coagulation and fibrinolytic mechanism.Etiopathogenesis,clinical significance and lab diagnosis of Hemofilia and DIC	1 2
16	HEPATIC DISEASES a. Cirrhosis – emphasis to systemic effects of portal Hypertension HEMATOLOGY a.ANEMIAS: Definition, Classification and common causes b.LEUKOCYTIC DISORDERS and LEUKAEMIAS: Acute and chronic leukemias,Definiion and causes of Leukocytosis,Leukopenia and Leukemoid reactions. Classification,definition,features,etiology,laboratory investigations c.HAEMORRHAGIC DISORDERS: Classification,Clinical distinction between Purpuras and coagulation disorders and laboratory screening tests.Normal coagulation disorders and DIC	1 2 2
16 17 18	HEPATIC DISEASES a. Cirrhosis – emphasis to systemic effects of portal Hypertension HEMATOLOGY a.ANEMIAS: Definition, Classification and common causes b.LEUKOCYTIC DISORDERS and LEUKAEMIAS: Acute and chronic leukemias,Definiion and causes of Leukocytosis,Leukopenia and Leukemoid reactions.Classification,definition,features,etiology,laboratory investigations c.HAEMORRHAGIC DISORDERS: Classification,Clinical distinction between Purpuras and coagulation disorders and laboratory screening tests.Normal coagulation and fibrinolytic mechanism.Etiopathogenesis,clinical significance and lab diagnosis of Hemofilia and DIC CLINICAL PATHOLOGY b. Muscle / Skin / Nerve biopsy	1 2 2
16 17 18	HEPATIC DISEASES         a. Cirrhosis – emphasis to systemic effects of portal Hypertension         HEMATOLOGY         a.ANEMIAS: Definition, Classification and common causes b.LEUKOCYTIC DISORDERS and LEUKAEMIAS: Acute and chronic leukemias,Definiion and causes of Leukocytosis,Leukopenia and Leukemoid reactions.Classification,definition,features,etiology,laboratory investigations c.HAEMORRHAGIC DISORDERS: Classification,Clinical distinction between Purpuras and coagulation disorders and laboratory screening tests.Normal coagulation and fibrinolytic mechanism.Etiopathogenesis,clinical significance and lab diagnosis of Hemofilia and DIC         CLINICAL PATHOLOGY         b. Muscle / Skin / Nerve biopsy         c. Microscopic appearance of muscle necrosis – fatty I nfiltration	1 2 2
16 17 18	HEPATIC DISEASES         a. Cirrhosis – emphasis to systemic effects of portal Hypertension         HEMATOLOGY         a.ANEMIAS: Definition, Classification and common causes b.LEUKOCYTIC DISORDERS and LEUKAEMIAS: Acute and chronic leukemias,Definiion and causes of Leukocytosis,Leukopenia and Leukemoid reactions.Classification,definition,features,etiology,laboratory investigations c.HAEMORRHAGIC DISORDERS: Classification,Clinical distinction between Purpuras and coagulation disorders and laboratory screening tests.Normal coagulation and fibrinolytic mechanism.Etiopathogenesis,clinical significance and lab diagnosis of Hemofilia and DIC         CLINICAL PATHOLOGY         b. Muscle / Skin / Nerve biopsy         c. Microscopic appearance of muscle necrosis – fatty I nfiltration	1 2 2
16 17 18	HEPATIC DISEASES         a. Cirrhosis – emphasis to systemic effects of portal Hypertension         HEMATOLOGY         a.ANEMIAS: Definition, Classification and common causes b.LEUKOCYTIC DISORDERS and LEUKAEMIAS: Acute and chronic leukemias,Definiion and causes of Leukocytosis,Leukopenia and Leukemoid reactions.Classification,definition,features,etiology,laboratory investigations c.HAEMORRHAGIC DISORDERS: Classification,Clinical distinction between Purpuras and coagulation disorders and laboratory screening tests.Normal coagulation and fibrinolytic mechanism.Etiopathogenesis,clinical significance and lab diagnosis of Hemofilia and DIC         CLINICAL PATHOLOGY         b. Muscle / Skin / Nerve biopsy c. Microscopic appearance of muscle necrosis – fatty I nfiltration         d. Common hematological tests: Hb, TLC, DLC, ESR	1 2 2

**Recommended Textbooks:** 

- 1. Text book of Pathology -Harsh Mohan
- 2. Basic Pathology-Robbins

#### **RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Pathologic basis of disease Cotran, Kumar, Robbins
- 2. General Pathology Bhende

# SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

# **EVALUATION SYSTEM:**

#### A. Methods:

Type of exam	Maximum Marks	Minimum Marks
Theory	40	20
Internal Assessment	10	3.5
Total	50	25

#### SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION (THEORY ONLY) **Total duration: 2 hours One paper**

There will be 2 sections Section A : MCQs time given will be 15 minutes Section B: time given will be 105 minutes

Paper will have following pattern:

THEORY		Marks
40 marks + I.A.:10 mar	ks = 50 marks	
[There shall be no LAC	() in this paper]	
*Emphasis to be given to topics related to Musculo Skeletal / Neurological / Cardiovascular / Respiratory conditions and Wound / Ulcers.		
	MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area	
Section A	-single best response [1 x 10]	10
	SAQ Q-1 -to answer any FIVE out of SIX (Short answer Questions based on definition,enlist,enumerate,draw,classify)	
Section B-Q-1 and Q-2	[5X2=10]	10
	Short notes Q-2-to answer any FOUR out of FIVE [4X5=20]	20
	Total Marks	40

#### Total Marks

#### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

Internal assessment as per University pattern

- Total marks : 10
- Minimum marks: 3.5

Term	Examination Head Theory
Terminal	40
Preliminary	40
Total marks	80
To be converted into	10

# MICROBIOLOGY

(Didactic- 31hrs + Demonstration- 4hrs) TOTAL 35 hrs

# **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

Students will develop an understanding of pathology underlying clinical disease states and involving the major organ systems and epidemiological issues. Epidemiological issues will be presented and discussed. Students will learn to recognize pathology signs and symptoms considered red flags for serious disease. Students will use problem-solving skills and information about pathology to decide when referral to another health care provider or alternative intervention is indicated. Students will develop the ability to disseminate pertinent information and findings, and ascertain the appropriate steps to follow.

Sr.	Topics	Didactic	Demonstration	Total
No.		Hours	Hours	Hours
1	GENERAL MICROBIOLOGY	4	1	5
2	LABORATORY DIAGNOSIS OF INFECTION	2	1	3
3	IMMUNOLOGY	5		5
4	SYSTEMIC BACTERIOLOGY	7		7
5	MYCOLOGY	2	1	3
6	VIROLOGY	5		5
7	PARASITOLOGY	3	1	4
8	APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY	3		3
	TOTAL	31	4	35

## **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the candidate will

1. Have sound knowledge of prevalent communicable diseases and the agents responsible for causing clinical infections, pertaining to C.N.S, C.V.S, Musculoskeletal system, Respiratory system, Genitourinary system, wound infections and of newer emerging pathogens

2. Know the importance and practices of best methods to prevent the development of infections in self and patients (universal safety precautions)

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Practical/Lab Hours	Total Hours
1	General Microbiology	4	1	5
	<ul> <li>a. Introduction and scope</li> <li>b. Classification of Micro-organisms and Bacterial Anatomy (cell wall, capsule, spore, flagella and types as per their shape and arrangement)</li> <li>c. Sterilization</li> <li>d. Disinfection</li> <li>e. Demonstration for General Microbiology</li> </ul>			
2	LABORATORY DIAGNOSIS OF INFECTION	2	1	3
	<ul> <li>a. Culture media and identification of bacteria</li> <li>b. Sample collection for smear examination and cultures</li> <li>c. Demonstration of Gram staining, ZN staining and culture</li> </ul>			
3	IMMUNOLOGY	5		5
	<ul> <li>Innate immunity and acquired</li> <li>a. immunity</li> <li>b. Structure and function of immune system and Immune response – normal / abnormal</li> <li>c. Define Antigen, Antibody and Antigen - antibody reaction and application for diagnosis</li> <li>d. Hyper – sensitivity</li> <li>e. Auto-immunity</li> </ul>			
4	SYSTEMIC BACTERIOLOGY	7		7
	<ul> <li>a. Infection caused by gram +ve cocci Staphylococcus, Streptococcus and Pneumococcus</li> <li>b. Infection caused by gram –ve cocci Gonococci and Meningococci</li> </ul>			

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Practical/Lab Hours	Total Hours
	<ul> <li>c. Clostridium</li> <li>d. Enterobacteriaceae (E.Coli, Klebsiella) and Pseudomonas</li> <li>e. Salmonella and Vibrio</li> <li>f. Mycobacterial infection: <ul> <li>i. Tuberculosis-Leprosy</li> <li>ii. Atypical Mycobacterium</li> </ul> </li> <li>g. Syphilis and Leptospirosis- Morphology and pathogenesis</li> </ul>			
5	MYCOLOGY	2	1	3
	<ul> <li>a. Introduction and Superficial mycosis</li> <li>b. Mycetoma and opportunistic fungal infection</li> <li>c. Mycology and Virology demonstration</li> </ul>			
6	VIROLOGY	5		5
	<ul> <li>a. Introduction and general properties,</li> <li>b. DNA virus</li> <li>c. Measles, Mumps, Rubella, polio and congenital viral infections</li> <li>d. Hepatitis and Rabies</li> <li>e. H.I.V.</li> </ul>			
7	PARASITOLOGY	3	1	4
	<ul> <li>a. Introduction- Entamoeba histolytica</li> <li>b. Malaria, Filaria</li> <li>c. Toxoplasma – Cystisarcosis and Echinococcus</li> </ul>			
8	APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY	3		3
	<ul> <li>a. Hospital acquired infections, Universal safety precautions and Waste disposal</li> <li>b. Diseases involving Bones, Joints- Nerves-Muscles-Skin-Brain- Cardiopulmonary system, Burn and wound infections</li> </ul>			

## **RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOK**

- 1. Concise Textbook of Microbiology Ananthnarayan
- 2. Concise Textbook of Microbiology C.P.Baweja
- 3. Textbook of Microbiology Nagoba

# SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION (THEORY ONLY)

#### II/I Term end Examination

#### **THEORY 40 MARKS**

Q.No.		No. Questions	MARKS
1	MCQ	10	10
2	Short note	4 out of 5	20
3	Short Answer Questions	5 out of 6	10

# PRELIMINARY

## **THEORY 40 MARKS**

Q.No.		No. Questions	MARKS
1	MCQ	10	10
2	Short note	4 out of 5	20
3	Short Answer Questions	5 out of 6	10

# TOTAL THEORY MARKS: 80 MARKS CONVERTED TO 10

# CHEME OF EXAMINATION

Q.No.		No. Questions	MARKS
1	MCQ	10	10
2	Short note	4 out of 5	20
3	Short Answer Questions	5 out of 6	10
4	Internal Assessment		10

## **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- 1. Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination of 40 marks each TOTAL 80 marks
- 2. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 10 marks
- 3. Internal assessment as per University pattern

## 4. Betterment exam will not be conducted

# PHARMACOLOGY

#### [DIDACTIC – 50 hrs]

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course covers the basic knowledge of Pharmacology including administration, physiologic response and adverse effects of drugs under normal and pathologic conditions. Topics focus on the influence of drugs in rehabilitation patient/client management. Drugs used in iontophoresis and phonophoresis will be discussed in detail.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic
		Hours
1	GENERAL PHARMACOLOGY	04
2	DRUGS ACTING ON C.N.S	11
3	DRUGS ACTING ON AUTONOMIC	07
	NERVOUS SYSTEM	
4	DRUGS ACTING ON C.V.S.	07
5	DRUGS ACTING ON RESPIRATORY	03
	SYSTEM	
6	CHEMOTHERAPY	03
7	OTHER CHEMO THERAPEUTIC DRUGS	03
8	ENDOCRINE	08
9	DRUGS IN G.I. TRACT	02
10	HEAMATINICS	01
11	DERMATOLOGICAL DRUGS	01
	TOTAL	50

## **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to:

## **Cognitive:**

a. Describe Pharmacological effects of commonly used drugs by patients referred for Physiotherapy; list their adverse reactions, precautions, contraindications, formulation and route of administration.

- b. Identify whether the pharmacological effect of the drug interferes with the Therapeutic response of Physiotherapy and vice versa
- c. Indicate the use of analgesics and anti-inflammatory agents with movement disorders with consideration of cost, efficiency, and safety for individual needs.

#### **Psychomotor:**

Get the awareness of other essential and commonly used drugs by patients- The bases for their use and common as well as serious adverse reactions.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hrs
1	GENERAL PHARMACOLOGY	4
	i. Pharmacokinetics	1
	ii. Routes of administration	1
	iii. Adverse drug reaction and reporting	1
	iv. Factors modifying drug effect	1
2	DRUGS ACTING ON C.N.S.	11
	i. Introduction	1
	ii. Alcohols + Sedatives and Hypnotics	2
	iii. Anti-convulsants	1
	iv. Drug therapy in Parkinsonism	2
	Analgesics and antipyretics –especially Gout and	
	v. R.A.	3
	vi. Psycho Therapeutics	1
	vii. Local anesthetics, counter irritants	1
3	DRUGS ACTING ON AUTONOMIC NERVOUS	7
	SYSTEM	
	i. Adrenergic	2
	ii. Cholinergic	2
	iii. Skeletal muscle relaxants	3
4	DRUGS ACTING ON C.V.S.	7
	i. Antihypertensives	2
	ii. Antianginal- Antiplatelets, Myocardial Infarction	2
	iii. C.C.F.	1
	iv. Shock	1
	v. Coagulants and Anticoagulants	1
5	DRUGS ACTING ON RESPIRATORY SYSTEM	3
	i. Cough	1
	ii. Bronchial asthma	1
	iii. C.O.P.D.	1
6	CHEMOTHERAPY	3
	i. General principles	1

# **SYLLABUS**

PIMS (DU),Degree Programme (DAPJAKCOP)-Syllabus, implemented from Academic Year 2018-2019

	ii.	Anti Tuberculosis	1
	iii.	Anti –Leprosy	1
7	OTH	ER CHEMO THERAPEUTIC DRUGS	3
	i.	Drugs used in Urinary Tract Infection	
	ii.	Tetra / chlora	1
	iii.	Penicillin	
	iv.	Cephalosporin	1
	v.	Aminoglycocides	
	vi.	Macrolides	1
Sr. No.		Topics	Didactic Hrs
8	END	OCRINE	8
	i.	Insulin and oral Anti diabetic drugs	2
	ii.	Steroids-Anabolic steroids	2
	iii.	Drugs for osteoporosis, Vitamin D, Calcium,	2
		Phosphorus	
	iv.	Thyroid and Antithyroid	1
	v.	Estrogen + Progesterone	1
9	DRU	GS IN G.I. TRACT	2
	i.	Peptic ulcer	
	ii.	Diarrhoea, Constipation and Antiemetics	
10			
10	HEA	MATINICS	1
	1.	Vitamin B, Iron	
11	DER	MATOLOGICAL DRUGS	1
	i.	Scabies, Psoriasis, Local antifungal	

## **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Pharmacology for Physiotherapy –Padmaja Udaykumar
- 2. Pharmacology for Physiotherapist -H. L. Sharma, K. K. Sharma
- 3. Essentials of Medical Pharmacology K. D. Tripathi
- 4. Pharmacology and Pharmacotherapeutics Dr. R S Satoskar, Dr. Nirmala N. Rege,

Dr. S. D. Bhandarkar

# SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION (THEORY ONLY)

PIMS (DU),Degree Programme (DAPJAKCOP)-Syllabus, implemented from Academic Year 2018-2019Notification No. 34/2018Academic Council Meeting dated 14.03.2018

THEORY		Marks
40 marks + <b>I.A.</b> 10 M		
[There shall be no LA		
* Emphasis should be Neurological, Cardio	e given to the drugs related to Musculo-skeletal / o-Vascular (excluding anti arrhythmic and shock)	50
/ Respiratory condition	ons, analgesics and anti-inflammatory conditions	
Section A-Q-1	MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area	10
Section-B-Q-2 and Q-3	SAQ Q-2 to answer any FIVE out of SIX [5x3]	15
SAQ Q- 3 to answer any THREE out of FOUR[3x5]		15
	Total Marks	40

#### INTERNAL ASSESSMENT

- 1. Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination of 40 marks each TOTAL - 80 marks
- 2. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 10 marks.
- 3. Internal assessment as per University pattern.

# **PSYCHIATRY (INCLUDING PSYCHOLOGY)**

[Didactic 30hrs + Clinical 20hrs]- TOTAL 50HRS

# **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

The course design increases awareness of psychosocial issues faced by individuals. Their significance at various points on the continuum of health and disability should be emphasised. The course discusses personal and professional attitudes and values as they relate to developing therapeutic relationships. It emphasizes on communication skills for effective interaction with patients, health-care professionals and others. It expects students to identify common psychiatric conditions.

Sr.	Topics	Didactic	Clinical	Total
No.		Hours	Hours	Hours
1	PSYCHOLOGY	20		20
2	PSYCHIATRY	20	20	40
	TOTAL	40	20	60

## **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to:

## **Cognitive:**

- a. Define the term Psychology and its importance in the Health delivery system, and will gain knowledge of Psychological maturation during human development and growth and alterations during aging process.
- b. Understand the importance of psychological status of the person in health and disease; environmental and emotional influence on the mind and personality.
- c. Have the knowledge and skills required for good interpersonal communication.

## **Psychomotor:**

a. Enumerate various Psychiatric disorders with special emphasis to movement / Pain and ADLs

b. Acquire the knowledge in brief, about the pathological and etiological factors,

signs / symptoms and management of various Psychiatric conditions. c.

Understand the patient more empathetically.

Sr. No.	Topics	
1.	PSYCHOLOGY	20
	<ul> <li>a. Introduction to Psychology:</li> <li>Historical background</li> <li>Definition,</li> <li>Schools of Psychology</li> </ul>	
	<ul> <li>Fields and subfields of psychology</li> <li>Recent advances</li> </ul>	2
	<ul> <li>b. Attention:</li> <li>Overview,</li> <li>Types and features,</li> <li>Factors influencing attention,</li> <li>Attention deficit hyperactivity disorder</li> </ul>	1
	<ul> <li>c. Perception:</li> <li>Overview,</li> <li>Types and features,</li> <li>Factors influencing perception,</li> <li>Errors of perception(Illusion, Hallucination),</li> <li>Disorders of perception (Spatial relationship disorder, Agnosia, Apraxia)</li> </ul>	2
	<ul> <li>d.Learning:</li> <li>Definition</li> <li>Types of Learning</li> <li>Process of learning</li> <li>Factors influencing learning</li> <li>Theories of learning</li> </ul>	2
	<ul> <li>e. Memory types –</li> <li>Definition</li> <li>Types of memory</li> <li>Stages of memory processing</li> <li>Forgetting: Definition, causes, improving memory</li> </ul>	2
	<ul> <li>f. Emotion:</li> <li>Nature and characteristics</li> <li>Definition</li> <li>Physiology of emotion</li> <li>Theories of emotion</li> </ul>	1
	<ul> <li>g. Motivation:</li> <li>Nature</li> <li>Definition</li> <li>Types</li> <li>Frustration and conflict(Sources and resolution of frustration, types of conflict, avoidance of conflict)</li> </ul>	2
	h.Personality	
----	--	----
	Nature and definition	
	<ul> <li>Factors influencing personality</li> </ul>	
	• Types of personality	
	• Theories of personality	
	Defense mechanism	2
	i.Developmental psychology:	
	• Infancy	
	• Early childhood	
	Later childhood	
	Adolescence	
	• Early and middle adulthood	
	• Old age	3
	k. Psychotherapy and counseling:	
	• Definition	
	Goals	
	• Types of psychotherapy- psycho-analysis	
	Behaviour therapy	
	• Cognitive Behaviour therapy	
	Behaviour modification	
	•	3
2.	PSYCHIATRY	20
-		
	a. Psychiatric History and Mental Status Examination	1
	b. Classification of Mental disorders	1
	c. Schizophrenia and its types	1
	d Other revelatio disorders (Develatio disorder	1
	a. Other psycholic disorders (Psycholic disorder, Delucional disorder, Schize affective disorders, Post	1
	partum psychosis	
	e. Mood disorder	2
	f. Our seis havin diesenderer (delivieure demonstie America)	2
	1. Organic brain disorders (delifium, dementia, Amnestic	Z
	syndromes, Organic personality disorder,)	2
	g. Anxiety disorders: Phobia, Obsessive Compulsive	2
	Disorder, Post Traumatic Disorders and Conversion disorder	
	h. Somatoform disorder, (Hypochondriasis, Dissociative disorder,	
	Conversion disorder, and Pain disorder)	1
	i Somatization disorder	1
		1

	j. Personality disorder	1
	k. Substance related disorder (alcohol)	1
	1. Disorders of infancy – childhood and adolescence	2
	i. Attention Deficit Hyperactivity Disorder,	
	ii. Mental Retardation	
	iii. Conduct disorder,	
	iv. Pervasive developmental disorder	
	v. Enuresis	
	vi. Speech disorder	
	m. Geriatric Psychiatry	1
•	n. Eating disorder	1
	o. Management: ECT, Pharmacotherapy, Group therapy,	2
	Psycho therapy, Cognitive Behavioral Therapy and	
	Rational Emotive Therapy.	

#### CLINICAL

## HOURS: 20hrs

#### A. History, Mental Status Examination and evaluation of:

- 1. Schizophrenia
- 2. Anxiety Disorder
- 3. Personality Disorder
- 4. Somatoform Disorder
- 5. Childhood Disorder (ADHD, MR)
- 6. Organic Brain Disorder (dementia)

#### B. Seminar/ Workshop on Communication skills

- Morgan C.T. and King R.A. Introduction to Psychology

   recent edition [Tata McGraw-Hill publication]
- 2. Munn N.L. Introduction to Psychology [Premium Oxford, I.B.P. publishing Co.]
- 3. Clinical Psychology Akolkar
- 4. Developmental Psychology-Elizabeth B. Hurlock( 5<sup>th</sup> edition, Tata Mc-Graw Hill)
- 5. A short book of Psychiatry -3 <sup>rd</sup> edn- Ahuja Jaypee bros medical publishers
- 6. Short Textbook of Psychiatry- 7<sup>th</sup> edition -M.S. Bhatia
- 7. Shah L.P. Handbook of Psychiatry

#### SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION (THEORY ONLY)

THEORY			Marks	
40  marks + 1.4 10	$40 \text{ marks} + \mathbf{I.A.} - 10 \text{ Marks}$			
[There shall be no LA	Q in this paper]		50	
* The question paper will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the syllabus.			50	
	MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area on			
Section A-Q-1	PSYCHIATRY	(1x10)	10	
	SAQ- Questions based on <b>PSYCHOLOC</b>			
Section-B-Q-2	to answer any FIVE out of SIX	(5x 3)	15	
	SAQ – Questions based on <b>PSYCHIATRY</b>			
Section C- Q-3 to answer any THREE out of FOUR (3x 5)		15		
	Total Marks		40	

#### CLINICAL EXAMINATION: (College Examination only)

- 1. Case presentation will be taken at the end of preliminary examination
- 2. Case presentation :History taking : 20 marks + Communication skills : 20 marks Total: 40 marks

#### **INTERNAL ASSESMENT:**

- 1. Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination (Theory only)
- of 40 marks each TOTAL 80 marks
- 2. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 10 marks (Theory only)
- 3. Internal assessment as per University pattern.

# KINESIOLOGY

### DIDACTIC- 80 HRS

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course is based on anatomical, physiological and related kinesiological principles for normal human movement. Students have the opportunity to develop and acquire understanding of kinesiological responses for the efficacy in various kinesiotherapeutic applications.

Sr.	Topics	Didactic
NO		Hours
1.	INTRODUCTION TO BIOMECHANICS	20
2.	REGIONAL KINESIOLOGY	40
3.	<b>KINETICS AND KINEMATICS OF GAIT and ADLs</b>	20

Objective – At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to –

- 1. Understand the principles of Biomechanics.
- Acquire the knowledge of kinetics and kinematics of Spine, Extremities, Temporo-Mandibular joint, Thoracic cage
- Acquire the knowledge of Musculo skeletal movements during normal Gait and Activities of Daily Living

## SYLLABUS

Sr. No.	TOPICS	DIDACTIC HOURS
1	INTRODUCTION TO BIOMECHANICS	20
	a. Muscle Biomechanics	10
	i. Elements of muscle structure – fiber, size, motor unit, length tension, arrangement and number relationship	
	ii. Classification of muscles	
	iii. Mobility and Stability of muscles	
	iv. Types of muscle contraction and factors affecting muscle function.	
	b. Joint Biomechanics	10
	i. Basic principles of joint design	
	ii. Classification of joints	
	iii. Osteokinematics and Arthrokinematics	
	iv. Concave Convex Rule	
	v. Joint function, kinetics and kinematics	

Sr. No.	TOPICS	DIDACTIC HOURS
2	REGIONAL KINESIOLOGY	40
	a. Vertebral Column	9
	b. Thorax	2
	c. Shoulder Complex	5
	d. Elbow joint	2
	e. Wrist And Hand Complex	5
	f. Hip Joint	5
	g. Knee Complex	5
	h. Ankle – Foot complex	5
	i. Temporo-Mandibular Joint	2
3	KINETICS AND KINEMATICS OF CAIT and ADI a	20
5	KINETICS AND KINEWATICS OF GATT and ADES	20
	a. GAIT	10
	i. Human locomotion	
	ii. Subjective and Objective evaluation	
	iii. Gait cycle and Measurable parameters	
	(Step Length, Step Width, Stride Length, Foot Angle,	
	Cadence)	
	iv. Kinetics and kinematics of gait	
	v. Determinants of gait	
	b. KINETICS AND KINEMATICS OF VARIOUS ACTIVITIES OF DAILY LIVING	10
	i. Supine to Sitting, Sitting to Standing, Squatting,	
	Climbing up and down	
	11. Lifting, Pulling, Pushing, Overhead activities,	
	111. Kunning, Jogging.	

## **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Joint Structure and Function Cynthia .C. Norkins
- 2. Clinical Kinesiology Brunnstrom

## **RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Kinesiology of the Human Body Steindler
- 2. Kinesiology of the Musculoskeletal system Neumann and Donald
- 3. Kinesiology The mechanics and Pathomechanics of Human motion Oatis and Carol
- 4. Biomechanical Basis of Human Motion Joseph and Hamill
- 5. Physiology of the Joints Kapandji Vol.- I,II,andIII

SCHEME OF	UNIVERSITY	<b>EXAMINATION</b>	(THEORY ONLY)
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THEORY			Marks
80 MARKS + I.A	20 MARKS		
* The question paper will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the syllabus.			100
Section A-M.C.Qs.	Q-1 - MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area	[1 x 20]	20
	Q-2 - Answer any FIVE out of SIX	[5 x 3 =15]	
Section B- S.A.Q.	Q-3- Answer any THREE out of FOUR	[3 x 5 =15]	30
	Based on the topics 1(a and b)		
	* Based on topics 2 and 3		
	Q-4] L.A.Q -15 marks		
	Q-5] -15 marks		
Section C -L.A.Q.	OR		30
	Q-5] -15 marks		20
	LAQ should give break up of 15 marks – e.g. [	3 +5+7]	
	Total Marks		80

#### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT – (THEORY)**

- 1. Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination of 80 marks each TOTAL - 160 marks
- 2. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 20 marks.
- 3. Internal assessment as per University pattern.

# **KINESIOTHERAPY**

Didactic-80 Hrs + Practical/ Laboratory-160 HRS [TOTAL - 240 HRS]

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course is based on anatomical and physiological and related kinesiological principles for normal human movement and for the efficacy in the assessment methods for mobility, muscle strength. Students have the opportunity to develop and acquire understanding of physiological responses to various types of training and develop skills of exercise programs (on models). Exercise components of muscle strength, flexibility, balance, breathing and gait are examined. Evidence of appropriate, safe and effective exercise design and proper exercise biomechanics and prescription parameters are addressed with all interventions.

Sr.	TOPICS	Didactic	Practical/ Lab	Total
No.		Hours	Hours	Hours
1.	BIOPHYSICS	40	115	155
2.	POSTURE	05	05	10
3.	MOTOR and POSTURAL CONTROL	03	00	03
	AND BALANCE			
4.	FUNCTIONAL REEDUCATION	05	05	10
5.	NEUROMUSCULAR CO-ORDINATION	05	05	10
6.	GAIT and WALKING AIDS	10	15	25
7.	<b>BRONCHIAL HYGIENE</b>	12	15	27
	TOTAL	80	160	240

#### **OBJECTIVES**:

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to

#### **Cognitive:**

Describe the Biophysical properties of connective tissue, and effect of mechanical loading, & factors which influence the muscle strength, and mobility of articular and periarticular soft tissues.

#### **Psychomotor:**

1. Apply the biomechanical principles for the efficacy in the assessment methods for mobility, muscle strength

- 2. Acquire the skill of subjective and objective assessment of individual and group muscle strength
- 3. Acquire the skills of subjective and objective methods of muscle strengthening
- 4. Describe the physiological effects, therapeutic uses, merits / demerits of various exercise modes including Hydrotherapy
- 5. Demonstrate various therapeutic exercises on self;and acquire the skill of application on models with Home Programs
- 6. Analyze normal Human Posture [static and dynamic].
- 7. Acquire the skill of functional re-education techniques on models
- 8. Acquire the skill of Balance and Coordination Exercises
- 9. Acquire the skill of using various walking aids for Gait Training
- 10. Acquire the skill of demonstrating breathing exercises and retraining on self and others
- 11. Acquire the skill of demonstrating Postural Drainage on models

Sr. No.	TOPICS	Didactic Hours	Practical/ Laboratory Hours	Total Hours
1.	BIOPHYSICS	40	115	155
	a. Biophysical Principles:	2	-	02
	i. Structures and Properties of connective and non connective tissues			
	b. Stretching :	3	12	15
	i. Definition ii. Types			
	iii. Assessment of muscle length and fascia around the joint			
	<ul><li>iv. Principles of stretching</li><li>v. Techniques for all joints</li><li>vi. Individual muscle stretching</li></ul>			
	<ul> <li>c. Joint Mobility : <ol> <li>Definition</li> <li>Causes of limitation</li> <li>Indication and contra indications</li> <li>Principles</li> <li>Techniques</li> <li>Assessment methods</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	10	17	27
	vii. Individual joints mobility Exercises– Upper Limb, Lower Limb			
	viii. and Spine (Using active, assisted, passive movements)			
	d. Manual Muscle Testing and assessment (subjective and objective) :	6	35	41
	i.Principle ii.Trick movements iii.Group Muscle Testing iv.Individual Muscle testing – Upper and Lower			

SYLLABUS	
<b>DILLADUD</b>	

e.	Muscle Strengthening:	10	45	55
i.	Concepts -Strength, Power, Endurance			
ii.	Factors influencing the Strength of normal muscle/ hypertrophy, recruitment of motor units, change after the training, training with isometric, isotonic and Isokinetic muscle contraction			
iii.	Principles: Overload, Intensity, Motivation, Learning, Duration, Frequency, Reversibility, Specificity, Determinants Matheda : Subjective and Objective			
1v.	Methods . Subjective and Objective			
v.	Individual joint Strengthening Exercises			
vi.	Concepts- 1 RM, 10 RM and Dynamometry			
vii.	Progressive Resisted Exercise - Delorme, Zinoveiff, Mc queen protocols			
viii.	Use of gymnasium equipments			
f.	Hydrotherapy:	4	-	4
i. ii. iii.	Physiological effects Indication and Contraindications Techniques			
g.	Traction (Cervical and Lumbar):	3	6	9
i.	Introduction			
ii.	Types(Mechanical / Electrical,			
iii.	Continuous/Intermittent) Indications and Contra indications			
iv.	Techniques Effects and uses			
v.		_		
h.	Home Program:	2	-	2
i. ::	Principles Ergonomic advice for ADLs			
11. iii.	Home based exercise program			

No.HoursLab HoursHours	Sr.	TODICS	Didactic	Practical/	Total
	No.	101105	Hours	Lab Hours	Hours

PIMS (DU),Degree Programme (DAPJAKCOP)-Syllabus, implemented from Academic Year 2018-2019Notification No. 34/2018Academic Council Meeting dated 14.03.2018

2.	POSTURE	5	5	10
	a. Definition			
	b. Human posture –Changes from			
	quadruped to biped			
	c. Correct and faulty posture			
	d. Postural patterns and Postural Mechanism			
	e. Factors affecting posture			
	f. Physiological deviations			
	g. Analysis of all views			
3.	MOTOR CONTROL, POSTURAL CONTROL	03	-	03
	AND BALANCE			
	a. Motor Control			
	b. Postural Alignment and Weight Distribution			
	c. Sensory Organisation			
	d. C.N.S. Integration			
	e. Motor Strategies			
4.	FUNCTIONAL REEDUCATION	5	5	10
	a. Principles and Indications			
	b. Mat exercises- mobility, strength and			
	balance training			
	c. Progression to sitting, standing and walking			
	d. Transfers			
5.	NEUROMUSCULAR CO-ORDINATION AND	5	5	10
	BALANCE			
	a. Definition			
	b. Physiology related to coordination			
	and Balance			
	c. Frenkels exercise ( Principles			
	and Techniques)			
	d. Balancing Exercise			
6.	GAIT andWALKING AIDS	10	15	25
	a. Gait			
	i. Definition,	3	7	10
	ii. Gait cycle and measurable Parameters			
	(Step Length, Step Width, Stride Length, Foot			
	Angle, Cadence			
	b. Walking Aids			
	i. Types			
	ii. Indications	7	8	15
	iii. Selection / Prescription			
	iv. Pre "Walking Aids" training			
	v. Measurements			
	vi. Gait with walking aids			

Sr. No.	TOPICS	Didactic Hours	Practical/ Laboratory Hours	Total Hours
7.	<b>BRONCHIAL HYGIENE</b>	12	15	27
	a. Humidification and Nebulisation i. Definition	3	1	4
	<ul> <li>ii. Types</li> <li>iii. Method of delivery</li> <li>iv. Indications and contraindications</li> <li>b. Breathing Exercise – <ol> <li>Types – Inspiratory, Expiratory (including forced expiratory technique)</li> <li>ii. Goals and Uses</li> <li>iii. Techniques</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	5	6	11
	<ul> <li>iv. ACBT</li> <li>v. Autogenic drainage</li> <li>c. Postural Drainage: <ol> <li>Definition</li> <li>Indications and Contraindications</li> <li>Assessment and Principles</li> <li>Techniques</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	4	8	12

## **PRACTICAL:** Chapter No: 1(b, c, d and e) 2, 4, 5, 6 and 7

#### **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Progressive Resisted Exercises Margaret Hollis,
- 2. Therapeutic Exercise foundation and techniques Carolyn Kisner
- 3. Muscle Testing -Daniel Kendall
- 4. Principles of Exercise Therapy Dena Gardiner

## **RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Therapeutic Exercise Basmajian and Wolf.
- 2. Orthopedic Evaluation Magee
- 3. Cash"s Textbook for Physiotherapists in Chest, Heart and Vascular diseases
- 4. Physical Rehabilitation- O"Sullivan

THEORY		Marks
* The question paper v syllabus.	Vill give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the	100
Section A- M.C.Q.	Q-1 - MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area [1 x 20]	20
Section B- S.A.O.	Q-2 - Answer any FIVE out of SIX $[5 \times 3 = 15]$	•
	Q-3- Answer any THREE out of FOUR [3 x 5 =15]	30
	* Based on topics 1( c, d and e), 2, and 7	
	Q-4] L.A.Q - 15 marks	
	Q-5] -15 marks	
Section C -L.A.Q.	OR	30
	Q-5] -15 marks	
	LAQ should give break up of 15 marks $-e.g. [3+5+7]$	
	Total Marks	80

### SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

PRACTICAL 80 MARKS + I.A. –	20 MARKS	Marks
LONG CASE	Muscle Strengthening / Mobility /Bronchial hygiene (On models)	35
SHORT CASE	Two Short cases on M.M.T. /Coordination/Posture/Gait (Measurable parameters only as mentioned in chapter 6-a) / Walking aids/ Functional Reeducation / Breathing Exercises 2 x 20 = 40 marks	40
JOURNAL	Documentation- Principles and applications for various Kinesiotherapeutics.	5
	Total Marks	80

#### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination (Theory and Practical) of 80 marks each TOTAL - 160 marks.
- 2. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 20 marks.
- 3. Internal assessment as per University pattern.

## ELECTROTHERAPY

Didactic -100 hrs+ Practical / Laboratory -200 hrs [TOTAL - 300 HRS]

### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course tends to explore fundamental skills in application of electrotherapeutic modalities and knowledge of indications, contraindications and physiological principles needed for appropriate patient care. It includes topics such as Electrical stimulation, T.E.N.S., Iontophoresis, Ultrasound / Phonophoresis, Diathermy and Electro diagnostic testing etc.

Sr.	Торіс	Didactic	Practical	Total
No.				
1	PAIN	003	-	003
2	LOW FREQUENCY CURRENTS	037	085	122
3	MEDIUM FREQUENCY CURRENTS	008	022	030
4	BIOFEEDBACK	005	-	005
5	HIGH FREQUENCY CURRENTS	012	028	040
6	SOUND	010	025	035
7	ACTINOTHERAPY	015	025	040
8	<b>ELECTROTHERAPY: WOUNDCARE</b>	010	015	025
	TOTAL	100	200	300

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to:

#### **Cognitive:**

- 1. Acquire the knowledge about the physiology of pain, Pain pathways and Methods of pain modulation, selection of appropriate modality for Pain modulations.
- 2. Describe the Physiological effects, Therapeutic uses, indication and contraindications of various Low/ Medium and High Frequency modes / Actinotherapy
- 3. Describe the Physiological Effects and therapeutic uses of various therapeutic ions and topical pharmaco -therapeutic agents to be used for the application of iontophoresis and sono/ phonophoresis

## **Psychomotor:**

- 1. Acquire the skills of application of the Electro therapy modes on models, for the purpose of Assessment and Treatment.
- 2. Acquire an ability to select the appropriate mode as per the tissue specific and area specific application.

# SYLLABUS

Sr. No.	Торіс	Didactic Hours	Practical Hours	Total Hours
1	PAIN	3	-	3
	a. Pain pathway			
	b. Pain gate theory			
	c. Descending pain suppressing system			
	d. Physiological block			
2	LOW FREQUENCY CURRENTS	37	85	122
	<ul> <li>a. Faradic currents : Physiological and Therapeutic effects, indications, contraindications: <ol> <li>Faradic type</li> <li>Strong Surged Faradic</li> <li>Sinusoidal currents</li> </ol> </li> <li>iv. Application of Faradic current a) Faradism Under pressure –</li> </ul>	12	20	32
	<ul> <li>Indications, Principle of application, Technique of application</li> <li>b) Faradic re-education: Indications, Principle of application, Technique of application</li> <li>v. Short/Long pulse currents Motor Points: Definition., Identification</li> </ul>			
	b. Galvanic / Direct currents (Continuous DC and Interrupted DC) : Physiological and	12	20	32

Therapeutic effects, Indications,

Contraindications

- i. Definition: Galvanic and Interrupted Galvanic Currents
- ii. Property of Accommodation
- iii. Technique and Methods of Application of Galvanic currents
- iv. Types Anodal and Cathodal, Therapeutic effects and uses, Technique and Methods of application, Dangers and precautions
- v. Ionization /Iontophoresis: Theory of Medical Ionisation, Effects and Uses of various Ions, Indications and

			1	-	1
(	e. High Voltage Currents		1	-	1
(	d. Micro Currents		1	-	1
(	e. Didynamic Currents				
1	Transcutaneous Electrical Ner	ve Stimulation			
	(T.E.N.S.)				
	i. Definition ,Types		5	20	25
	ii. Physiological and Therape	utic effects			
	iii. Technique and Methods of	Application			
	iv. Indications and contraindic	cations			
٤	g. Strength Duration Curves on m	odel	5	25	30
	i. Principle of S-D curves				
	ii. Technique of plotting				
	iii. Interpretation of normal cu	irves			
	iv. Chronaxie and Rheobase				
3	MEDIUM FREQUENCY CURI	RENTS	8	22	30

No.		-	Hours	Hours	Hours
Sr.		Торіс	Didactic	Practical	Total
	vii.	Dangers and Precautions			
	vi.	Indications and contraindications			
	v.	Electrodes types, Effects and Uses			
	iv.	Technique and Methods of Application			
	iii.	Physiological and Therapeutic effects			
	ii.	Definition and types			
	i.	Types: continuous / Pulsed			
	S.W.I	)			
5	HIGE	I FREQUENCY CURRENTS	12	28	40
	iii.	Uses of Biofeedback			
	ii.	Methods: Electro biofeedback.			
	i.	Principle			
4	BIOF	EEDBACK	5	-	5
	b. R	ussian Currents			
	vi.	Indications and contraindications			
		currents			
	v.	Advantages of I.F.T. over Low frequency			
		and Uses			
	iv.	Electrodes types ( including vacuum), Effects			
	iii.	Technique and Methods of Application			
	ii.	Physiological and Therapeutic effects			
	i.	Definition, Types,			
	a. Ir	nterferential Therapy			

Therapeutic Ultra Sound: Pulsed / Continuous

- i. Physiological and Therapeutic effects
- ii. Technique and Methods of Application
- iii. Phonophoresis

- iv. Indications and Contraindications
- v. Dangers and Precautions

7 ACTINOTHERAPY	15	25	40
a. Radiant heat [I.R.]			
<ul> <li>i. Physiological and Therapeutic effects</li> <li>ii. Technique and Methods of Application</li> <li>iii. Effects and Uses</li> <li>iv. Indications and contraindications</li> <li>v. Dangers and Precautions</li> </ul>	5	5	10
b. U.V.R.	6	20	26
<ul> <li>i. Types : a, b, c</li> <li>ii. Physiological and Therapeutic effects</li> <li>iii. Technique and Methods of Application</li> <li>iv. Effects and Uses</li> <li>v. Indications and contraindications</li> <li>vi. Dangers and Precautions</li> <li>vii. Test Dose</li> </ul>			
c. Laser – He/ Ne, and I.R. combination	4	-	4
<ul> <li>i. Physiological and Therapeutic effects</li> <li>ii. Technique and Methods of Application</li> <li>iii. Effects and Uses</li> <li>iv. Indications and Contraindications</li> <li>v. Dangers and Precautions</li> <li>vi. Dosage</li> </ul>			
<b>8ELECTROTHERAPY: WOUNDCARE</b>	10	15	25
<ul> <li>i. Types of wound</li> <li>ii. Application of Therapeutic currents, Ultrasound, U.V.R. and LASER</li> <li>PRACTICAL:</li> <li>Skills of application to be practiced on models in No-1 to 8 above</li> </ul>	10	15	25
RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS			
1. Clavton''s Electro Therapy			
2. Electro therapy Explained – Low and Reed			
3. Electro Therapy – Kahn			
4. Therapeutic Electricity – Sydney Litch			
5. Electrotherapy Evidence Based Practice – Sheila Kitchen			
<b>RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOK</b>			
1. Clinical Electro Therapy – Nelson and Currier			

THEORY		Marks
* The question papersyllabus.	- 20 MARKS	100
Section A-		•••
M.C.Qs.	Q-1-MCQs – based on MUS1 KNOW area [1 x 20]	20
Section B- S.A.Q.	Q-2 - Answer any FIVE out of SIX [5 x 3 =15] [MUST KNOW area]	30
	Q-3- Answer any THREE out of FOUR $[3 \times 5 = 15]$	
	based on Actinotherapy (I.R./U.V.R./LASER)	
Section C-L.A.Q.	Q-4] Based on High frequency modalities -15 marks Q-5] Based on Low/Medium freq. modalities -15 marks OR Q-5] Based on Low /Medium freq. modalities -15 marks LAQ should give break up of 15 marks – e.g. [ 3 +5+7]	30
	Total Marks	80
PRACTICAL		Marks
80 MARKS + I A		TYTUI IND
00  WIAKKS + 1.A.	- 20 MARKS	100
LONG CASE	- 20 MARKS Motor points /Strength Duration Curve / Faradism under pressure (On models)	100 35
LONG CASE	<ul> <li>20 MARKS</li> <li>Motor points /Strength Duration Curve / Faradism under pressure (On models)</li> <li>1. Based on Low or Medium Frequency modalities / High Frequency modalities</li> <li>2. Actinotherapy <ul> <li>(I.R./U.V.R./LASER)</li> <li>2 x 20 = 40 marks</li> <li>(Skill of application on models and rationale for selection of modality)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	100 35 40
JOURNAL	<ul> <li>20 MARKS</li> <li>Motor points /Strength Duration Curve / Faradism under pressure (On models)</li> <li>1. Based on Low or Medium Frequency modalities / High Frequency modalities</li> <li>2. Actinotherapy <ul> <li>(I.R./U.V.R./LASER)</li> <li>2 x 20 = 40 marks</li> <li>(Skill of application on models and rationale for selection of modality)</li> </ul> </li> <li>Documentation- Principles and applications for various Electrotherapy Modalities.</li> </ul>	100 35 40 5

### SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

#### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- 1. Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination (Theory and Practical) of 80 marks each TOTAL 160 marks.
- 2. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 20 marks
- 3. Internal assessment as per University pattern

# SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS AT A GLANCE

	]	Гheory		Practical		
Subjects						
	University	I.A.	Total	University	I.A.	Total
Pathology and	40	10	50			
	40	10	50			
Microbiology						
Pharmacology	40	10	50			
Psychiatry (including	40	10	50			
Psychology)						
Kinesiology	80	20	100			
Kinesiotherapy	80	20	100	80	20	100
Electrotherapy	80	20	100	80	20	100
Total	400	100	500	160	40	200

## - <u>II B.P.T.</u>

## III **B. P.Th.** SYLLABUS Transcript Hours- 1400

Sr. No.	SUBJECTS	Theory Hours	Laboratory / Clinical Hours	Total Hours
	PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE			
1	Professional Practice and Ethics (College Examination in final year)	10	005	015
	MEDICAL SCIENCES			
2	Surgery- (Cardiovascular and Thoracic Surgery, General Surgery and Plastic/Reconstructive Surgery)	030	025	055
3	Orthopaedics	040	020	060
4	Medicine-I (Cardiovascular Respiratory Medicine, General Medicine, Rheumatology and Gerontology)	045	010	055
5	Medicine-II (Neurology and Paediatrics)	045	020	065
6	Community Medicine and Sociology	050	010	060
7	Obstetrics andGynaecology (College Examination)	020	010	030
8	Dermatology (College Examination)	010	-	010
	Radiodiodianos			
9.	Oncology	10 10		
	PHYSIOTHERAPY			
9	Functional Diagnosis and Physiotherapeutic Skills	135	325	460
10	Seminar (including ICF)	-	090	090
11	Supervised clinical practice	-	500	500
	TOTAL	385	1015	1400

# **PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE AND ETHICS**

## (COLLEGE EXAMINATION IN FINAL YEAR)

## TOTAL -15 HRS

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This subject would be taught in continuum from first year to final year. An exam in theory would be conducted only in final year. Professional and ethical practice curriculum content addresses the Knowledge, Skills and Behaviors required of the physiotherapist in a range of practice relationships and roles. The course will discuss the role, responsibility, ethics administration issues and accountability of the physical therapists. The course will also cover the history and change in the profession, responsibilities of the professional to the profession, the public and to the health care team. This includes the application of professional and ethical reasoning and decision-making strategies, professional communication.

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

#### At the end of the course the student will be compliant in following domains: Cognitive:

a) Be able to understand the moral values and meaning of ethics.

b) Will acquire bedside manners and communication skills in relation with

patients, peers, seniors and other professionals.

#### **Psychomotor:**

a) Be able to develop psychomotor skills for physiotherapist-patient relationship.

b) Skill to evaluate and make decision for plan of management based on sociocultutural values and referral practice.

#### Affective:

a) Be able to develop behavioral skills and humanitarian approach while communicating with patients, relatives, society at large and co-professionals

b) Be able to develop bed side behavior, respect and maintain patients" confidentiality

Sr.	Topics	Didactic	Visits/	Total
No.		Hours	Supervision	Hour
			Hours	S
1.	Collecting data on psychosocial factors in	04		
	Medicine / Surgery / Reproductive Health /			
	Paediatrics		05	15
2.	Inter professional communication.	03		
3.	Ethics in clinical practice	03		
	TOTAL	10	05	15

**SYLLABUS** 

## SURGERY

## (General Surgery, Cardiovascular and Thoracic Surgery and Plastic/ Reconstructive Surgery)

(Didactic-35hrs + Clinical -20 hrs) TOTAL =55HRS

## **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course intends to familiarize students with principles of General surgery including various specialties like cardiovascular, thoracic, neurology and plastic surgery. It also familiarizes the students with terminology and abbreviations for efficient and effective chart reviewing and documentation. It explores various conditions needing attention, focusing on epidemiology, pathology, as well as primary and secondary clinical characteristics and their surgical and medical management. The purpose of this course is to make physiotherapy students aware of various surgical conditions general surgery and specialty surgeries so these can be physically managed effectively both pre as well as postoperatively.

Sr.	Topics	Didactic	Clinical	Total
No.		Hours	Hours	Hours
1.	GENERAL SURGERY INCLUDING CARDIO VASCULAR AND THORACIC SURGERY , PLASTIC SURGERY / RECONSTRUCTIVE SURGERY	35	20	55

## **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the candidate will be able to:

- 1. Describe the effects of surgical trauma and Anaesthesia in general
- 2. Clinically evaluate and describe the surgical management in brief of
  - a) General Surgery
  - b) Neuro Surgery
  - c) Cardiovascular and Thoracic Surgery
  - d) ENT and Ophthalmic Surgery
  - e) Plastic and Reconstructive Surgery
- 3. Describe pre-operative evaluation, surgical indications in various surgical approaches, management and post operative care in above mentioned areas with possible complications.
- 4. Be able to read and interpret findings of the relevant investigations

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic	Clinical	Total
		Hours	Hours	Hours
	GENERAL SURGERY CARDIO VASCULAR			
	AND THORACIC			
	SURGERY, PLASTIC SURGERY			
1	/ENT/NEURO/CUTS	35	20	55
	<ul> <li>a. Anaesthesia types, Effect, indications and contraindications and common postoperative complications</li> <li>b. Haemorrhage and Shock, classification, description and treatment</li> <li>c. Water and Electrolyte imbalance</li> <li>d. Inflammation – acute and chronic-signs, symptoms, complications and management</li> <li>e. Wounds and Ulcers, Cellulitis – classification, healing process, management, bandaging, Dressing solutions and its uses and debridement Procedure, hand washing and universal precautions.</li> <li>f. Enumerate Common abdominal surgical incisions – classification, indications, opening – closure, advantages and disadvantages, complications (including burst abdomen and feacal fistula), minimally invasive surgery.</li> <li>g. Mastectomy and oncosurgery– approach, complications and management</li> <li>h. Amputation – types, sites, complications and management</li> <li>j. Varicose veins and PVD</li> <li>k. Hernias-surgery, precautions and complications</li> </ul>			
	1. Transplantation approach, risk			
	m. Head Injury management			
	. n.Post operative Neurosurgical care			

## SYLLABUS

Sr. No.	, r	Fopics	Didactic Hours	Clinical Hours	Total Hours
	0	Tracheostomy – indications, surgical approach and management			
	р. q. г.	Introduction, Cardiorespiratory resuscitation, cardiopulmonary bypass, Special investigation procedures in cardiac surgery, Basic techniques in cardiac surgery approach, incisions, Types of operation, Complications of cardiac surgery, Lines, drains and tubes. Peripheral arterial disorder, Burger"s disease, Raeynaud"s disease and Aneurysm Gangrene, Amputation, DVT			
	s. t. u. v. w.	Skin grafts and flaps – Types, indications with special emphasis to burns, wounds Ulcers, complications and postoperative care Keloid and Hypertrophied scar management Reconstructive surgery of peripheral nerves Micro vascular surgery- reimplantation and revascularization			

#### 1. Evaluation / presentation and recording of one case each in: (15 Hrs)

- a) Burns
- b) Wound and ulcer
- c) Head injury
- d) Peripheral vascular condition
- e) Post radical mastectomy
- f) Post thoracic surgery
- g) Post abdominal surgery
- h) Plastic surgery
- 2. Auscultation and its interpretation with special emphasis to Reading and interpretation of the X-ray chest.

## **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Short practice of surgery-- Bailey and Love
- 2. Textbook of Surgery Das

SCHEME OF	UNIVERSITY	EXAMINATION
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THEORY		Marks
40 MARKS + I.A 10 I	MARKS	
* The question paper wil syllabus.	l give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the	50
Section A –M.C.Qs.	Q-1 MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area [1 x 10]	10
Section B- S.A.Q.	Q-2 - Answer any FIVE out of SIX [5 x 3 = 15] * Based on topics – GENERAL SURGERY and PLASTIC SURGERY	15
	Q-3 - Answer any FIVE out of SIX [5 x 3 = 15] * Based on topics – CARDIOVASCULAR and THORACIC SURGERY	15
	Total Marks	40

Clinical Case Presentation (COLLEGE EXAMINATION)	Marks
Conducted at the end of Preliminary examination -	20
Based on Case presentation, Examination and Viva	

#### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- 1. One examination of Total 40 marks (Theory only)
- 2. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 10 marks
- 3. Internal assessment as per University pattern.
- 4. Betterment exam will not be conducted

## ORTHOPAEDICS

(Didactic-40hrs + Clinical -20hrs) TOTAL =60 HRS

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course intends to familiarize students with principles of orthopaedic surgery along with familiarization with terminology and abbreviations for efficient and effective chart reviewing and documentation. It also explores various orthopaedic conditions needing attention, focusing on epidemiology, pathology, as well as primary and secondary clinical characteristics and their surgical and medical management. The purpose of this course is to make physiotherapy students aware of various orthopaedic surgical conditions so these can be physically managed effectively both pre as well as postoperatively.

Sr.	Topics	Didactic	Clinical	Total
No.		Hours	Hours	Hours
1	Fractures	6	3	9
2	Dislocations and Subluxations	4	2	6
3	Soft Tissue And Traumatic Injuries	4	2	6
4	Deformities And Anomalies	11	3	14
5	Degenerative And Inflammatory Conditions	6	3	9
6	Management Of Metabolic Disorders	2	2	4
7	General Orthopaedic Disorders	5	3	8
8	Tumors	2	2	4
	Total	40	20	60

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the candidate will -

- a) Be able to discuss the, aetiology, Pathophysiology, clinical manifestations and conservative / surgical management of various traumatic and cold cases of the Musculoskeletal Conditions.
- b) Gain the skill of clinical examination; apply special tests and interpretation of the preoperative old cases and all the post-operative cases.
- c) Be able to read and interpret salient features of the X-ray of the Spine and Extremities and correlate the radiological findings with the clinical findings.
- d) Be able to interpret Pathological / Biochemical studies pertaining to Orthopaedic conditions.

Sr. No	Topics	Didactic Hours	Clinical Hours	Total Hours
1	FRACTURES	6	3	9
	a. Definition, Classification, Causes,			-
	Clinical features, healing of			
	fractures and Complications.			
	b. Principles of general management of			
	i. Fracture of the Upper Extremity			
	ii. Fracture of the Lower Extremity			
	iii. Fracture of the vertebral column,			
	thorax and pelvis			
	iv. Emergency care and first aid.			
2	DISLOCATIONS and SUBLUXATIONS	4	2	6
	a. Definition, General description,			
	Principles of general description and			
	management of traumatic dislocation			
	and subluxation of common joints.			
	1. Shoulder joint			
	11. Acromioclavicular joint			
	111. Elbow joint			
	IV. Hip joint			
2	V. Knee joint	4	2	
5	SOFT HISSUE AND TRAUMATIC	4	2	0
	a Introduction Anatomy and physiology			
	general description grade of injury			
	and management of injuries of			
	i Ligaments Bursae Fascia			
	ii. Muscles and Tendons			
	iii. Muscles and tendons injuries of			
	upper and lower limb			
	b. Cervicolumbar injuries ,Whiplash of			
	the cervical spine			
	c. Crush injuries of hand and foot			
4	DEFORMITIES AND ANOMALIES	11	3	14
	a. Definition ,Causes , Classification ,			
	Congenital and acquired deformities			
	Physical and clinical and			
	radiological features, Complications			
	b. Principles of medical and surgical			
	management of the deformities			

## SYLLABUS

		Didactic	Clinical	Total
Sr.	Topics	Hours	Hours	Hours
	c. General description of following			
	i Deformities of the spine:			
	a) Scoliosis			
	h) Kyphosis			
	c) Lordosis			
	d) Flat back			
	e) Torticollis			
	ii Deformities of the lower limb:			
	a) $C D H$ cova vara cova valga			
	anteversion Retroversion			
	b) Genu valgum Genu varum Genu			
	recurvatum, C.D.K.			
	c) Talipes calcaneous equinus, varus and			
	valgus			
	d) Pes cavus, Pes planus			
	e) Hallux valgus and varus, Hallux rigidus			
	and hammer toe			
	iii. Deformities of Shoulder and Upper limb			
	a) Sprengel"s shoulder, Cubitus varus,			
	Cubitus valgus			
	b) Dupuytren"s contracture			
5	DEGENERATIVE AND	6	3	9
	INFLAMMATORY CONDITIONS			
	a. Osteo-orthosis/Arthritis			
	b. Spondylosis			
	c. Spondylolysis and listhesis			
	d. Pyogenic arthritis			
	e. Rheumatoid arthritis			
	f. Juvenile arthritis			
	g. Tuberculous arthritis			
	h. Gouty arthritis			
	i. Haemophilic arthritis			
	j. Neuropathic arthritis			
	k. Ankylosing spondylitis			
	1. Psoriatic arthritis			
6	MANAGEMENT OF METABOLIC	2	2	4
	DISORDERS			
	a. Osteoporosis			
	b. Osteomalacia and Rickets			
7	GENERAL ORTHOPAEDIC DISORDERS	5	3	8

PIMS (DU), Degree Programme (DAPJAKCOP)-Syllabus, implemented from Academic Year 2018-2019

	a.	Carpel tunnel syndrome /Entrapment nerve injuries			
	b.	Compartment syndrome,			
	c.	Avascular necrosis of bone in adult and children			
	i.	Gangrene			
	ii.	Backache /P.I.D.			
8	TUM	ORS	2	2	4
	i.	Classification, Principles of general			
		management			
	ii.	General description of benign and			
		malignant tumours of musculoskeletal			
		system			

### CLINICAL (20 HRS)

- 3. Independent clinical orthopaedic evaluation presentation and recording of:
  - a) One acute soft tissue lesion (including nerve injury)
  - b) Two cases of degenerative arthritis of extremity joint ( One each in Upper Extremity and One Lower Extremity)
  - c) Two cases of spine (one P.I.D., one traumatic)
  - d) One post operative case of fractures of extremities with fixation/ replacement knee / hip
  - e) One paraplegia / quadriplegia

## **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Outline of Fractures –Adams
- 2. Outline of Orthopedics.--Adams
- 3. Apley's systems of orthopedics and fractures by Louis Solomon, 9th edition

## SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

THEORY		Marks		
40 MARKS + I.A. –	40 MARKS + I.A. – 10 MARKS			
* The question paper will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the syllabus.				
Section A .MCQs	Q-1 - MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area [1 x 10]	10		
Section B- S.A.Q	Q-2 - Answer any FIVE out of SIX $[5 \times 3 = 15]$	15		
	Q-3 - Answer any FIVE out of SIX $[5 \times 3 = 15]$	15		
	Total Marks	40		

Clinical Case Presentation (COLLEGE EXAMINATION)	Marks
Conducted at the end of Preliminary examination -	
Based on Case presentation, Examination and Viva	20

#### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- 1. One examination of Total 40 marks (Theory only)
- 2. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 10 marks
- 3. Internal assessment as per University pattern.

## **MEDICINE-I**

## (Cardiovascular Respiratory Medicine, General Medicine and Gerontology)

(Didactic-45 hrs + Clinical-10 hrs) TOTAL-55 HRS

## **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course intends to familiarize students with medical terminology and abbreviations for efficient and effective chart reviewing and documentation. It also explores selected systemic diseases, focusing on epidemiology, pathology, histology, etiology as well as primary and secondary clinical characteristics and their management. Discusses and integrates subsequent medical management of General, Rheumatology, Gerontology, Cardio-vascular and Respiratory systems, to formulate appropriate intervention, indications, precautions and contraindications.

Sr.	Topics	Didactic	Clinical	Total
No.		Hours	Hours	Hours
1	CARDIO-VASCULAR and	30	05	35
	<b>RESPIRATORY MEDICINE</b>			
2	GENERAL MEDICINE,	15	05	20
	<b>RHEUMATOLOGY</b> and			
	GERONTOLOGY			
	TOTAL	45	10	55

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the candidate will:

- 1. Be able to describe Etiology, Pathophysiology, Signs and Symptoms and Management of the various Endocrinal, Metabolic, Geriatric and Nutrition Deficiency conditions.
- 2. Be able to describe Etiology, Pathophysiology, Signs and Symptoms, Clinical Evaluation and Management of the various Rheumatologic Cardiovascular and Respiratory Conditions.
- 3. Acquire skill of history taking and clinical examination of Musculoskeletal, Respiratory, Cardio-vascular and Neurological System as a part of clinical teaching.
- 4. Be able to interpret auscultation findings with special emphasis to pulmonary system.
- 5. Study Chest X-ray, Blood gas analysis, P.F.T. findings and Haematological studies, for Cardiovascular, Respiratory, Neurological and Rheumatological conditions.
- 6. Be able to describe the principles of Management at the Intensive Care Unit.
- 7. Be able to acquire the skills of Basic Life Support.
- 8. Acquire knowledge of various drugs used for each medical condition to understand its effects and its use during therapy.

Sr.	Topics	Didactic	Clinical	Total
No.		Hours	Hours	Hours
1	CARDIO-VASCULAR and RESPIRATORY MEDICINE :	30	5	35
	a. Cardio-Vascular Diseases	11	2	
	i. Hypertension – systemic	1		
	ii. Cardiac Conditions-	4		
	a) I.H.D. (Angina, Myocardial infarction)			
	b) R.H.D.			
	c) Infective Endocarditis			
	d) Cardio myopathy			
	e) Heart Failure			
	iii. Valvular Heart Disease	2		
	a) Congenital			
	b) Acquired			
	iv. Congenital Heart Disease	1		
	v. Investigations	3		
	a) Basics of E.C.G. [Normal and Abnormal			
	(Ischaemia, Infarction and Arrhythmias)]			
	b) Observation of conduction of stress test			
	on patient			
	c) 2D Echo (Ejection Fraction and Wall motion			
	Abnormality)			- 1
	<b>b.</b> Diseases of the Respiratory System :	17	3	
	i. Common Infectious diseases like Tuberculosis,	3		
	Pneumonia, Lung Abscess, and Bronchiectasis.			
	ii.Diseases of Pleura like Pleural Effusion,	2		
	Pneumothorax, Hydropneumothorax, and			
	Empyema.			
	iii.ILD and Occupational lung diseases like Silicosis,	2		
	Asbestosis, Pneumoconiosis, Brucellosis,			
	Farmer"s Lung.			
	iv. Obstructive Airway Diseases (C.O.P.D. with Cor	3		
	Pulmonale, Pulmonary Hypertension, Bronchial			
ļ	Asthma and Cystic Fibrosis)			ļļ
	v. Intensive Care Unit	3		
	a) Infrastructure			
	b) Instrumentation.			
	c) Mechanical Ventilation (settings and monitoring)			
	d) Assessment, monitoring and management of patient in I.C.U.			

## SYLLABUS

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Clinical Hours	Total Hours
	vi. Basic Life Support :Introduction and Demonstration	2		
	<ul> <li>vii. Investigation: Normal and Abnormal</li> <li>1. Chest X-ray</li> <li>2. Blood Gas Analysis</li> <li>3. PFT(Observation of conduction on patient)</li> </ul>	2		
2	GENERAL MEDICINE, RHEUMATOLOGY and GERENTOLOGY	15	05	20
	<ul> <li>a. General Medicine <ol> <li>Disorders of Endocrine system (Diabetes)</li> <li>Introduction, pathophysiology, types, role of physical activity, complications of diabetes (autonomic neuropathy, myopathy, weakness) and medications.</li> <li>Thyroid, Pituitary and Adrenal conditions Cushing"s syndrome</li> <li>Obesity</li> <li>Nutrition Deficiency Disease (Rickets, Vit. E, Vit. D, Vit. B, micro nutrients,(Zn, Se)</li> <li>Intoxication (Drug abuse; Alcohol, smoking, cocaine dependence)</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	7	2	
	Rheumatological Conditions (Connective tissueb.disorders)i.Rheumatoid Arthritisii.S L Eiii.S S Aiv.Goutv.Polymyositisvi.Fibro myalgia Ankylosing spondylitisvii.Auto-immune disorders	5	2	
	<ul> <li>C. Geriatric Conditions <ol> <li>Osteoarthritis</li> <li>Cervical spondylosis</li> <li>Pathological fractures</li> <li>Stem cell therapy and Gene therapy</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	3	1	

## **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. API- Text book of Medicine, 5<sup>th</sup> edition
- 2. Medicine-- P.J. Mehta

## **RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOK**

1. Principles and Practice of Medicine -- Davidson

### CLINICAL - 10 HRS

History taking, Evaluation –General Examination and Systemic examination (Inspection,

Palpation, Percussion and Auscultation )

- 1. Presentation and recording of Two cases Each in:
  - a. Muscular disorders
  - b. Respiratory Conditions
  - c. Cardio Vascular Conditions
  - d. Degenerative / Rheumatological Condition
  - e. Obesity
  - f. Nutritional disorders
  - g. Diabetes Mellitus and Metabolic bone disorders.

#### SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

1 <b>111115</b>
50
10
15
15
13
40
_

Clinical Examination (COLLEGE EXAMINATION)	
Conducted at the end of Preliminary examination 1. General Medicine, Rheumatology -10 Marks and Gerontology 2. Cardio-Vascular and Respiratory Medicine -10 Marks	20

#### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- 1. One examination of Total 40 marks (Theory only)
- 2. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 10 marks
- 3. Internal assessment as per University pattern.
- 4. Betterment exam will not be conducted.

## **MEDICINE-II**

## (Neurology and Paediatrics)

(Didactic - 45 hrs + Clinical - 20 hrs) TOTAL - 65 HRS

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course intends to familiarize students with medical terminology and abbreviations for efficient and effective chart reviewing and documentation, It also explores select systemic diseases, focusing on epidemiology, etiology, pathology, histology as well as primary and secondary clinical characteristics and their management. It discusses and integrates subsequent medical management of Neurological and Paediatric conditions to formulate appropriate intervention, indications, precautions and contraindications.

Sr.	Topics	Didactic	Clinical	Total
INO.		Hours	Hours	Hours
1	NEUROLOGY	25	10	35
2	PAEDIATRICS	20	10	30
	TOTAL	45	20	65

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the candidate will:

- 1. Be able to describe Aetiology, Pathophysiology, signs and Symptoms and Management of the various Neurological andPaediatric conditions.
- 2. Acquire skill of history taking and clinical examination of Neurological andPaediatric conditions as a part of clinical teaching.
- 3. Acquire knowledge of various drugs used for each medical condition to understand its effects and its use during therapy.
- 4. Acquire knowledge in brief about intra-uterine development of the foetus.
- 5. Be able to describe normal development and growth of a child, importance of Immunization, breast-feeding and psychological aspect of development.
- 6. Be able to describe neuromuscular, musculoskeletal, cardio-vascular and respiratory conditions related to immunological conditions, nutritional deficiencies, infectious diseases, and genetically transmitted conditions.
- 7. Acquire skill of clinical examination of a neonate / child with respect to neurological, musculoskeletal and respiratory function.
| Sr.      |  | Didactic | Clinical     | Total       |
|----------|--|----------|--------------|-------------|
| No       | Topics   | Houng    | Hanna        | Hanna       |
| <u>1</u> | NEUROLOGY  | Hours 25 | <u>Hours</u> | Hours<br>35 |
| -        | a Introduction to Nervous System   | 1        |              |             |
|          |  | 1        |              |             |
|          | 1. Applied anatomy   |          |              |             |
|          | ii. Applied physiology   |          |              |             |
|          | <ul> <li>b. Cerebro Vascular Accidents</li> <li>i. Thrombosis, Embolism, Haemorrhage</li> <li>ii. Level of Lesion and symptoms</li> <li>iii. Management</li> </ul>       | 3        | 1            |             |
|          | <ul> <li>c. Extra Pyramidal lesions – Basal<br/>Ganglia</li> <li>i. Parkinsonism</li> <li>ii. Athetosis, Chorea, Dystonia</li> </ul>                                     | 2        | 1            |             |
|          | <ul> <li>d. Differential diagnosis of muscle wasting</li> <li>i. Approach to neuropathies</li> <li>ii. Myopathies and neuromuscular junction disorders.</li> </ul>       | 5        | 2            |             |
|          | e. Disorders of Anterior Horn cell with<br>differential diagnosis of Motor Neuron<br>Disease, S.M.A., Syringomyelia,<br>Peroneal Muscular Atrophy, and<br>Poliomyelitis. | 2        | 2            | •           |
|          | f. Multiple Sclerosis  | 1        |              |             |
|          | g. Infections of the nervous system:<br>Encephalitis, Neurosyphilis, H.I.V.<br>infection, Herpes, Meningitis, Tabes<br>Dorsalis  | 2        |              |             |
|          | h. Tetanus   | 1        |              |             |
|          | i. Epilepsy  | 1        |              |             |
|          | j. Alzheimer"s Disease, Dementia   | 1        |              | +           |
|          | k. Disorders of cerebellar function  | 1        | 2            |             |
|          | <ol> <li>Disorders of cranial nerves and Special<br/>Senses</li> </ol>   | 2        |              |             |
|          | <ul> <li>m. Disorders of Spinal cord</li> <li>i. Syndromes</li> <li>ii. Bladder dysfunction</li> <li>iii. Autonomic dysfunction</li> </ul>                               | 3        | 2            |             |
|          |  |          |              |             |

## SYLLABUS

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Clinical Hours	Total Hours
2	PAEDIATRICS	20	10	30
	a. Normal intra-uterine development of foetus with special reference to Central Nervous System, Neuromuscular System, Cardiovascular Respiratory System	1		
	b. Normal development and growth	2		
	c. Immunization and breast-feeding	1	1	
	d. Sepsis, Prematurity, Asphyxia Hyperbilirubinemia and birth injuries	1		
	e. Cerebral Palsy- Medical Management including early intervention	2	2	
	f. Developmental disorders associated with spinal cord: Spinal Dysraphism, Spina Bifida, Meningocele, Myelomeningocele, hydrocephalus	1	2	
	<ul> <li>g. Common infections</li> <li>C.N.S.and Peripheral Nervous</li> <li>a) System</li> <li>b) Typhoid, Rubella, Mumps, Measles, Diphtheria, Chicken gunia, Malaria</li> </ul>	2	1	
	h. Epilepsy	1		
	i. Mental Retardation and Down"s Syndrome	1	1	
	j. Genetically transmitted neuro- muscular conditions	2		
	k. Malnutrition and Vitamin deficiency conditions	1		
	<ol> <li>Juvenile R. A. and other Rheumatologic conditions of Musculoskeletal system</li> </ol>	1	1	
	m. Common diseases of the Respiratory system: Asthma, Bronchitis, Bronchiectasis, T.B., Pneumonia, Lung collapse, Pleural effusion.	2	2	
	n. Respiratory distress in neonate	1		
	o. Rheumatic and Congenital Heart disease	1		

#### CLINICAL (10 HRS)

History taking and general examination in neonate and child

- 1. Examination of neonate and neonatal reflexes.
- 2. Examination of the central nervous system
- 3. Examination of respiratory system
- 4. Examination of cardiovascular system
- 5. Examination of musculoskeletal system
- 6. Ventilatory care in neonate and child.

#### **RECOMMONDED TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Essentials of Paediatrics O.P. Ghai-Inter Print publications
- 2. Clinical Paediatrics Meherban Singh

#### SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

THEORY		Marks
40 MARKS + I.A 10	MARKS	
** The question paper will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the syllabus.		50
Section A .MCQs Q-1 -MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area [ 1 x 10]		10
Section B- S.A.Q	Q-2 - Answer any FIVE out of SIX $[5 \times 3 = 15]$	15
	* Based on topics – <b>PAEDIATRICS</b>	
Section B- S.A.Q	Q-3 - Answer any FIVE out of SIX $[5 \times 3 = 15]$	15
* Based on topics – <b>NEUROLOGY</b>		
	Total Marks	40

Clinical Examination (COLLEGE	EXAMINATION)	Marks
Conducted at the end of Preliminary examination	on	
1. Neurology	-10 Marks	20
2. Paediatrics	-10 Marks	

#### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- 1. One examination of Total 40 marks (Theory only)
- 2. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 10 marks
- 3. Internal assessment as per University pattern.

#### COMMUNITY HEALTH and SOCIOLOGY TOTAL 60 HRS

## A-C COMMUNITY HEALTH

(Didactic- 30 Hours + Visits -10 Hours) Total 40hrs

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

The course is organized to introduce the concept of health care and management issues in Health Services. It will help them in assuming a leadership role in their profession and assume the responsibility of guidance. It will help them assume wider responsibilities at all levels of health services. It will help them in improving their performance through better understanding of the health services at all the levels of community.

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the candidate shall be able to understand the contents given in the syllabus.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours
1	GENERAL CONCEPTS and DETERMINANTS OF HEALTH and	04
	DISEASES:	
	a. National and International Definition of Health, Role of	1
	Socio-Economic and Cultural Environment in Health and Disease.	1
	b. Epidemiology – Definition and scope, uses with relevance to physiotherapy	1
	c. Environmental Hygiene including man and his surrounding,	2
	Occupational and Industrial hygiene, Village and Town Sanitation,	
	Bacteriology of Water, Milk, and Food Hygiene.	
2	NATIONAL PUBLIC HEALTH ADMINISTRATION	1
3	HEALTHCARE DELIVERY SYSTEM:	2
	a. Healthcare Delivery System of India	
	b. National Health Programmes	
	c. Role of W.H.O.	
	d. Millennium Development Goals for All	
4	PRIMARY HEALTHCARE:	1
	a. Definition	
	b. Principles,	
	c. Elements and its application	
5	EPIDEMIOLOGY OF SOCIO-ECONOMICAL and CULTURAL	4
	<b>ISSUES</b> - related to morbidity in relation to the following vulnerable	
	groups.	
	a. Women:	1
	i. Pregnant and lactating women, maternal health (ANC,PNC,INC)	
	ii. Perimenopausal women"s" health: physical and psychological	

**SYLLABUS** 

	b. Infants: (Low Birth Weight, Breast feeding, Complimentary feeding,	2
	IYCN, IMNCI Vaccine preventable diseases, Immunization	
	programmes, Infant and childhood mortality)	
	c. Children:	1
	Child health, Growth monitoring under five clinic, ICDS, PEM	
	d. School aged population health:	1
	Early detection and prevention of disabilities, behavioral problems	
6	DEMOGRAPHY AND OBJECTIVES OF NATIONAL FAMILY	2
	WELFARE PROGRAMMES AND NATIONAL POPULATION	
7	COMMUNICADI E DISEASES	2
/	COMMUNICABLE DISEASES	3
	An over-view [including prevention and control] T.B., H.I.V., Leprosy,	
	Vector	
	orne diseases- Malaria / Filariasis / Dengue/ Cinkungunya/ Japanese	
Q	NON COMMUNICADI E DISEASES.	2
o	Diabetes Mellitus, Hypertension, Coronary Heart Disease / Obesity /	4
	Blindness/ Accidents /Stroke/ Cancer	
9	NUTRITIONAL DISEASES:	4
		•
	Malnutrition, Nutrional disorders and National nutrition programmes,	
	Osteomalacia, Rickets, Neuropathies due to Vitamin - deficiency, Skeletal	
	Deformities.	
10	MENTAL HEALTH:	2
	a. Socio-economical and cultural aspects	
	b. Substance abuse and addiction –tobacco, alcohol and others	
11	OCCUPATIONAL HEALTH:	1
	Occupational diseases and hazards - definition, scope, prevention and	
	legislations, Occupational lung diseases and Physical injuries/pains.	
12	GERIATRIC HEALTH:	1
	a. Physical, social, economical aspects	
	b. Osteoporosis, Malnutrition, Alzheimer"s disease, Parkinson"s disease	
13	HOSPITAL WASTE MANAGEMENT:	1
	Universal Safety Precautions, Immunization of health care providers	
	including their vaccination.	
14	COMMUNITY REHABILITATION	2

#### **COMMUNITY VISITS:**

Community health centers: Urban and Rural 5 visits of 2 hours each-10 Hours

- 1. Rural health care centre, Rahata.
- 2. Old age home, Shirdi
- 3. School for mentally challenged
- 4. School for the Deaf and dumb
- 5. School for blind

#### **RECOMMONDED TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Park"s Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine K. Park
- 2. Textbook of Preventive and Social Medicine P.K. Mahajan and M.C. Gupta
- 3. Essential of Community Medicine Baride and Kulkarni
- 4. Sociology by Dr. Rao

## **B- SOCIOLOGY**

#### Total 20 hrs

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course covers the basic knowledge and concepts of sociology to with the aim to help them understand the impact of group, culture and environment on the behavior and health of the patients. Make them realize the importance of the relationship of the physical therapist and the patient and the environment around them.

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the candidate shall be able to understand the contents given in the syllabus.

Sr.		Didactic
No.	Topics	Hours
1	INTRODUCTION:	1
	Definition and Relevance with Physiotherapy and social factors affecting Health status, Decision Making in taking treatment.	
2	SOCIALIZATION:	1
	Definition, Influence, of Social Factors, on Personality, Socialization in the Hospital and Rehabilitation of the patients.	
3	SOCIAL GROUPS:	1
	Concepts, Influence of formal and informal groups of Health and Diseases, Role of Primary and Secondary Groups in the Hospital and Rehabilitation Setting.	
4	FAMILY:	1
	Influence on human personality, Role of family in health and disease	
5	COMMUNITY ROLE:	1
	Rural and Urban communities in Public Health, Role of community in determining Beliefs, Practices and Home Remedies in Treatment.	
6	CULTURE:	1
	Component"s impact on human behavior, Role of community in determining beliefs, practices and health seeking behavior and home remedies	
7	SOCIAL CHANGE FACTORS:	1
	Human Adaptation, Stress, Deviance, Health Programme Role of Social Planning in the improvement of Health and in Rehabilitation.	

#### SYLLABUS

8	SOCIAL CONTROL:	1		
	Definition, Role of norms, Folkways, Customs, Morals, Religion, Law			
	and other means of social controls in the regulation of Human			
	Behavior, Social Deviance and Disease			
9	POPULATION GROUPS :	5		
	a. Children: Street children, Child labour, Juvenile delinquency			
	b. Women"s: Victims of domestic violence and addiction, C.S.W.,			
	physically and /or mentally challenged			
	c. Role of NGOs, Social support systems			
`10	Social Security and Social Legislation in relation to the Disabled	1		
11	Role of a Medical Social Worker	1		
12	Sociology of Brain Death and/ or Organ donation:	1		
13	SOCIAL PROBLEMS:	4		
	Population explosion, Poverty, Dowry, Illiteracy- Causes, prevention			
	and Control measures.			

#### **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. An Introduction to Sociology Sachdeva and Bhushan
- 2. Indian Social Problems Madan, Vol-I-Madras
- 3. Sociology- Dr.Rao

#### SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION (THEORY ONLY)

THEORY			
80 MARKS + I.A. – 20 MARKS			
* The question paper will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the syllabus.			
	MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area		
Section A- Q-1 and Q-			
2	Q-1 1 based on <b>COMMUNITY MEDICINE</b> [1x20]	30	
	Q-2 2 based on <b>SOCIOLOGY</b> [1 x10]		
Questions based on COMMUNITY MEDICINE			
Section B-Q-3 and Q- 4	SAQ Q-3 -to answer any FIVE out of SIX [5x3=15]	30	
	SAQ Q-4-to answer any THREE out of FOUR [3x5=15]		
	Questions based on SOCIOLOGY		
Section C-Q-5	SAQ – to answer any FOUR out of FIVE [4 x 5=20]	20	
	Total Marks	80	

#### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- 1. Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination of 80 marks each TOTAL 160 marks
- 2. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 20 marks.
- 3. Internal assessment as per University pattern.
- 4. Betterment exam will not be conducted.

#### **GYNAECOLOGY and OBSTETRICS**

#### (COLLEGE EXAMINATION)

(Didactic - 20 hrs + Clinical - 10 hrs) TOTAL 30 HRS

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course intends to provide introduction to women's health which includes problems related to pregnancy, osteoporosis, and other disorders specific to women. Topics will focus on medical terminology, clinical examination, evaluation, comparing contemporary, traditional interventions and the impact of evolving technology in this area. It also emphasises on evaluation and medical treatment of pelvic floor dysfunctions.

			Practical/L	
Sr.	Topics	Didactic	ab	Total
No.		Hours	Hours	Hours
1	PHYSIOLOGY OF PUBERTY and	2		2
	MENSTRUATION			
2	PHYSIOLOGY OF PREGNANCY	2	1	3
3	PHYSIOLOGY OF LABOUR	2		2
4	POST NATAL PERIOD	2	5	7
	COMMON MEDICAL PROBLEMS IN			
5	PREGNANCY	1		1
6	URO-GENITAL DYSFUNCTION	2	2	4
7	GYNAECOLOGICAL SURGERIES	2	1	3
8	PRE, PERI and POST MENOPAUSE	2	1	3
9	COMMON GYNAECOLOGICAL CANCERS	2	1	3
	TOTAL	17	13	30

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, student will be able to describe:

- a) Normal and abnormal physiological events, complications and management during Puberty.
- b) Normal and abnormal physiological events, complications and management of pregnancy (Pregnancy, Labour, Puerperium)
- c) Normal and abnormal physiological events, complications and management of menopause.
- d) Normal and abnormal physiological events, complications and management of urogenital dysfunction.(Antenatal, Postnatal, during menopause)
- e) The student will be able to acquire the cognitive skill of clinical examination of the pelvic floor.

#### SYLLABUS

Sr.	Topics	Didactic	Practical/Lab	Total
		-		

No.		Hours	Hours	Hours
1	PHYSIOLOGY OF PUBERTY and	2		2
	<b>MENSTRUATION:</b> Abnormalities and			
	common problems of Menstruation			
2	<b>PHYSIOLOGY OF PREGNANCY :</b>	2	1	3
	a. Development of the foetus, Normal/			
	Abnormal / multiple gestations,			
	b. Common Complications during			
	pregnancy:			
	i. Anaemia,			
	ii. PIH			
	111. Eclampsia			
	iv. Diabetes,			
	v. Hepatitis,			
	VI. TORCH Infection of HIV			
3	PHYSIOLOGY OF LABOUR	2	2	4
	a. Normal – Events of 1st, 1ind and 11ird			
	Stages of labour			
	b. Complications during labour and			
	management			
	and post operative care			
4		2	5	7
4	a Duerparium and Lastation	<u> </u>	5	/
	a. Full performance Lactation b. Complications of repeated child bearing			
	with small gaps			
	c Methods of contracention			
	COMMON MEDICAL PROBLEMS IN			
5	PREGNANCY	1		1
-	a. Management with emphasis on			_
	PCOS/PCOD			
6	URO-GENITAL DYSFUNCTION	2	2	4
	a. Uterine prolapse – Classification and			
	Management (Conservative / Surgical)			
	b. ii) Cystocoele, Rectocoele,			
	Enterocoele, Urethrocoele			
7	GYNAECOLOGICAL SURGERIES	2	1	3
	(Pre and post surgical management)			
8	PRE, PERI and POST MENOPAUSE	2	1	3
	a. Physiology			
	b. Complications and			
	Management			
9		2	1	3
	COMMON GYNAECOLOGICAL			
	CANCERS			

### CLINICAL (10 hrs)

**Evaluation and presentation** of One case Each in:

- a) Uro-genital dysfunction
- b) Antenatal care
- c) Postnatal care
- d) Following normal labour
- e) Following Caesarean section
- f) Pelvic Inflammatory Diseases
- 2. **Observation** One Normal and One Caesarean delivery and One Hysterectomy / Repair of the Uro-genital Prolapse

#### **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Text book of Gynaecology Datta New Central Book Agency
- 2. Text book of Obstetrics --Datta New Central Book Agency

#### SCHEME OF COLLEGE EXAMINATION (THEORY ONLY)

THEORY ONLY		Marks	
50 marks [There shall b *Emphasis to be given conditions / age related	50		
Section -A-Q-1	MCQs – based on <b>MUST KNOW</b> area [20X1]	20	
Section-B-Q-2	SAQ-to answer any FIVE out of SIX [5x3]	15	
Section-C-Q-3	Section-C-Q-3 SAQ-to answer any THREE out of FOUR [3x5]		
	Total Marks	50	

#### Passing in the exam is Mandatory

Grades: A + = 75% and above, A = 66 to 74.5%, B + = 55 to 65 %, B = 50 to 54.5%, C = less than 50%.

## DERMATOLOGY

#### (COLLEGE EXAMINATION)

#### TOTAL - 10 HRS

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to describe the Pathophysiology, Signs and Symptoms, Clinical Features, Examination and Management of Common Skin Conditions like Leprosy, Psoriasis, Bacterial and Fungal Infections of the skin, connective tissue disorder, hand eczema, drug reaction, cutaneous manifestation of HIV, and Sexually Transmitted Diseases

Sr.	Topics	Didactic
No.		Hours
1	Introduction to Dermatology, basic skin lesions and History taking	1
2	<ul> <li>a. Skin infections (Part I) – Scabies / Pediculosis / Bacterial infections</li> <li>b. Skin infection (Part II) Viral / Fungal / Cutaneous T.B.</li> </ul>	2
3	Connective tissue disorder-Scleroderma, S.L.E., Dermatomyositis, Morphia	1
4	<ul> <li>a. Hand eczema, Psoriasis, Psoriatic arthritis, Reiter"s Syndrome</li> <li>b. Cutaneous hyperplasia-Keloid, Hypertrophic scar, Corn, Callosity</li> </ul>	1
5	Leprosy and Deformity	2
6	<ul><li>a. Cutaneous Manifestation of HIV</li><li>b. Hyperhydrosis</li></ul>	1
7	<ul> <li>a. Drug reaction</li> <li>b. Urticaria Genodermatosis -Epidermolysis bullosa</li> <li>c. Sexually Transmitted skin lesions PUVA Treatment</li> </ul>	2
	TOTAL	10

## **SYLLABUS**

#### **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOK**

1. Textbook of dermatology – Dr. Khopkar

#### SCHEME OF COLLEGE EXAMINATION (THEORY ONLY)

THEORY		Marks		
25 marks [There shall * The question paper the syllabus.	be no LAQ in this paper] will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in	25		
Section A- Q-1	MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area [10X1]	10		
Section-B- Q-2	SAQ - Answer any FIVE out of SIX [5x3]	15		
	Total Marks	25		
Passing in the exam is Mandatory Grades: $A + = 75\%$ and above $A = 66$ to 74.5% B + = 55 to 65.% B = 50\%				
	to 54.5%, $C = less than 50\%$ .			

#### **RADIO-DIAGNOSIS** (COLLEGE EXAMINATION)

#### TOTAL - 10 HRS

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

Radio-diagnosis is a useful resource for musculoskeletal conditions and is an invaluable tool for physiotherapists when used appropriately. Imaging such as MRI, X-ray, CT scans, and bone scans are prime examples of practical diagnostic imaging that facilitates accurate diagnosis, prognosis, intervention, and assessment of injuries and dysfunctions that physiotherapist address on a daily basis.

Sr.	Topics	Didactic	
No.		Hours	Practical
1	Overview of X-ray techniques and interpretation	1	1
2	Overview of Sonography techniques and interpretation	1	1
3	Overview of Colour dopper techniques and interpretation	1	1
4	Overview of Computerised Tomography techni and interpretation	1	1
5	Overview of MRI techniques and interpretation	1	1
	TOTAL	5	5

#### **SYLLABUS**

#### **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOK**

1. A Textbook of Radiology – Dr. Edward Reginald Morton

#### SCHEME OF COLLEGE EXAMINATION (THEORY ONLY)

THEORY		Marks
10 marks [There shall	be no LAQ in this paper]	
* The question paper	will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in	10
the syllabus.		
Q-1	SAQ - Answer any FIVE out of SIX [5x2]	10
	Total Marks	10

#### Passing in the exam is Mandatory

Grades: A + = 75% and above, A = 66 to 74.5%, B + = 55 to 65 %, B = 50 to 54.5%, C = less than 50%.

#### ONCOLOGOY

#### (COLLEGE EXAMINATION)

#### TOTAL - 10 HRS

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

This course will teach application of principles of management of patients with cancer through all care and rehabilitation programmes from diagnosis to the end of life. The objective of this course is to teach Physiotherapy students to conduct ongoing assessment of the needs of this patient group and their carers, in order to apply skilled interventions, which are vital for patients' independence, functional capacity and quality of life.

Sr.	Topics	Didactic	
No.		Hours	Practical
1	Introduction to Cancer	1	1
2	Introduction to Radiation therapy and Chemotherapy	1	1
3	Head and neck Cancer and Physiotherapy	1	
			1
4	Breast Cancer and Physiotherapy	1	1
5	Various malignancies and Physiotherapy	1	1
	TOTAL	5	5

## **SYLLABUS**

#### **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOK**

1. Cancer Rehabilitation: Principles and Practice- Michael Stubblefield

#### SCHEME OF COLLEGE EXAMINATION (THEORY ONLY)

THEORY		Marks
10 marks [The * The question the syllabus.	ere shall be no LAQ in this paper] In paper will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in	10
Q-1	SAQ - Answer any FIVE out of SIX [5x2]	10

PIMS (DU),Degree Programme (DAPJAKCOP)-Syllabus, implemented from Academic Year 2018-2019Notification No. 34/2018Academic Council Meeting dated 14.03.2018

#### **Total Marks**

#### 10

## FUNCTIONAL DIAGNOSIS and PHYSIOTHERAPEUTIC SKILLS

(Didactic - 135 hrs + Clinical – 325 hrs) **TOTAL 460 HRS** 

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

- 1. Functional Diagnosis and Physiotherapeutic Skills is a stepping stone to introduce students to actual concepts of PT assessment and later to the treatment concepts
- 2. Functional Diagnosis focuses on the assessment of all the body systems i.e. Musculoskeletal, Neurological and Cardiovascular-Respiratory in order to study the various impairments and their impact on activity and participation of the individual taking into consideration the contextual factors as well. It also emphasizes on the clinical reasoning of the underlying components of a universal evaluation tool (ICF) for a better understanding of the patient in a holistic manner. The student is also subjected to learn basics of manipulative, cardiovascular-respiratory and neuro-therapeutic skills on models so that he/she will be able to apply these principles eventually on patients.
- 3. The student will also gain a sound knowledge of electro-diagnosis, which is an integral part of Functional Diagnosis.

Sr.	Торіс	Didactic	Practical /	Total
No.		Hours	Laboratory	Hours
			Skills Hours	
1.	SECTION-I INTERNATIONAL	05	-	005
	CLASSIFICATION OF FUNCTION,			
	<b>DISABILITY and HEALTH (ICF)</b>			
2.	SECTION-II MUSCULOSKELETAL	40	140	180
	<b>EVALUATION and MANIPULATIVE</b>			
	SKILLS			
3.	SECTION –III CARDIO VASCULAR	40	055	095
	<b>RESPIRATORY EVALUATION and</b>			
	RELATED SKILLS			
4.	<b>SECTION – IV NEUROTHERAPEUTIC</b>	50	130	180
	<b>EVALUATION</b> and			
	ELECTRO DIAGNOSIS			
	TOTAL	135	325	460

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

#### **Cognitive:**

At the end of the course, student will be able to:

- 1. Understand the use of ICF.
- 2. Acquire the knowledge of human growth and development from new life to birth and adulthood
- 3. Understand structure and function of nerve and muscle as a base for understanding the electro-diagnostic assessment.
- 4. Understand the use of appropriate tools or instruments of assessment in Musculoskeletal, Neurological and Cardio-vascular conditions.
- 5. Understand the theoretical basis and principles of manipulative skills, neurotherapeutic skills and skills of cardiopulmonary care and resuscitation
- 6. Document results of assessment to evaluate the patient from time to time.

#### **Psychomotor:**

Student will be able to:

- 1. Perform assessment of measures of body structures and functions related to tissue mechanics.
- 2. Perform assessment of measures of body structures and functions related to motor control affecting activity and participation, quality of life and independence.
- 3. Perform the skill of electro-diagnosis (SD Curve) and observe skills of EMG and NCV studies, to understand the documentation of finding of these studies.
- 4. Interpretation and analysis of assessment and findings.
- 5. Demonstrate skills of manual therapy musculoskeletal, neurotherapeutics and cardiovascular and respiratory skills on models (Laboratory work).

#### Affective:

Student will be able to:

- 1. Select appropriate assessment techniques to facilitate safety, sensitive practices in patient comfort and effectiveness.
- 2. Demonstrate safe, respectful and effective performance of physical therapy handling techniques taking into account patient's clinical condition, need for privacy, resources available and the environment.
- 3. Follow the principles of appropriate handling technique that is draping, hand placement, body part positioning, manual techniques, lifting and transfer techniques.
- 4. Communicate with patients and their families/caregivers regarding the need and uses of various assessment techniques.

#### SYLLABUS

Sr.			Didactic	Practical/	Total
No.		Торіс	Hours	Clinical Hours	Hours
1	SEC	TION I:	5	-	5
	Fune	ctional Diagnosis using International			
	Clas	sification of Function, Disability and			
	Heal	th (I.C.F.) (Applicable for all the			
	Sect	ions mentioned below)			
2	SECT	FION II:			
	MUS	CULOSKELETAL EVALUATION AND	MANIPUL	ATIVE SKI	LLS
		(Didactio	c-40 + Practi	cal 140= <b>18</b> 0	Hours)
	<b>a.</b> A	Assessment of Musculoskeletal System:	03	02	05
	i.	Soft tissue flexibility			
	ii.	Joint mobility			
	iii.	Muscle strength and Endurance			
	iv.	Trick movements			
	v.	Sensations			
	vi.	Limb length			
	vii.	Abnormal posture			
	viii.	Gait deviations due to			
		musculoskeletal dysfunction			
	<b>b.</b> A	Assessment of Joints with special tests:	10	08	18
	i.	Cervical Spine: Foraminal compression,			
		Distraction, Shoulder depression,			
		vertebral artery, Dizziness tests.			
	11.	Shoulder: Yergason's, Speed's, Drop-			
		Arm, Supraspinatus, Impingement,			
		Anterior and Posterior Apprehension,			
		Allen, Adson.			
	111.	Elbow: Cozen's, Miller's, Tinel's sign			
	iv.	<b>Forearm, Wrist andHand</b> : Phalen's, Bunnel-Littler, Froment's sign			
	v.	Lumbar Spine:-Schober's, SLR,			
		Frome Knee Dending, Slump.			
	V1.	Sacro mac joint: Faber- Patrick's,			
		Gaensien, Gillet, March			

			Hours	
vii.	<b>Hip:</b> Nelaton's line, Bryant's triangle, Thomas, Ober's, Tripod sign, Trendlenburg sign,			
viii.	<b>Knee:</b> Tests for collateral and cruciate ligaments (valgus, varus, Lachman, Sag, Drawer's, McMurray''s, Fluctuation, Patellar tap, Q- angle, Clarke )			
ix.	<b>Ankle and Foot</b> : Anterior Drawer, Talar Tilt, Homan's and Moses (for D.V.T.)			
c. Re	esponse of soft tissues to trauma :	02		02
	i. Spasm			
ii ii iv	i. Ligament Sprains v. Muscle Strains			
iii iv d. Ba wi	<ul> <li>i. Ligament Sprains</li> <li>w. Muscle Strains</li> <li>asics in Manual Therapy and Applications</li> <li>ith Clinical Reasoning:</li> </ul>	05	05	10
iii iv <b>d. Ba</b> wi i.A	<ul> <li>Ligament Sprains</li> <li>Muscle Strains</li> <li>Asics in Manual Therapy and Applications</li> <li>Applications</li> <li>Assessment of Articular and extra-articular</li> </ul>	05	05	10
i iii <b>d. Ba</b> wi i.A	<ul> <li>i. Ligament Sprains</li> <li>i. Ligament Sprains</li> <li>iv. Muscle Strains</li> <li>assics in Manual Therapy and Applications</li> <li>ith Clinical Reasoning:</li> <li>Assessment of Articular and extra-articular</li> <li>soft tissue status</li> <li>a) Contractile tissues</li> </ul>	05	05	10
i iv <b>d. Ba</b> wi i.A	<ul> <li>i. Ligament Sprains</li> <li>w. Muscle Strains</li> </ul> asics in Manual Therapy and Applications ith Clinical Reasoning: assessment of Articular and extra-articular <ul> <li>soft tissue status</li> <li>a) Contractile tissues</li> <li>b) Non contractile tissues</li> </ul>	05	05	10
i iv <b>d. Ba</b> wi i.A	<ul> <li>i. Ligament Sprains</li> <li>v. Muscle Strains</li> </ul> <b>assics in Manual Therapy and Applications ith Clinical Reasoning:</b> Assessment of Articular and extra-articular soft tissue status <ul> <li>a) Contractile tissues</li> <li>b) Non contractile tissues</li> </ul> <li>Examination of joint integrity</li>	05	05	10
i iv <b>d. Ba</b> wi i.A	<ul> <li>i. Ligament Sprains</li> <li>v. Muscle Strains</li> </ul> asics in Manual Therapy and Applications ith Clinical Reasoning: Assessment of Articular and extra-articular soft tissue status <ul> <li>a) Contractile tissues</li> <li>b) Non contractile tissues</li> </ul> Examination of joint integrity <ul> <li>a) Accessory movement</li> <li>b) End feel</li> </ul>	05	05	10
d. Ba wi i.A ii.	<ul> <li>i. Ligament Sprains</li> <li>i. Ligament Sprains</li> <li>i. Muscle Strains</li> </ul> asics in Manual Therapy and Applications ith Clinical Reasoning: assessment of Articular and extra-articular <ul> <li>soft tissue status</li> <li>a) Contractile tissues</li> <li>b) Non contractile tissues</li> <li>Examination of joint integrity</li> <li>a) Accessory movement</li> <li>b) End feel</li> </ul>	05	05	10
ii. d. Ba wi i.A ii. e. Ex Dy	<ul> <li>i. Ligament Sprains</li> <li>i. Ligament Sprains</li> <li>i. Muscle Strains</li> </ul> asics in Manual Therapy and Applications ith Clinical Reasoning: assessment of Articular and extra-articular <ul> <li>soft tissue status</li> <li>a) Contractile tissues</li> <li>b) Non contractile tissues</li> <li>Examination of joint integrity</li> <li>a) Accessory movement</li> <li>b) End feel</li> </ul>	05	05	10
i. iii iv d. Ba wi i. i. i. e. Ex Dy i.	<ul> <li>i. Ligament Sprains</li> <li>i. Ligament Sprains</li> <li>i. Muscle Strains</li> </ul> assics in Manual Therapy and Applications ith Clinical Reasoning: assessment of Articular and extra-articular <ul> <li>soft tissue status</li> <li>a) Contractile tissues</li> <li>b) Non contractile tissues</li> <li>b) Non contractile tissues</li> </ul> Examination of joint integrity <ul> <li>a) Accessory movement</li> <li>b) End feel</li> </ul> camination of musculoskeletal ysfunction : Subjective examination	05	05	10
i. i. i. i. i. i. i. i. i. i.	<ul> <li>i. Ligament Sprains</li> <li>v. Muscle Strains</li> </ul> asics in Manual Therapy and Applications ith Clinical Reasoning: assessment of Articular and extra-articular soft tissue status <ul> <li>a) Contractile tissues</li> <li>b) Non contractile tissues</li> </ul> Examination of joint integrity <ul> <li>a) Accessory movement</li> <li>b) End feel</li> </ul> camination of musculoskeletal subjective examination Objective examination	05	05	10
i. i. i. i. i. i. i. i. i. i.	<ul> <li>i. Ligament Sprains</li> <li>i. Ligament Sprains</li> <li>i. Muscle Strains</li> </ul> assess in Manual Therapy and Applications ith Clinical Reasoning: assessment of Articular and extra-articular <ul> <li>soft tissue status</li> <li>a) Contractile tissues</li> <li>b) Non contractile tissues</li> <li>b) Non contractile tissues</li> </ul> Examination of joint integrity <ul> <li>a) Accessory movement</li> <li>b) End feel</li> </ul> camination of musculoskeletal ysfunction : Subjective examination <ul> <li>Objective examination</li> <li>Special tests</li> </ul>	05	05	10

Sr. No.		Торіс	Didactic Hours	Practical/ Clinical	Total Hours
				Hours	
	f. As	sessment of Pain:	04	05	09
	i.	Types of pain: Somatic, Somatic referred,			
		Neurogenic, Visceral			
	11.	Subjective Assessment:			
	a)	Location, duration, progression,			
		modifying factors			
	b)	Severity nature of nain tissue irritability	Assessmen	nt By	
	iii	Objective Measurement and	V.A.S. and	1 N.R.S.	
		Documentation-			
	a)	Visual Analogue Scale (V.A.S).			
	b)	Numerical Rating Scale(N.R.S.)			
	c)	McGill"s modified questionnaire(including			
		Body charts)			
	g. Ba	sic principles, indications, contra	10	110	120
	in	dications of mobilization skills for joints			
	an	d Soft tissues:			
	i.	Maitland	Practice of	Manual	
	ii.	Mulligan	Therapy in	l	
	iii.	Kaltenborn	Kaltenborn	ı,	
			Maitland"	s, M.E.T.	
	1V.	Mckenzie	and	1 • 1 • . •	
	V.	Cyriax Mucfaccial Dalacca Tashniswa	Neural MC	bilisation	
	V1.	Musele Energy Technique	Models on	lues on	
		Muscle Energy Technique	models on	ly	
	viii.	(Neuro Dynamic Testing)			
3	SECT				
5	SECI	ion in.			
	C	ARDIO VASCULAR RESPIRATORY EV	ALUATIO	N and REL	ATED
		SKILLS			
		(Didact	ic-40 + Pra	ctical 55= <b>95</b>	Hours)
	a. As	sessment of Cardio Vascular and	25	25	50
	<u> </u>	ilmonary System:			
			Identificat	ion of	
	1. 	Vital parameters	abnormal	oreath	
	11. 	Chest expansion	sounds, mo	easurement	
	111.	Symmetry of chest movement	of chest ex	pansion,	
	1V.	Breath Sounds	Vital parat	neters	
	V. Vi	Rate of Perceived Exertion (R P E )	Grades of	Dysphoea	
		Energy Systems and Exercise Physiology –	Rate of Pe	rceived	
	,	Zaorgy Systems and Excretise i hystology	Exertion,		

Sr. No.	Торіс	Didactic Hours	Practical /Clinical	Total Hours
	<ul> <li>a) Physiological response to immobility and activity.</li> <li>b) Aerobic and Anaerobic metabolisms</li> <li>c) Evaluation of Functional Capacity using sub maximal tests (Exercise Tolerance – Six Minutes Walk test)</li> <li>d) Theoretical bases of different protocols for maximal exercise testing (e.g.: Bruce Protocol, Modified Bruce Protocol, Balke )</li> <li>viii. Interpretation of reports – A.B.G., P.F.T., P.E.F.R., E.C.G (Normal and Variations due to Ischemia and Infarction), X-ray Chest, Biochemical Reports</li> <li>ix. Ankle Brachial Index</li> <li>x. Tests for Peripheral Arterial and Venous circulation.</li> </ul>	Ankle Brac Index, Exercise To Testing – 6 Walk Test	chial olerance Minutes	
	b. Examination of Cardiovascular Respiratory Dysfunction	05	05	10
	<ul> <li>i. Subjective examination</li> <li>ii. Objective examination</li> <li>iii. Special tests: Exercise Tolerance Testing – 6 Minutes Walk Test, Breath Holding Test, P.E.F.R.</li> <li>iv. Functional Diagnosis using I.C.F.</li> </ul>			
	c. Assessment of Fitness and Health	10	25	35
	<ul> <li>i. Screening for risk factors</li> <li>ii. Body composition-B.M.I., use of skin fold calipers, Girth measurement</li> <li>iii. Physical fitness: Flexibility, Strength, Endurance, Agility</li> <li>iv.Physical Activity Readiness Questionnaire</li> <li>v. Screening for health and fitness in childhood, adulthood and geriatric group</li> <li>vi. Quality of life</li> <li>vii. Principles and components of exercise prescription for healthy</li> </ul>			

Sr. No.	Торіс	Didactic Hours	Practical/ Clinical Hours	Total Hours
4	SECTION IV: NEUROTHERAPEUTIC EVALUATION and ELECTRO DIAGNOSIS (Didactic-50 + Practical 130= 180 Hours)			
	a. General principles of Human development and maturation	07	05	12
	<ul> <li>i. Aspects <ul> <li>a) Physical</li> <li>b) motor</li> <li>c) Sensory</li> <li>d) Cognitive and Perceptive</li> <li>e) Emotional</li> <li>f) Social</li> </ul> </li> <li>ii. Factors influencing human development and growth: <ul> <li>a) Biological</li> <li>b) Environmental inherited</li> <li>.</li> </ul> </li> <li>iii. Principles of maturation in general and anatomical directional pattern – <ul> <li>a) Cephelo – caudal</li> <li>b) Proximo – distal</li> <li>c) Centero – lateral</li> <li>d) Mass to specific pattern</li> <li>e) Gross to fine motor development</li> <li>f) Reflex maturation tests</li> </ul> </li> <li>iv. Development in specific fields - Oromotor development, neurodevelopment of hand function.</li> </ul>			
	b. Basics in Neuro Therapeutics Skills and Applications with Clinical reasoning.	20	55	75
	<ul> <li>i. Principles, Technique and Indications for Application of <ul> <li>a) Bobath</li> <li>b) Neuro Developmental Technique</li> <li>c) Rood"s Technique</li> <li>d) P.N.F.</li> <li>e) Brunnstrom,</li> <li>f) Techniques of Motor Relearning Program (M.R.P.)</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	Therapeutic N.D.T., P. Bobath, Ro Technique Brunnstroi on models	Skills of N.F., ood''s and m, M.R.P. only	

Sr. No.	Торіс		Didactic Hours	Pract/Cli nic Hours	Total Hours
110.	c As	sessment of Movement Dysfunction	10	25	35
	<b>C</b> • 116	sessment of movement Dystunction	10	20	55
		Higher functions			
	1. ii	Cranial nerves			
	11. ;;;	Songations consorty organization and			
	111.	body image			
	iv	Joint mobility			
	IV.	Tone			
	v. vi	Reflexes-Superficial and Deep			
		Voluntary control			
	viii	Muscle Strength			
	viii.	Co-ordination			
	1A. v	Balance			
	л. vi	Endurance			
	vii	Trick movements			
	viii	Limb Length			
	xiv	Posture deviations			
	XIV.	Gait deviations due to			
	Δν.	neurological dysfunction			
	xvi	Functional Diagnosis using LC F			
	xvii	Interpretation of Electro			
		diagnostic findings routine			
		Biochemical investigations			
			10	20	40
	<b>d.</b> E		10	30	40
	i.	Physiology of resting membrane			
		potential, action potential, Propagation			
		of Action Potential			
	ii.	Physiology of muscle contraction			
	iii.	Motor unit and Recruitment pattern			
		of motor unit – Size principle			
	iv.	Therapeutic current –as a tool for			
		electro diagnosis.			
		a) Electrophysiology of muscle and nerve	Test for	S.D.C. and	
		b) Faradic Galvanic Test, Strength	Faradic/	Galvanic	
		Duration Curve-tests should be	, r	Гest	
		carried out on relevant patients,			
		c) Test for Sensory and Pain Threshold/			
		Pain Tolerance – technique only			
	v.	Electro-Myography			
		a) Definition			
		Instrumentation – Basic components like			
		C.R.O., Filter, Amplifier and Preamplifier,			
		and Types of Electrodes			

Sr. No.	Торіс	Didactic Hours	Practical/ Clinical Hours	Total Hours
	b) Normal and Abnormal E.M.G. pattern			
	<ul> <li>i. at rest</li> <li>ii. on minimal contraction</li> <li>iii. on maximal contraction</li> <li>c) Nerve Conduction Studies</li> <li>i. Principles and Technique</li> <li>ii. F wave</li> <li>iii. H reflex</li> </ul>			
	e. SCALES: Berg Balance, Modified Ashworth,	3	15	18
	F.I.M., Barthel Index, G.C.S., D.G.I., M.M.S.,			
	S.T.R.E.A.M. and A.S.I.A.			

#### **DOCUMENTATION:**

Α	Documentation and Interpretation of following investigations:
	i. Electro diagnosis : <u>2 each</u>
	a) S.D.C. b) Faradic Galvanic Test
	c) E.M.G. and N.C. Studies
	<ul><li>ii. Cardio Vascular and Pulmonary: (1 each) – A.B.G., P.F.T., E.C.G., X-ray Chest, Exercise Tolerance Test.</li></ul>
	<ul><li>iii. Neurological Scales (1 each )– Modified Ashworth, Berg"s Balance, D.G.I., Glasgow</li></ul>
	iv. Coma, Barthel Index, F.I.M.
В	Case presentation with Functional diagnosis :
	i. Total 12 cases
	ii. Three cases each in –
	a) Musculoskeletal
	b) Neurological
	c) Cardiovascular and Respiratory (Including General
	Medical and Surgical Cases)
	d) General and Community Health <u>(Including Fitness and</u>
	Health, Women and Child Health, Occupation Health)

# To maintain the Record/ Journal of the term work and to get each assignment duly signed by respective Head of the Dept.

#### **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Orthopaedic Physical Examination Magee
- 2. Clinical Electro Therapy Nelson Currier --- Appleton and Lange publication
- 3. Clinical Electromyography Mishra
- 4. Therapeutic Exercises Colby and Kisner
- 5. Physical Rehabilitation, Assessment and treatment Susan B O's Sullivan
- 6. Neurological Examination John Patten

#### **RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Maitland's book on Manual therapy,
- 2. Mobilisation of Extremities Kaltenborn
- 3. Clinical Electromyography Kimura
- 4. Orthopaedic Physical therapy Donnatelli
- 5. NAGS, SNAGS and MWMS Brian Mulligan
- 6. Exercise and Heart Wenger
- 7. Exercise Physiology William D Mc'Ardle
- 8. Facilitation techniques based on NDT principles Lois Bly Allison Whiteside
- 9. Movement therapy in Hemiplegia Brunnstrom
- 10. Cash textbook of Physiotherapy in neurological conditions Patricia Downie
- 11. Physical Dysfunction Trombly Scoot
- 12. Infant Motor Development- Jan Piek
- 13. Neurology and Neurosurgery Illustrated (3<sup>rd</sup> edition)-Bone and Callander
- 14. Neuro-developmental Therapy –Janett Howle

THEORY			
<ul> <li>80 MARKS + I.A. – 20 MARKS</li> <li>* The question paper will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the syllabus.</li> </ul>			
Section A- M.C.Qs.	Section A- Q-1 -MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area [20 x 1 ]		
Section B- S.A.Q.	Q-2 - Answer any FIVE out of SIX $[5 \ge 3 = 15]$ Q-3- Answer any THREE out of FOUR $[3 \ge 5 = 15]$	30	
Section C- L.A.Q.	<ul> <li>* Based on topics- Simulated case on all of the sections on ICF pattern (Section II,III and IV)</li> <li>Q-4] L.A.Q - 15 marks</li> <li>Q-5] - 15 marks</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Q-5] - 15 marks</li> <li>LAQ should give break up of 15 marks – e.g. [3+5+7]</li> </ul>	30	
	Total Marks	80	

$\begin{array}{c} \mathbf{PRACTICAL} \\ 80 \text{ MARKS} + 1 \text{ A} = 20 \text{ MARKS} \end{array}$		
LONG CASE	[Time maximum 30 minutes for students for evaluation]         1. Psychomotor and affective:         • Skill of History taking       [05 marks]         • Skill of clinical examination       [15 marks]         Skill of objective diagnostic procedure [10 marks]         2. Cognitive :       Ability to justify bases for functional diagnosis         by I.C.F.       [15 marks]         [To be evaluated in cognitive, psychomotor and affective domains.]	45
SHORT CASE	Two Short cases on         1. Mobilization Technique: Kaltenborn, Maitland, M.E.T. or Neural Mobilisation (On Models)         [10marks]         2. Neuro Therapeutic Skills: N.D.T. / P.N.F. / Rood's / Brunnstrom         (On Models)         [10 marks]         OR         Electro Diagnosis: S.D. Curve / Faradic Galvanic         Test (On Patient)         [10 marks]         OR         Exercise Tolerance Test: Six Minutes Walk Test         (On Model)         [10 marks]	20
SPOTS	<ul> <li>5 spots - (5 x2 Marks= 10 Marks) 3minutes for each spot</li> <li>a) X ray (on section 2/3/4)</li> <li>b) Pulmonary Function Test</li> <li>c) Blood gas analysis</li> <li>d) E.C.G.</li> <li>e) E.M.G. / N.C. studies</li> </ul>	10
JOURNAL	Documentations- Assessment, Evaluation, Diagnosis with I.C.F.	5
	Total Marks	80

#### INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:

- **1.** Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination (Theory and Practical) of 80 marks each TOTAL 160 marks
- 2. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 20 marks
- In Practicals of Terminal and Preliminary examinations Spots will be of 15 marks instead of 10 marks (3 marks X 5), No marks will be allotted for the journal in Terminal and Preliminary examinations
- 4. Internal assessment as per University pattern
- 5. Betterment exam will not be conducted.

#### UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS COLLEGE LEVEL Theory **Clinical / Practical** EXAMS **SUBJECTS** University I.A. Total University I.A. Total (Theory only) Surgery-I (General Surgery + Cardio vascular and Thoracic 40 10 50 \_\_\_ Surgery + Plastic / Reconstructive Surgery) 40 10 50 \_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_ \_\_\_ **Orthopaedics** Medicine-I (Cardiovascular Respiratory 40 10 50 \_\_\_\_ \_\_\_ \_\_\_ \_\_\_ Medicine + General Medicine + Gerontology) **Medicine-II** 40 10 50 ------\_\_\_\_ \_\_\_\_ (Neurology and Paediatrics) **Community Health and** 80 20 100 \_\_\_\_ ------\_\_\_\_ Sociology **Functional Diagnosis and Physiotherapeutic Skills** 20 80 100 80 20 100 Gynaecology and **Obstetrics** 50 ---\_\_\_ \_\_\_ \_\_\_ \_\_\_ \_\_\_ Dermatology 25 **Radiodiagnosis** 10 **Oncology** 10 \_\_\_ ---\_\_\_ \_\_\_ \_\_\_ ---

### SCHEME OF EXAMINATIONS AT A GLANCE – III B.P.T.

80

400

80

20

100

95

320

**Total** 

## IV B.P.T.

#### SYLLABUS

#### **Transcript Hrs-1465**

Sr. No.	Subjects	Theory Hours	Practical / Clinical Hours	Total Hours
	PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE			
1	Professional Practice and Ethics (College Examination)	015		015
2	Administration, Management and Marketing (College Examination)	020		020
	PHYSIOTHERAPY			
3	Orthopaedic Physiotherapy	060	140	200
4	Neuro Physiotherapy	065	135	200
5	Cardiovascular-Respiratory Physiotherapy (Including Critical Care)	060	140	200
6	Community Physiotherapy	085	115	200
7	Principles of Bio-engineering (College Examination)	030	-	030
8	Research Methodology and Biostatistics (College Examination)	040	-	040
9	Seminar (including I.C.F.)	-	060	060
10	Supervised clinical practice -During each clinical assignment, the student shall evaluate, functionally diagnose, plan and practice clinical skills on patients in consultation with the qualified physiotherapist staff	-	500	500
	TOTAL	375	1090	1465

## **PROFESSIONAL PRACTICE AND ETHICS**

#### (COLLEGE EXAMINATION)

#### Total -60Hrs (I to IV year)

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This subject will be taught in continuum from first year to final year. An examination will be conducted only in final year. Professional and ethical practice curriculum content addresses the Knowledge, Skills and Behaviors required by the physiotherapist in a range of practice relationships and roles. The course will discuss the role, responsibility, ethics administration issues and accountability of the physical therapists. The course will also cover the history and change in the profession, responsibilities of the professional to the profession, the public and to the health care team. This includes the application of professional and ethical reasoning and decision-making strategies and professional communication.

Sr.	Topics	Ι	II	III	IV	Total
No.		B.P.Th.	B.P.Th.	B.P.Th.	B.P.Th.	Hours
1	PROFESSIONAL	15 hrs	15 hrs	15 hrs	15 hrs	60
	ISSUES and					
	ETHICS					

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the student will be compliant in following domains:

Cognitive: The student will

- 1. Be able to understand the moral values and meaning of ethics
- 2. Be able to learn and apply ethical code of conduct in fields of clinical practice, learning, teaching, research and physiotherapist-patient relationship
- 3. Acquire bedside manners and communication skills in relation with patients, peers, seniors and other professionals
- 4. Will acquire the knowledge of the basics in Managerial and Management skills, and use of information technology in professional Practice
- 1. Develop psychomotor skills for physiotherapist-patient relationship
- 2. Develop the skill to evaluate and make decisions for plan of management based on sociocultutural values and referral practice
- 1. Develop behavioral skills and humanitarian approach while communicating with patients, relatives, society and co-professionals
- 2. Develop bedside behavior, respect and maintain patients" confidentiality

## SYLLABUS

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Visits/ Supervision Hours	Total Hours
	1. Introduction to the history of Physiotherapy.	02		
T	2. Orientation to the curriculum, clinical areas and geographical location.	03	05	15
B.P.Th.	3. Concept of morality and ethics	03		
	4. Concept of professionalism and			
	Professional dress code	02		
	1. Ethical code of conduct	03		
	2. Communication skills			
II	a. Physiotherapist –Patient Relationship	01	10	15
B.P.Th.	b. INTERVIEWING -Types of interview, Skills of interviewing			-
III	1. Collecting data on psychosocial factors in Medicine, Surgery, Reproductive Health, Paediatrics	04	05	15
B.P.1n.	2. Inter professional communication.	03		
	3. Ethics in clinical practice	03		
	<ol> <li>Roles of Physiotherapist as patient manager, Consultant, Critical inquirer, Educator, Administrator</li> </ol>	05		
	2. Laws and regulations	02		
IV B.P.Th.	3. Professional development, competence and expertise	02		15
	4. Professional bodies	02		
	5. Ethics in Research 01			
	6. Ethics in Teaching	02		
	7. Role of W.C.P.T. and Council	01		
	TOTAL	40	20	60

#### **RECOMMENDED REFERENCE LITERATURE**

- 1. Rules and Regulation of Indian Association of Physiotherapists
- 2. W.C.P.T. ethics (from their website)
- 3. Gazette of Maharashtra Council for Occupational therapists and Physiotherapists

#### SCHEME OF COLLEGE EXAMINATION

THEORY ONLY					
[There shall be no LAQ in this paper] * The question paper will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the syllabus.					
Section A-Q-1	Section A-Q-1 MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area [20 X1]				
Section-B-Q-2 and	SAQ-to answer any FIVE out of SIX [5 x 3]	15			
Q3	SAQ – to answer any THREE out of FOUR [3 x 5]	15			
	Total Marks	50			
	Passing in the examination is Mandatory				
Grades: $A + = 75\%$ and above, $A = 66$ to 74.5%, $B + = 55$ to 65 %, $B = 50$					
to 54.5%, $C = less than 50\%$ .					

## ADMINISTRATION, MANAGEMENT and MARKETING (COLLEGE EXAMINATION)

#### Total – 20 HRS

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This curriculum content addresses the Knowledge, Skills and Behaviors required of the physiotherapist in a range of practice relationships and roles. The course will discuss the role, responsibility, administration issues of the physiotherapists. The course will also cover responsibilities of the professional to the profession, the public and to the health care team. This includes the application of professional and ethical reasoning and decision-making strategies, professional communication, reflective practice strategies and personal management issues (stress, work-life balance). Factors that influence individual practice are addressed, including the availability and accessibility of local health care resources as well as the ethical, legal and regulatory requirements of practicing the physiotherapy profession in a given jurisdiction.

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course the student will be compliant in following domains:

#### **Cognitive:**

The student will:

a. Learn the management basics in fields of clinical practice, teaching, research and physiotherapy practice in the community.

b. Acquire communication skills in relation with patients, peers, seniors and other professionals and the community.

c. Acquire the knowledge of the basics in Managerial and Management skills, and use of Information technology in professional Practice

#### **Psychomotor:**

The student will be able to:

a. Develop psychomotor skills for physiotherapy practice.

b. Develop skill to evaluate and make decision for plan of management based on sociocultutural values and referral practice.

#### Affective:

The student will be able to:

Develop behavioral skills and humanitarian approach while communicating with patients, relatives, society at large and co-professionals.

Sr.		Didactic
No.	Topics	Hours
1.	Management studies related to –local health care organization Management and structure, planning delivery with quality assurance and funding of service delivery information technology career development in Physiotherapy.	05
2.	Administration-principles-based on the Goal and functions -at large hospital set up / domiciliary services/ private clinic /academics	03
3.	Methods of maintaining records	02
4.	Budget-planning	03
5.	Performance analysisphysical structure / reporting system [man power / status /functions / quantity and quality of services/turn over- cost benefit revenue contribution	03
6.	Setting up Therapeutic gymnasium, Fitness clinics, Cardiac and Pulmonary Rehab centers etc.	02
7.	Time management	02
	TOTAL	20

#### **SYLLABUS**

#### **RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOK**

- 1. Administration for Physiotherapists-Pai
- 2. Principles of Hospital Administration-Sakharkar

#### SCHEME OF COLLEGE EXAMINATION

THEORY 50 MARKS				Marks
[′	[There shall be no LAQ in this paper]			
*	* The question paper will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the			
sy	llabus.			
	Section A-Q-1	MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area	[20 x1]	20
		SAQ-to answer any FIVE out of SIX	[5 x 3]	15
S	ection-B-Q-2 and			
Q	3	SAQ – to answer any THREE out of FOUR [3 x 5]		15
	l	Total Marks		50

Passing in the exam is Mandatory

Grades: A = 75% and above, A = 66 to 74.5%, B = 55 to 65 %, B = 50 to 54.5%,

C = less than 50%.

## MUSCULOSKELETAL PHYSIOTHERAPY

(Didactic - 60 hours + Practical-140 hours)**TOTAL: 200 HOURS** 

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course includes a study of applied anatomy and physiology of the musculo-skeletal system along with pathological changes and patho-mechanics of the system. It discusses relevant tests and measures for determining impairment and differentiating the diagnosis based on the specificity and sensitivity of the assessment instruments as related to patients with disorders of the musculo-skeletal system.

Musculo-skeletal Physiotherapy focuses on maximizing functional independence and wellbeing. The course uses a patient-centered model of care with multi-system assessment, evidence based interventions and a significant patient education component to promote a healthy, active lifestyle and community-based living.

The candidate will have a sound understanding of theory, scientific evidence and best practices in the areas of the Musculo-skeletal System including Movement Sciences, Psychosocial Sciences and Physiotherapy.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Clinical Hours		
1.	Use of ICF model in physiotherapy management of health condition of musculoskeletal system	02	00		
2.	Outcome measures – and Evidence Based Practice	02	00		
3.	Biomechanical / Physiological basis of	04	05		
	physiotherapy intervention skills				
4.	Physiotherapy interventions with goal setting for dysfunctions due to				
	musculoskeletal health conditions secondary to conservative or surgical				
	management of:				
	Manifestations of trauma and their complications	22	50		
	Degenerative Arthritis	07	45		
	Inflammatory conditions	04	05		
	Infectious Diseases of bones and joints	02	05		
	Metabolic and Hormonal Disorders	02	05		
	Congenital and Acquired Deformities	06	10		
	Peripheral Nerve Injuries and Plexus Injuries	03	05		
	Tumours of bone, Vascular disorders and Traumatic	06	10		
	Amputations				
	TOTAL	60	140		

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, student will be able to:
#### **Cognitive:**

- a) Identify, evaluate, analyze and discuss primary and secondary musculo-skeletal dysfunction, based on biomechanical, kinesiological and patho-physiological principles.
- b) Correlate the same with radiological, electrophysiological, biochemical/ haematological investigations as applicable and arrive at the appropriate Physiotherapy diagnosis with skillful evaluation of structure and function with clinical reasoning.
- c) Understand the pharmaco-therapeutics, its interaction with physiotherapeutic measures and modify physiotherapeutic intervention appropriately.
- Apply knowledge of psychosocial factors (personal and environmental factors in the context of disability associated with the musculo-skeletal system or multiple body systems) for behavioral and lifestyle modification and use appropriate training and coping strategies.

#### **Psychomotor:**

- a) Apply theoretical basis of physiological effects, indications, contraindications; and best available evidence on the effectiveness, efficacy and safe application guidelines for a full range of physiotherapeutic strategies and interventions, including appropriate modes of soft tissue and joint mobilization, electrotherapy, therapeutic exercise, and appropriate ergonomic advise that can be employed to manage problems of the individual"s structures, functions, activities and participation, capacity and performance levels associated with the musculo-skeletal system, for relief of pain and prevention, restoration and rehabilitation measures for maximum possible functional independence at home, workplace and in community.
- b) Prescribe and train for appropriate orthoses, prostheses and walking aids based on musculoskeletal dysfunction.

#### Affective:

Acquire ethical skills by demonstrating safe, respectful and effective performance of physical handling techniques taking into account the patient's clinical condition, the need for privacy, the physiotherapist, the resources available and the environment.

#### SYLLABUS

Sr.		Didactic	Practical	Total
No.	TOPICS	Hours	Hours	Hours
1	<ul> <li>Use of ICF model (Bio, Psycho and Social) to plan Short</li> <li>term and Long term goals in physiotherapy management</li> <li>of health condition of musculoskeletal system <ul> <li>a. Identification of short term and long term goals based</li> <li>on <ul> <li>i) Capacity and Performance related to activities and</li> <li>participation to enhance functioning</li> <li>ii) Personal and Environment factors -facilitators and</li> <li>barriers that affect disablement and functioning</li> <li>b. Documentation of disability and functioning</li> <li>c. Red flags- Recognizing signs and symptom</li> </ul> </li> </ul></li></ul>	02	_	02
2	<ul> <li>a. Introduction to functional scales as outcome measures <ul> <li>Generic and Disease specific.</li> </ul> </li> <li>b. Evidence base practice in musculoskeletal health</li> </ul>	01	-	01
	conditions- levels of evidence, clinical application	01	-	01
3	Biomechanical / Physiological basis of following modes physiotherapy interventions implemented during all three stages of tissue healing -			
	a. Electrotherapeutic modes for pain- acute and chronic pain syndromes, swelling, wound healing, re- education	01	00	01
	b. Therapeutic exercise to alleviate pain, increase mobility, muscle performance (strength) endurance, motor control, muscle length, posture and gait training	02	00	02
	<ul> <li>c. Taping techniques for pain relief , support and posture correction         <ol> <li>Principles</li> <li>Indications / Contraindications</li> <li>Types of tapes and terminologies used</li> <li>Techniques</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	01	05	06
4	The following topics are applicable to all conditions related skeletal dysfunction throughout lifespan in acute care settin chronic conditions at home and in community on the basis o	to musculo ng , hospita of:	)- l,	

1. E	valuation, interpretation of investigations and appropriate clinical reasoning
for F	Functional diagnosis (ICF).
2. Ev	vidence-based analysis of tools and techniques, (including Quality of Life
ques	tionnaires), and planning, prescription and implementation of short term and
long	term goals of Physiotherapy with appropriate documentation of the same.
3. Aj	pplication of appropriate electro therapeutic modes for relief of acute and
chro etc v	nic pain, swelling and for wound healing, muscle / movement re-education vith clinical reasoning.
4. Aj	pplication of appropriate exercise therapeutic modes for improving
joint	mobility, muscle strength and endurance and motor control.
5. Aj	pplication of advanced therapeutic modes of manual mobilization techniques
(non	-thrust techniques to be applied on extremities only), Friction Massage,
Myo	fascial Release, Muscle Energy Techniques and Neuro Dynamic Techniques
on p	atients.
6. Aj	pplication of appropriate therapeutic exercise using therapeutic gymnasium tools
as ai	nd when indicated, for relief of pain, enhancing structural stability, strength and
endu	arance, and functional maintenance and/ or restoration including posture
corre	ection and gait training including preventive measures.
7. Pı	rescription of appropriate orthotic and prosthetic devices.
8. V	arious taping techniques for support and pain relief; principles, indications,
cont	ra-indications, types of tapes used and relevant terminology.
9. A	appropriate Home Program and Ergonomic advise for preventive measures and
func	tional efficiency at home, work place and during recreation. Advice to Parents
and	Care Givers.
Phys	siotherapy interventions with goal setting for dysfunctions due to
imp	airments of Pain, Mobility, Muscle performance(Strength), Endurance,
Mot	or Control, Muscle length, Posture and Movement Balance and Gait for
com	mon health conditions secondary to conservative or surgical management of
the f	following regions, with appropriate consideration of red flags:

Topics	Didactic Hours	Clinical/ Pract Hrs	Total hours
1. Manifestations of trauma and their complications:	16	40	56
a. Bones – fractures and fracture-dislocations of extremities and spine and their complications and management	08	20	
<ul> <li>b. Soft tissues injuries of extremities and spine and their complications and Management, contused lacerated wounds (CLWs) Burns complications and management, Crush injuries and its conservative and post surgical management.</li> </ul>	08	20	
<ul> <li>2. Degenerative Arthritis <ul> <li>a. Osteoarthritis of knee</li> <li>b. Peri-arthritis of shoulder</li> <li>c. Spinal degenerative conditions like Sponylosis,</li> <li>Spondylysis, Spondylolisthesis, and Spinal Canal Stenosis</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	07	45	52
<ul> <li>3. Inflammatory conditions <ul> <li>a. Rheumatoid, Gouty, Septic arthritis</li> <li>b. Spondylo-arthropathies e.g. Ankylosing Spondylitis.</li> <li>c. Cellulites and its complications.</li> <li>d. Post incisional inflammation and infection.</li> <li>e. Myositis ossificans and traumatica.</li> <li>f. Avascular necrosis</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	04	05	09
<ul> <li>4. Infectious Diseases of bones and joints of extremities and spine</li> <li>a. Tuberculosis</li> <li>b. Osteomyelitis</li> </ul>	02	05	07
5. Metabolic and Hormonal Disordersa. Osteoporosisb. Osteomalacia	02	05	07
<ul> <li>6. Congenital and Acquired Deformities of extremities and spine <ul> <li>a. CTEV</li> <li>b. DDH</li> <li>b. Kyphosis</li> <li>closis</li> <li>closis</li> <li>e. Genu valgus / varus</li> <li>f. Cubitus varus / valgus</li> <li>g. Coxa vara / valga etc.</li> <li>h. Deformities of the foot</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	06	10	16
7. Peripheral Nerve Injuries and Plexus Injuries- complications and management	03	05	08
8. Soft tissue injuries during sports and as a result of Over-use: conservative and operative management	04	05	09
9. Musculo-skeletal complications in Cerebral Palsy and Poliomyelitis and reconstructive surgeries.	02	05	07
Topics	Didactic	Clinical/	Total

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	Hours	Pract Hrs	hours
10. Tumours of bone tissue.	01		01
11. Vascular disorders affecting musculoskeletal system- V.I.C., C.R.P.S., Compartment syndrome	01	02	03
12. Traumatic Amputation a. Types	04	08	12
b. Complications and management inclusive of prosthetic prescription and training			

#### **CLINICAL:**

#### SUPERVISED CLINICAL PRACTICE:

During this supervised clinical practice, student should be able to successfully execute the competencies in assessment, Functional diagnosis on ICF basis, plan of care and therapeutic interventions relating to musculo-skeletal dysfunctions. Student should become familiar with performance of these skills in all settings (inpatient and outpatient) as well as on all types of conditions (surgical, non-surgical, paediatric and geriatric). Student should learn to perform these skills objectively under the supervision of trained physical therapists. Student is required to keep a performance record of all listed competencies during the clinical practice and successfully perform on real patients during the final evaluation of the course.

# **CLINICAL COMPETENCIES:**

#### A.C OMPETENCY IN ASSESMENT AND CLINICAL REASONING:

Student should be able to apply the ICF framework in selecting measurement tools to ensure a holistic approach to evaluation of body structure and function, activities , participation; and select and administer assessment/evaluation tools and techniques suitable for the patient"s problems and condition(s) based on the best available evidence and interpret the information obtained demonstrating evidence-based decision-making and safe handling technique such as:

- 1. Risk factor screening (Red flags and Yellow flags).
- 2. Assessment of Musculo-skeletal dysfunction.
- 3. Interpretation of Radiological, Electrophysiological, Haematological and Biochemical investigations.
- 4. Aerobic fitness and Functional performance testing as appropriate
- 5. Identification and quantification of environmental and home barriers and facilitators
- 6. Identification and analysis of body mechanics during self-care, home management, work, community, tasks, or leisure activities.

7. (job/schoo	Identification and analysis of ergonomic performance during work ol/play):
8.	Assessment of Quality of Life through use of appropriate questionnaire and generic or disease-specific scales (nice to know)
9.	Identification and prioritization of impairments in body functions and structures, and activity limitations and participation restrictions to determine specific body function and structure, and activities and participation towards which the intervention will be directed
10.	State the evidence (patient/client history, lab diagnostics, tests and measures and scientific literature) to support a clinical decision.
11.	Determine the predicted level of optimal functioning and the time required to achieve that level.
12.	Recognize barriers that may impact the achievement of optimal functioning within a predicted time frame and ways to overcome them
B. COM	PETENCY IN DEVELOPING PLAN OF CARE:
Studen	it should be able to:
1.	Identify patient goals and expectations.
2.	Design a Plan of Care with measurable functional goals (short-term and long-term) that are prioritized and time bound.
3.	Consult patient and/or caregivers to develop a mutual agreement regarding the plan of care.
4.	Identify indications/ additional needs for consultation with other professionals and appropriate referrals.
5.	Select the interventions that are safe, realistic and meet the specified functional goals and outcomes in the plan of care: (a) identify precautions and contraindications, (b) provide evidence for patient-centered interventions that are identified and selected, (c) define the specificity of the intervention (time, intensity duration, and frequency).
6.	Measure and monitor patient response to intervention and modify elements of the
7.	plan of care and goals in response to changing patient/client status, as needed. Establish criteria for discharge based on patient goals and current functioning and disability.
C. COM	PETENCY IN PHYSIOTHERAPEUTIC INTERVENTION: Important
influer limited	nces on Musculo-skeletal physiotherapy management choices may include but not l to:
1.	Diverse settings of care including critical, acute, long term, rehabilitation, and community care;

- 3. Skill of application of physical and electrical agents for relief of acute and chronic pain and swelling.
- Facilitation, re-education and training of muscle strength, endurance and motor control, posture and gait through skillful use of various therapeutic exercise techniques with appropriate therapeutic gymnasium equipment.
- Skill of application of therapeutic modes of improving joint mobility and soft tissue flexibility like joint mobilization techniques and soft tissue techniques like Muscle Energy Techniques, Myofascial Release, Friction Massage, Neuro Dynamic Techniques etc.
- 6. Functional training in self care, home, work (job, school and play), community and leisure activities

#### DOCUMENTATION

# Presentation and Documentation of 8 Cases (4 traumas, 4 cold) for patient management using ICF model as following:

(Assessment, Evaluation, Diagnosis, Prognosis, Intervention, Outcome)

- 1. Soft tissue lesion
- 2. Fractures of upper Limb (Including Hand Injury),
- 3. Fractures of lower limb,
- 4. Fractures of spine with/without Neurological condition
- 5. Degenerative/ Inflammatory arthritis of peripheral skeletal joint
- 6. Degenerative /inflammatory arthritis of Spine
- 7. Musculoskeletal condition of Hand and Foot
- 8. Amputation

#### **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Therapeutic Exercise O"Sullivan
- 2. Orthopaedic Physical Therapy Donatelli
- 3. Cash"s Textbook of Orthopedics and Rheumatology for Physiotherapists
- 4. Tidy"s Physical Therapy
- 5. Manual Mobilization of Extremity Joints Kaltenborn
- 6. Therapeutic Exercise: Foundations and Techniques Kolby and Carolyn Kisner
- 7. Physical Rehabilitation -

#### **RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Manual Therapy: Nags, Snags, MWMs, etc 6th Edition Brian R Mulligan
- 2. Maitland's Peripheral Manipulation Elly Hengeveld
- 3. Neural tissue mobilization Butler
- Brukner and Khan's Clinical Sports Medicine Peter Brukner, Karim Khan (Mcgraw Medical)
- 5. Therapeutic Exercise: Moving Toward Function Carrie M. Hall, Lori Thein Brody
- 6. Manual Mobilization of Extremity Joints -Kaltenborn
- 7. Neural Tissue Mobilization Butler
- 8. Taping Techniques Rose Mac Donald
- 9. Clinical Orthopaedic rehabilitation-Broadsman

# SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

THEORY		Marks		
80  MARKS + I.A. - 20	MARKS			
* The question paper w	* The question paper will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the syllabus.			
Section A –M.C.Qs.	Q-1 -MCQs – based on <b>MUST KNOW</b> area [20 x 1=20]	20		
Section P. S.A.O.	Q-2 - Answer any FIVE out of SIX $[5 \times 3 = 15]$			
Section B- S.A.Q.	Q-3- Answer any THREE out of FOUR $[3 \times 5 = 15]$	30		
	* Based on topics- structured question based on ICF model with emphasis to goal setting and treatment intervention			
	Q-4] L.A.Q15 marks			
Section C -L.A.Q.	Q-5] -15 marks	30		
	OR	50		
	Q-5] -15 marks			
	LAQ should give break up of 15 marks – e.g. [3+5+7]			
	Total Marks	80		

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PRACTICAL		
80 MARKS + I.A 2	20 MARKS	100
LONG CASE	<ul> <li>a. Subjective and Physical Examination -10 marks</li> <li>b. Evaluation and Physical therapy diagnosis (ICF) – 10 marks</li> <li>c. Plan of care - Goal setting – 10 marks</li> <li>d. Demonstration of any one important test and treatment intervention on patient –15 marks</li> <li>[Student will be evaluated in cognitive, psychomotor and affective domains.]</li> </ul>	45
SHORT CASE	SHORT CASE       Two Short cases on         Demonstrations of physiotherapy intervention skills         for effective patient management         (one traumatic and one cold case)       2 x 10 marks	
SPOTS5 spots - (5 x2 Marks= 10 Marks) 3 minutes for each spot X- ray of extremities and spine, Orthoses, Prostheses, Metal Implant		10
JOURNAL	Documentations- Assessment, Evaluation, Diagnosis, Prognosis, Intervention of Case along with ICF	5
	Total Marks	80

#### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

1. Two examinations - Terminal and preliminary examination (Theory and Practical) of

80 marks each TOTAL - 160 marks

- 2. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 20 marks.
- In Practicals of Terminal and Preliminary examinations, Spots will be of 15 marks instead of 10 marks (3 marks X 5), No marks will be allotted for the journal in Terminal and Preliminary examinations
- 4. Internal assessment (Theory) as per University pattern.

# NEUROPHYSIOTHERAPY

(Didactic 60 hrs + Clinical 140 hrs) TOTAL 200 HRS

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course includes a study of applied anatomy and physiology of the neuromuscular system along with the pathological changes and patho-mechanics of the system. It discusses relevant tests and measures for determining impairment and differentiating the diagnosis based on the specificity and sensitivity of the assessment instruments as related to patients with disorders of the neuromuscular system.

Neurophysiotherapy curriculum emphasizes the selection and use of measurement tools and management techniques based on the best available evidence. Physiotherapy strategies for assessment and treatment address structural and functional impairments and activity limitations of individuals and population (both adults and paediatric) in the context of their personal needs/goals including participation restrictions and the environment they live in. The permanence of many neurological impairments mandates that, where possible, emphasis is placed on prognosis and criterion – referenced outcomes to establish realistic goals.

The therapeutic approach is patient and family focused with a biopsychosocial emphasis that embraces inter professional collaboration and requires ongoing communication, education and negotiation with the client, family, care giver and healthcare team.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Practical Hours	Total Hours
1.	APPLICATION OF ICF MODEL	02		002
2.	THEORETICAL BASIS OF MOTOR	02		002
3.	ADAPTIVE SYSTEM : PLASTICITY	01		001
	AND RECOVERY GENERAL METHODS OF	04		004
	STRENGTH TRAINING, FITNESS AND PROMOTION OF SKILL			
4.	ACQUISITION QUALITY OF LIFE SCALES AND	02		002
5	INDEPENDENCE MEASURE PHYSIOTHERAPY MANAGEMENT			
5.	A. ADULT	37	095	132
	B. PAEDIATRIC TOTAL	17 65	040 135	057 200

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, student will

#### **Cognitive:**

- a) Be able to identify and analyze movement dysfunction due to neuromuscular skeletal disorders in terms of biomechanical and biophysical basis, correlate the same with the health condition, routine electrophysiological, radiological and biochemical investigations, and arrive at appropriate physical therapy diagnosis using WHO-ICF with clinical reasoning.
- b) Be able to plan realistic goals based on the knowledge of prognosis of the disease of the nervous system and prescribe appropriate, safe evidence based physiotherapy interventions with clinical reasoning.
- c) Understand infection control principles, best practices and techniques applicable to a range of setting where clients with neurological conditions would receive physiotherapy services.
- d) Know determinacy of health (environmental, nutritional, self-management/ behavioral factors) and chronic disease management principles related to neurological health.

#### **Psychomotor:**

- a) Be able to develop psychomotor skills to implement timely and appropriate physiotherapy assessment tools/techniques to ensure a holistic approach to patient evaluation in order to prioritize patient"s problems.
- b) Be able to select timely physiotherapeutic interventions to reduce morbidity and physiotherapy management strategies, suitable for the patients" problems and indicator conditions based on the best available evidence.
- c) Implement appropriate neuro-physiotherapeutic approaches, electrotherapeutic modalities, joint and soft tissue mobilizations and ergonomic advice for neuromuscular skeletal systems, contextual factors to enhance performance of activities and participation in society.

#### Affective:

a) Be able to develop behavioral skills and humanitarian approach while communicating with patients, relatives, society and co-professionals, to promote individual and community health.

# SYLLABUS

•		Didactic	Practical	Total
) <b>.</b>	Topics	Hours	Hours	Hours
I. F p ta c	<ul> <li>eatures of ICF model (bio, psycho and social) to lan efficient, effective and cost-contained short arm and long term goals to enhance functioning in 02 ondition of nervous system.</li> <li>a. Clinical utility of bi-directional relationships among the ICF model"s domain</li> <li>b. Environment and Personal factors- Facilitators and Barriers that affect disablement and functioning</li> <li>c. Capacity and Performance related Activities and Participation to enhance Functioning</li> <li>d. Set patient specific goals and expected outcome with clinical reasoning</li> <li>e. Documentation of disability and functioning</li> </ul>	2 <b>02</b> a patien	t with health	
2. Tl u a	heoretical basis of motor control and learning to nderstand various neurophysiotherapeutic pproaches.	02		02
3. а.	Plasticity of the intact brain i. motor learning ii. training iii. plasticity Plasticity following brain lesion	01		01
	<ul> <li>nature of spontaneous recovery</li> <li>effect of environment behavior and recovery</li> <li>adaptation of motor performance</li> <li>muscle adaptation</li> </ul>	02 02		02 02
b	<ul> <li>Strength training and physical conditioning in neuro rehabilitation to optimize functional performance</li> <li>Skill acquisition in restoration of functional performance <ul> <li>information, instruction,</li> <li>demonstration feedback</li> <li>practice</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			
1 0	uality of Life scales and Independence Measures	02		02

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home and in community on the basis of:				
<ol> <li>Evaluation, interpretation of investigations and Functional diagnosis (I.C.F.).</li> <li>Evidence-based analysis of tools and techn questionnaires), and planning, prescription and long term goals of Physiotherapy with appropr</li> <li>Manifestation of movement dysfunction follow central or peripheral nervous system.         <ul> <li>a. Bed mobility</li> <li>b. lying to sitting</li> <li>c. standing up and sitting down</li> <li>d. walking</li> <li>e. balance</li> <li>f. reaching</li> <li>g. manipulation</li> </ul> </li> <li>Selecting appropriate assessment/evaluation to patients health condition and key indicators demonstrating evidence based decision making generic scales/instruments to measure aro strength, locomotion and balance, upper depression, quality of life and independence, scales and common disease specific scales.</li> <li>GCS</li> <li>Mini Mental State Examination</li> <li>Ashworth scale</li> <li>Gait-D.G.I.</li> <li>Balance- BBS, Functional Arm Reach T T.U.G.</li> <li>Barthel A.D.L. index</li> <li>SF – 36</li> <li>Disease specific measures – S.T.R.E.A.I Meyer assessment. A.S.I.A. Scale, U.P.I</li> </ol>	appropriate iques, (including implement iate document iate document iate document ing disease of pols and tech and interpre g-use of bion usal, cogni extremity f Self assess fest.	clinical reason ading Quality ation of short t ntation of the sa or trauma of the t information of hechanical mea tion, sensation function, anxio ment and self	ing for of Life erm and ame. e e for the obtained sures, n, tone, ety and efficacy	
Planning of short term and long term goals in accordance with ICF for all the conditions in neurosciences by doing detail assessment and appropriate outcome measures and planning evidence based treatment program-for key indicator conditions				
Торіс	Didactic	Practical/	Total	
	Hours	Lab Hours	Hours	
a. Stroke – cerebral circulation, types of stroke and manifestations, assessment and management	08	10	18	

b.	Acquired brain injury; trauma and pathology (S.O.L.)	03	05	08
c.	Spinal cord disorders – traumatic and non – traumatic, management including bladder training	04	08	12
d.	<ul> <li>Peripheral neuropathies – traumatic and non traumatic</li> <li>upper limb and lower limb</li> <li>brachial plexus</li> <li>nerve root lesions</li> <li>metabolic and endocrine</li> </ul>	06	08	14
e.	Vestibular disorders – central and peripheral	02	05	07
f.	VII <sup>th</sup> cranial nerve	01	04	05
g.	Demyelinating diseases - Multiple Sclerosis and G.B. syndrome	02	05	07
h.	Cerebellar diseases and Ataxia	02	10	12
i.	Extrapyramidal diseases, with emphasis on Parkinson's disease	03	15	18
j.	Anterior Horn Cell diseases – heredity and acquired e.g. M.N.D., P.M.A., S.M.A., Poliomyelitis	02	05	07
k.	Myopathies	02	10	12
1.	Disorders of A.N.S. – Horner"s syndrome, Hypo/Hypertension, Autonomic Dysreflexia	01	05	06
m	. Psychosomatic pain and paralysis	01	05	06

Treatment programme includes:

- 1. Application of appropriate electro-therapeutic modes for relief of pain and functional re-education with clinical reasoning.
- 2. Application of skills as Neurotherapeutic approaches (Brunnstrom, Roods, Bobath, N.D.T., M.R.P., mental imagery, Constraint induced movement therapy, learning transfers), co-ordination and balancing exercise by using techniques based on neurophysiological principles.
- 3. Tools and adaptive equipments used for neuro-rehabilitation like Vestibular balls Tilt boards, Bolsters, Wedges, Graded Benches, Therapeutic mats etc.
- 4. Application of transfer and functional re-education exercise, postural exercise and gait training.
- 5. Bladder and bowel training
- 6. Developing a philosophy for caring
- 7. Prescription for appropriate orthotic devices and fabrication of temporary splints
- 8. Lifting techniques, wheel chair modifications, adaptive devices
- 9. Ergonomic advice for prevention/rehabilitation for the patients as well as for parents/care givers education about handling of patients.

Page 160   Degree Programme in Ba	Page 160   Degree Programme in Bachelor of Physiotherapy (BPT)						
PHYSIOTHERAPY MANAGEMENT – PAEDIA Knowledge of developmental neur development, Etiology, Pathophysiology of common impairment, clinical reasoning, goal setting and P.T. should be given on physiotherapy management skills	PHYSIOTHERAPY MANAGEMENT – PAEDIATRIC Knowledge of developmental neurology, plasticity in development, Etiology, Pathophysiology of common neuropaediatric conditions, impairment, clinical reasoning, goal setting and P.T. management. More emphasis should be given on physiotherapy management skills.						
Торіс	Didactic Hours	Practical/ Lab Hours	Total Hours				
<ol> <li>Cerebral palsy         <ul> <li>-etiology and type</li> <li>-assessment</li> <li>-differential diagnosis</li> <li>-management</li> </ul> </li> </ol>	08	10	18				
2. Down"s syndrome	01	05	06				
3. Neural tube defects : Spina Bifida and Hydrocephalus	02	10	12				
4. Brachial plexus injuries	01	02	03				
5. Infectious disorders	01	01	02				
6. Post Poliomyelitis Residual Paralysis	01	01	02				
7. D.M.D. and other Myopathies	01	05	06				
8. S.M.A. / H.S.M.N.	01	01	02				
9. Pediatric extra pyramidal disorders	01	05	06				

# **CLINICAL**

#### SUPERVISED CLINICAL PRACTICE:

During the supervised clinical practice, student should be able to successfully execute the competencies in assessment, physical diagnosis on ICF basis, plan of care and therapeutic interventions relating to neuromuscular dysfunctions. Student should become familiar with performance of these skills in all settings (inpatient and outpatient) as well as on all types of conditions (surgical, non-surgical, pediatric and geriatric). Student should learn to objectively perform these skills under the supervision of trained physical therapists. Student is required to keep a performance record of all listed competencies during the clinical practice and successfully perform on real patients during the final evaluation of the course.

#### **CLINICAL COMPETENCIES:**

#### A] COMPETENCY IN ASSESMENT AND CLINICAL REASONING :

Student should be able to apply the ICF framework in selecting measurement tools to ensure a holistic approach to evaluation of body structure and function, activities, participation; and select and administer assessment/evaluation tools and techniques suitable for the patient"s problems and condition(s) based on the best available evidence and interpret the information obtained demonstrating evidence-based decision-making and safe handling technique such as:

- 1. Risk factor screening (Red flags and Yellow flags).
- 2. Assessment of Neuromuscular dysfunction.
- 3. Interpretation of Radiological, Electrophysiological, Hematological and Biochemical investigations.
- 4. Identification and quantification of environmental and home barriers and facilitators
- 5. Identification and analysis of body mechanics during self-care, home management, work, community, tasks, or leisure activities.
- 6. Identification and analysis of ergonomic performance during work (job/school/play):
- Assessment of Quality of Life through use of appropriate questionnaire and generic or disease-specific scales (nice to know)
- 8. Identification and prioritization of impairments in body functions and structures, and activity limitations and participation restrictions to determine specific body function and structure, and activities and participation towards which the intervention will be directed
- 9. State the evidence (patient/client history, lab diagnostics, tests and measures and scientific literature) to support a clinical decision.
- 10. Determine the predicted level of optimal functioning and the time required to achieve that level.
- 11. Recognize barriers that may impact the achievement of optimal functioning within a predicted time frame and ways to overcome them when possible.

#### **B] COMPETENCY IN DEVELOPING PLAN OF CARE:**

Student should be able to:

- 1. Identify patient goals and expectations.
- 2. Design a Plan of Care with measurable, prioritized and time bound functional goals (short-term and long-term)
- 3. Consult patient and/or caregivers to develop a mutual agreement regarding the plan of care.
- 4. Identify indications/ additional needs for consultation with other professionals and appropriate referrals.
- Select the interventions that are safe, realistic and meet the specified functional goals and outcomes in the plan of care: (a) identify precautions and contraindications, (b) provide evidence for patient-centered interventions that are identified and selected, (c) define the specificity of the intervention (time, intensity, duration, and frequency).
- 6. Measure and monitor patient response to intervention and modify elements of the plan of care and goals in response to changing patient/client status, as needed.
- 7. Establish criteria for discharge based on patient goals and current functioning and disability.

#### C] COMPETENCY IN PHYSIOTHERAPEUTIC INTERVENTION:

Important influences on neuromuscular physiotherapy management choices may include but not limited to:

- 1. Diverse settings of care including critical, acute, long term, rehabilitation, and community care;
- 2. Lifespan issues ranging from the neonatal stage to those associated with aging
- 3. Life style modification for diseases and for prevention.
- 4. Skill of application of physical and electrical agents for relief of acute and chronic pain and swelling.
- 5. Facilitation, re-education and training of muscle strength, endurance and motor control, posture and gait through skillful use of various therapeutic exercise techniques with appropriate therapeutic gymnasium equipment.
- 6. Skill of application of Neurotherapeutic modes of improving neuromuscular strength, endurance, movement control, coordination.
- 7. Functional training in self care, home, work (job, school and play), community and leisure activities

#### CLINICAL SKILLS:

# Learning of facilitatory and inhibitory Neurotherapeutic techniques related to adult and paediatric neurological conditions

- Sensory testing Sensory Re-education
- MMT / voluntary control muscle re-education
- Use of appropriate electrical modalities for muscle reeducation / pain relief
- Management of tone
- Postural assessment and postural correction
- Transfer training
- Functional re-education
- Gait assessment- gait training
- Co-ordination testing and training
- Strategies for balance training

Fitness training for patients having neurological problems.

Use of outcome measures and quality of life questionnaire.

# <u>Presentation and documentation of 8 cases for patient management using ICF model</u> <u>as following:</u>

(Assessment, Evaluation, Diagnosis, Prognosis, Intervention, Outcome)

- U.M.N. lesion 4 cases: Stroke / S.C.I. / Traumatic brain injury / Degenerative disorders / Demyelinating disorders etc...
- 2) L.M.N. lesion 2 cases: Peripheral nerve injuries / Brachial plexus injury / G.B.S. etc.
- 3) Pediatric neuro-2 cases: C.P. / Myopathies / Meningoceole etc.

# **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS:**

- 1. Cash"s Text book for Physio Therapist in Neurological disorders-Jaypee bros.
- 2. Proprioceptive Neuro muscular Facilitation Herman Kabat
- 3. Practical Physical Therapy Margaret Hollis
- 4. Therapeutic exercise O"Sullivan
- 5. "Right in the middle" Patricia Davis
- 6. Stroke rehabilitation Margaret Johnstone
- 7. Paediatric Physiotherapy Roberta Shepherd.

#### **RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOKS:**

- 1. Neurological rehabilitation Darcy Umphred
- 2. Paediatric physical therapy Stephen Tecklin
- 3. Brain"s disorders of Nervous system
- 4. Paediatric Physiotherapy Sophie Levitt

Neurological Rehabilitation - Optimising Motor Performance – Carr and Shepherd

#### SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

THEORY		Marks
<ul> <li>80 MARKS + I.A. – 20 MARKS</li> <li>* The question paper will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the syllabus.</li> </ul>		
Section A –M.C.Qs.	Q-1 - MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area [20x 1=20]	20
Section B- S.A.Q.	Q-2 - Answer any FIVE out of SIX $[5 \times 3 = 15]$	20
	Q-3- Answer any THREE out of FOUR $[3 \times 5 = 15]$	30
Section C -L.A.Q.	<ul> <li>* Based on topics- structured question based on ICF model with emphasis to goal setting and treatment intervention</li> <li>Q-4] L.A.Q Compulsory</li> <li>U.M.N. condition (adult / paediatric)) - 15 marks</li> <li>Q-5] L.M.N. condition (adult / paediatric) - 15 marks</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Q-5] L.M.N. condition (adult / paediatric) - 15 marks</li> <li>L.A.Q. should give break up of 15 marks e.g. [ 3 +5+7]</li> </ul>	30
	Total Marks	80

PRACTICAL		Marks
80 MARKS + I.A 2	20 MARKS	100
LONG CASE	<ul> <li>a. Subjective and Physical Examination -10 marks</li> <li>b. Evaluation and Physical therapy diagnosis (ICF) <ul> <li>10 marks</li> <li>c. Plan of care - Goal setting</li> <li>10 marks</li> </ul> </li> <li>d. Demonstration of any one important test and treatment intervention on patient -15 marks <ul> <li>[To be evaluated in cognitive, psychomotor and affective domains.]</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	45
SHORT CASE	Two Short cases onDemonstrations of physiotherapy intervention skillsfor effective patient management2 x 10 marks	20
SPOTS	5 spots - (5 x2 Marks= 10 Marks) 3 minutes for each spot E.M.G./N.C. Studies / Orthoses/ Prostheses and Neurological assessment, Scales	10
JOURNAL	Documentations- Assessment, Evaluation, Diagnosis, Prognosis, Intervention of Case along with I.C.F.	5
	Total Marks	80

#### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination (Theory and Practical) of 80 marks each TOTAL - 160 marks
- 2. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 20 marks.
- 3. In Practicals of Terminal and Preliminary examinations, Spots will be of 15 marks instead of 10 marks ( 3 marks X 5), No marks will be allotted for the journal in Terminal and Preliminary examinations
- 4. Internal assessment (Theory) as per University pattern.

# CARDIO-VASCULAR and RESPIRATORY PHYSIOTHERAPY (INCLUDING CRITICAL CARE)

(Didactic-60HRS + Clinical 140HRS) TOTAL 200 HRS

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

This course includes a study of applied anatomy and physiology of the Cardiovascular and Respiratory system along with pathological changes and patho-mechanics of the system. It discusses relevant tests and measures for determining impairment and differentiating the diagnosis based on the specificity and sensitivity of the assessment instruments as related to patients with disorders of the Cardiovascular and Respiratory system.

Cardiovascular and Respiratory Physiotherapy focuses on maximizing functional independence and well-being. This course uses a patient-centered model of care with multi-system assessment, evidence based interventions and a significant patient education component to promote healthy active lifestyle and community-based living. The candidate will have a sound understanding of theory, scientific evidence and best practices in the areas of the Cardio vascular and Respiratory System including critical care, Psychosocial Sciences, Movement Sciences and Physiotherapy.

Sr.		Didactic	Practical/Lab	Total
No.	Topics	Hours	Hours	Hours
1	REVIEW OF BASIC APPLIED	3		3
	ANATOMY and PHYSIOLOGY			
2	INVESTIGATION AND EXERCISE	4	10	14
	TESTING			
3	EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY	5	10	15
4	PHYSIOTHERAPY SKILLS	8	34	42
5	APPLICATION OF ICF MODEL	2		2
6	PHYSIOTHERAPY MANAGEMENT	20	53	73
7	CARDIAC REHABILITATION	4	10	14
8	PULMONARY REHABILITATION	2	5	7
9	ICU EVALUATION and MANAGEMENT	8	12	20
10	INTRODUCTION TO FUNCTIONAL	2	1	3
	SCALES			
11	BASIC LIFE SUPPORT (C.P.C.R.)	2	5	7
	ΤΟΤΑΙ	60	140	200
	TOTAL	60	140	20

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

#### **Cognitive:**

a. Identify and analyze cardio-vascular and pulmonary dysfunction in terms of biomechanical, and Bio-physical basis and correlate the same with the Health condition, routine electrophysiological, radiological, and biochemical investigations and arrive at appropriate Physical therapy diagnosis using WHO-ICF tool (Disability, Functioning and contextual factors) with clinical reasoning.

b. Plan, prescribe appropriate, safe physiotherapy interventions with clinical reasoning for and prevention of impairments, activity limitations, participation restrictions and environmental barriers related to cardio-vascular and pulmonary dysfunction in acute care settings, at home, work place, in society and in leisure activities.

#### **Psychomotor:**

a. Utilise skills such as executing exercise tests, PFT, Ankle brachial index, arterial and venous insufficiency tests

b. Utilise psychomotor skills to implement appropriate bronchial hygiene therapy, therapeutic exercise, electrotherapeutic modalities, CPCR, Intensive (critical) care, joint and soft tissue mobilisations, offering ergonomic and energy conservation advice for patients with cardio-vascular and pulmonary dysfunction.

c. Utilise the knowledge about contextual factors to enhance capacity and performance of activities and participation in society

d. Utilise the skill to deliver cardiac, pulmonary and vascular rehabilitation

#### Affective:

a. Develop behavioral skills and humanitarian approach while communicating with patients, relatives, society at large and co-professionals

b. Develop bed side behavior, respect and maintain patients" confidentiality

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Practical/ Lab Hours	Total Hours
1	REVIEW OF BASIC APPLIED ANATOMY and PHYSIOLOGY	3		3
	<ul><li>a. Pulmonary Anatomy and Physiology</li><li>b. Cardiac anatomy and Physiology</li><li>c. Cardiac and Respiratory Pharmacology</li><li>d. Biomechanics of Thorax (Revision)</li></ul>			
2	INVESTIGATION AND EXERCISE TESTING	4	10	14
	<ul> <li>a. Investigation and Clinical Implication - X-ray, PFT,ABG,ECG, ABI, claudication time, pulses, auscultation, postural hypotension</li> <li>b. Stress testing <ol> <li>6 Minute Walk test and Harward Step test Skill and Interpretation</li> <li>Shuttle Walk Test and Modified Bruce Protocol (should be interpretation only)</li> </ol> </li> </ul>			
3	EXERCISE PHYSIOLOGY	5	10	15
	<ul> <li>a. Nutrition(Bioenergetics)</li> <li>b. Total energy expenditure (MET) sources</li> <li>c. Acute and chronic adaptation to exercise</li> <li>d. Complication of bed rest/ Immobilization and prevention</li> <li>e. Aerobic and Anaerobic Training,</li> <li>f. Principles of Exercise Prescription</li> </ul>			

# SYLLABUS

Sr. No.	- Topics	Didactic Hours	Practical/ Lab Hours	Total Hours
4PHYSIOTE	IERAPY SKILLS	8	34	42

- Bronchial Hygiene Therapy- Postural Drainage, Forced Expiratory Technique, ACBT, Autogenic Drainage
- b. Adjunct Therapy Flutter and PEP Therapy
- c. Therapeutic positioning to improve ventilation and perfusion matching,
- d. Therapeutic positioning to alleviate dyspnoea
- e. Nebulisation and Humidification,
- f. Lung Expansion Therapy
- g. Neurophysiologic facilitation of respiration
- h. Electrotherapeutic modalities for pain, swelling, andwound healing.
- i. Therapeutic exercise program to alleviate pain, to achieve mobility, to correct posture and improve peripheral circulation.
- j. Therapeutic exercise program to trengthen respiratory muscles
- beliver Ergonomic advice, energy conservation advice, Home exercise Program, and modifications of contextual factors.
- 1. Applied Yoga in Cardiorespiratory conditions

5APPLICATION OF ICF MODEL	2	-	2

To plan effective Short term and long term goals to enhance functioning of Cardiovascular and

**Respiratory Dysfunction** 

a. Set patient specific goals and expected

outcome within time frame with clinical

reasoning

b. Documentation

Sr. No.		Topics	Didactic Hours	Practical/Lab Hours	Total Hours
6	PHYS	IOTHERAPY MANAGEMENT in :	20	53	73
	<b>a.</b> ii. iii. iv. v. v. vi.	Medical and Surgical Cardiovascular Diseases Hypertension I.H.D., Myocardial Infarction Valvular Heart Disease Congenital Acquired Thrombosis, Phlebitis and	4	5	9
	vii. viii.	Phlebothrombosis Varicose Veins and ulcers Other Arterial disorders			
	b. i. ii. ii. iv. v. v. v.	Obstructive and Restrictive Respiratory disorders Bronchitis Emphysema Bronchial Asthma Cystic Fibrosis Occupational lung diseases Interstitial Lung Diseases	2	10	12
-	c. ii. iii. iv. v. vi. vii. vii. x. x.	General Respiratory Infection Tuberculosis Pneumonia Lung Abscess Bronchiectasis Pneumothorax Hydropneumothorax Atelectasis Pleuritis Pleural Effusion Empyema and other Pleural Disorders	2	10	12
-	<b>d.</b>	Neonatal and Paediatric Respiratory Infection ARDS	2	4	6
	i. ii	Meconium aspiration Pneumonitis			
	iii. iv.	Pneumonia Childhood Asthma			

v.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Practical/Lab Hours	Total Hours
	e. Pulmonary Surgeries Traumatic and Surgical conditions of Chest, Lung, Pleura and Mediastinum	2	4	6
	<ul> <li>f. General abdominal and Oncological Surgeries <ol> <li>Pre and Post Operative care</li> <li>Complication and Management.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	2	5	7
	g. Burns (Head Face neck and thoracic, inhalation burns) Acute care Management Only	1	5	6
	h. <b>Diabetic and Vascular Ulcers</b> / Amputations (Stump care only)	2	4	6
	<ul> <li>i. Metabolic Syndrome         <ol> <li>Diabetes (Mellitus and Insipidus)</li> <li>Obesity</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	2	4	6
	<ul> <li>j. Musculoskeletal dysfunction         <ol> <li>Flail chest</li> <li>Scoliosis</li> <li>Kyphosis</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	1	2	3
7	CARDIAC REHABILITATION (A.H.A./A.C.S.M. guidelines)	4	10	14
	<ul> <li>a. Definition,</li> <li>b. Indications, Contraindications</li> <li>c. Phases( I,II,III,and IV)</li> <li>d. Outcome Measures</li> </ul>			
8	PULMONARY REHABILITATION (A.A.C.V.P.R. /A.T.S. guidelines)	2	5	7
	<ul> <li>a. Definition,</li> <li>b. Indications</li> <li>c. Contraindications</li> <li>d. Components of management</li> <li>e. Outcome measures</li> </ul>			
9	I.C.U. EVALUATION and MANAGEMENT	8	12	20
	<ul> <li>a. Basic evaluation</li> <li>b. Principles of ICU Monitoring</li> <li>c. Mechanical Ventilator modes</li> <li>d. Suctioning and Humidification</li> <li>e. Therapeutic intervention in <ul> <li>i. Tetanus, Head Injury,</li> </ul> </li> </ul>			

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Practical/Lab Hours	Total Hours
	ii. Pulmonary Oedema,			
	iii. Multiple Organ Failure,			
	iv. Neuromuscular Disease,			
	v. Smoke Inhalation,			
	vi. Poisoning,			
	vii. Aspiration near Drowning,			
	viii. A.R.D.S.			
	ix. Shock			
	x. Guillan Barre Syndrome			
	xi. Spinal Cord Injury and Other Acute			
	respiratory Disorders			
10	INTRODUCTION TO FUNCTIONAL	2	1	3
	SCALES			
	a. Generic and disease specific			
	b. Patient"s perception of his disability and			
	functioning and correlating the same with			
	therapist evaluation			
11	BASIC LIFE SUPPORT (C.P.C.R.)	2	5	7

S. No.	PRACTICAL
1	Positioning, breathing control strategies (e.g. Pursed Lip Breathing, Sustained Maximal Inspiration deep breathing) ventilator muscle training Relayation training
	positioning, early mobilization.
2	Airway clearance techniques, Suctioning, use of mechanical assistive devices (e.g.
	Positive Expiratory Pressure, Flutter, Vest, etc.), postural drainage and
	percussions, coughing maneuvers, medication delivery e.g. Nebulization ,oxygen
3	Physical handling Techniques (e.g. positioning and donning, doffing, fitting and
	adjusting Stockings for vascular disorders, bandaging, dressing, taping, splints and
	orthotics pertaining to cardiovascular and pulmonary impairments)
4	PNF for breathing facilitation and inhibition.
5	Ability to use a variety of exercise/movement equipment (e.g. treadmill, heart rate
	monitor, Oximeter, pressure biofeedback unit, free weights, balance boards,
	theraballs, etc)
6	Prescription and education: aerobic, endurance and interval exercise training,
	resistance (strength, Endurance and power) training, flexibility training. Formulating
	cardiac, pulmonary rehabilitation programme
7	Develop skills to monitor compliance of the client in executing rehabilitation
	program and identifying comorbid and contextual factors affecting
	it.
8	Familiarity and skill of use of various monitoring and treatment equipments in ICU.
9	Use of physical and electrical agents for pain relief and wound care
10	Skill of administering basic life support

#### **CLINICAL COMPETENCIES:**

#### A] COMPETENCY IN ASSESMENT AND CLINICAL REASONING :

Student should be able to apply the ICF framework in selecting measurement tools to ensure a holistic approach to evaluation of body structure and function, activities, participation; and select and administer assessment/evaluation tools and techniques suitable for the patient"s problems and condition(s) based on the best available evidence and interpret the information obtained demonstrating evidence-based decision-making and safe handling technique such as:

- 1. Risk factor screening (Red flags and Yellow flags).
- 2. Assessment of Cardiovascular and Respiratory dysfunction.
- 3. Interpretation of Radiological, Haematological and Biochemical investigations.
- 4. Aerobic fitness and Functional performance testing as appropriate
- 5. Identification and quantification of environmental and home barriers and facilitators
- 6. Identification and analysis of body mechanics during self-care, home management, work, community, tasks, or leisure activities.
- 7. Identification and analysis of ergonomic performance during work (job/school/play)
- Assessment of Quality of Life through use of appropriate questionnaire and generic or disease-specific scales (nice to know)
- 9. Identification and prioritization of impairments in body functions and structures, and activity limitations and participation restrictions to determine specific body function and structure, and activities and participation towards which the intervention will be directed.
- 10. State the evidence (patient/client history, lab diagnostics, tests and measures and scientific literature) to support a clinical decision.
- 11. Determine the predicted level of optimal functioning and the time required to achieve that level.
- 12. Recognize barriers that may influence the achievement of optimal functioning within a predicted period and devise ways to overcome them when possible.

#### **B] COMPETENCY IN DEVELOPING PLAN OF CARE:**

Student should be able to:

- 1. Identify patient goals and expectations.
- Design a Plan of Care with measurable, prioritized and time bound functional goals (short-term and long-term)
- 3. Consult patient and/or caregivers to develop a mutual agreement regarding the plan of

care.

- 4. Identify indications/ additional needs for consultation with other professionals & appropriate referrals.
- 5. Select the interventions that are safe, realistic and meet the specified functional goals and outcomes in the plan of care: (a) identify precautions and contraindications, (b) provide evidence for identified and selected patient-centered interventions that are identified and selected, (c) define the specificity of the intervention (time, intensity, duration, and frequency).
- 6. Measure and monitor patient response to intervention and modify elements of the plan of care and goals in response to changing patient/client status, as needed.
- 7. Establish criteria for discharge based on patient goals and current functioning and disability.

# C] COMPETENCY IN PHYSIOTHERAPEUTIC INTERVENTION:

Important influences on Cardiovascular and Respiratory physiotherapy management choices may include but not limited to:

- 1. Diverse settings of care including critical, acute, long term, rehabilitation, and community care
- 2. Lifespan issues ranging from the neonatal stage to those associated with aging;
- 3. Life style modification for diseases and for prevention.
- 4. Skill of application of physical and electrical agents for relief of acute and chronic pain and swelling.
- 5. Facilitation, re-education and training of muscle strength, endurance and motor control, posture and gait through skilful use of various therapeutic exercise techniques with appropriate therapeutic gymnasium equipment.
- 6. Skill of application of therapeutic modes of improving cardiovascular and respiratory performance. Functional training in self care, home, work (job, school and play), community and leisure activities

# **Documentation:**

# Presentation and Documentation of 8 cases for patient management using ICF Model as following:

(Assessment, Evaluation, Diagnosis, Prognosis, Intervention, Outcome)

- 1. Medical Respiratory condition
- 2. Paediatric respiratory condition
- 3. Thoracic Surgical condition

- 4. Cardiac Medical condition
- 5. Cardiac Surgical condition
- 6. Peripheral vascular disorders
- 7. Burns of Head, Neck and Face (Acute phase only)
- 8. Abdominal surgical condition

# **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Cash"s Textbook for Physiotherapists in Chest, Heart and Vascular diseases
- 2. Cash's text book in General Medicine and Surgical conditions for Physiotherapists
- 3. Chest Physical therapy and pulmonary rehabilitation -- Donna Frown Filter
- 4. Brompton"s hospital guide
- 5. Physiotherapy in respiratory and cardiac problem Pryor and Prasad
- 6. Physiotherapy in Cardio Vascular rehabilitation Webber
- 7. Chest physiotherapy in intensive care Colin Mackenzie
- 8. Mechanical ventilation Ashfaq Hasan
- 9. Management of Mechanical ventilation Pierce

#### **RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Exercise and the Heart Wenger
- 2. ECG P.J. Mehta
- 3. Cardiopulmonary Physical Therapy -- Irwin Scott
- 4. Fundamental of respiratory care Egan"s
- 5. Essential of cardio pulmonary physical therapy Hillgass And Sodosky
- 6. Exercise physiology, energy, nutrition and human performance M"cardle
- 7. Exercise testing and prescription Skinner
- 8. Exercise in health and disease-Pollock

#### SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

THEORY		Marks
80  MARKS + I.A. - 2	20 MARKS	
* The question paper	will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the syllabus.	100
Section A –M.C.Qs.	Q-1 -MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area $[20x1=20]$	20
Section B- S.A.O.	Q-2 - Answer any FIVE out of SIX $[5 \times 3 = 15]$	
Section D Shing.	Q-3- answer any THREE out of FOUR $[3 \times 5 = 15]$	30
	* Based on topics - ICF model.	
	Q-4] L.A.Q - 15 marks	
Section C-L A O	Q-5] ( <b>RESPIRATORY SYSTEM</b> ) - 15 marks	20
Section C-L.A.Q.	OR	30
	Q-5] (CARDIO VASCULAR SYSTEM) - 15 marks	
	L.A.Q. should give break up of 15 marks $-$ e.g. [ 3 +5+7]	
	Total Marks	80

PRACTICAL		Marks
80 MARKS + I.A	20 MARKS	100
LONG CASE	<ul> <li>a. Subjective and Physical Examination -10 marks</li> <li>b. Evaluation and Physical therapy diagnosis (ICF) <ul> <li>10 marks</li> <li>c. Plan of care - Goal setting – 10 marks</li> <li>d. Demonstration of any one important test and treatment intervention on patient – 15 marks</li> <li>[Student will be evaluated in cognitive, psychomotor and affective domains.]</li> </ul> </li> </ul>	45
SHORT CASE	Two Short cases onDemonstrations of physiotherapy intervention skillsfor effective patient management2 x 10 marks	20
SPOTS	(5 spots x 2 Marks = 10 Marks) Chest/Cardiac X-ray, ABG, PFT, ECG, Adjunct/devices	10
JOURNAL	Documentations- Assessment, Evaluation, Diagnosis, Prognosis, Intervention of Case along with ICF	5
	Total Marks	80

#### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- **1.** Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination (Theory and Practical) of 80 marks each TOTAL 160 marks
- 2. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 20 marks.
- 3. In Practicals of Terminal and Preliminary examinations, Spots will be of 15 marks instead of 10 marks (3 marks X 5). No marks will be allotted for the journal in Terminal and Preliminary examinations.
- 4. Internal assessment (Theory) as per University pattern.

# COMMUNITY PHYSIOTHERAPY

(Didactic 85 hrs + Clinical 115 hrs) TOTAL 200

#### HRS

#### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

Community Physiotherapy describes the roles and responsibilities of the Physiotherapist as an efficient member of the society. This component introduces the Physiotherapist to a proactive preventive oriented philosophy for optimization and betterment of health.

Community Physiotherapy is not apart from the other sections of Physiotherapy described in this syllabus. In fact, it is the in-depth application of these same aspects viz. Musculoskeletal, Neurological and Cardio Vascular and Respiratory to the entire society. This is done by understanding the sections and sub sections of the societies, the national and international health policies, role of Government and Non Government Organizations.

The applications of Community Physiotherapy are not limited to conditions and dysfunctions but as attributed to promotion of Health and rehabilitation in Communities like Elderly, Women, and Occupational Health etc.

Sr. No.	Торіс	Didactic	Clinical	Total
		Hours	Hours	Hours
1	HEALTH PROMOTION	10	15	25
2	WOMEN'S HEALTH	20	20	40
3	GERIATRICS HEALTH	20	20	40
4	REHABILITATION	11	20	31
5	HEALTHCARE DELIVERY and DISASTER	04	-	04
	MANAGEMENT			
6	INDUSTRIAL HEALTH	20	20	40
7	SYNOPSIS	-	20	20
	TOTAL	85	115	200

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course the student shall:

#### **Cognitive:**

Be able to describe:

- a) The general concepts about health, disease and physical fitness.
- b) Physiology of aging process and its influence on physical fitness.
- c) National policies for the rehabilitation of disabled role of PT.
- d) The strategies to access prevalence and incidence of various conditions responsible for increasing morbidity in the specific community role of PT in reducing morbidity, expected clinical and functional recovery, reasons for non-compliance in specific community environment and solution for the same.
- e) The evaluation of disability and planning for prevention and rehabilitation.
- f) Rehabilitation in urban and rural set up.
- g) Able to be a part of decision making team regarding the policies for the welfare of special communities and on issues of disability

#### **Psychomotor:**

- a) Be able to identify with clinical reasoning the prevailing contextual {e.g. environmental and psycho-social cultural} factors, causing high risk responsible for various dysfunctions and morbidity related to sedentary life style and specific community like women, children, aged as well as industrial workers and describe planning strategies of interventional policies to combat such problems at community level.
- b) Be able to gain the ability to collaborate with other health professionals for effective service delivery and community satisfaction
- c) Utilize the research methodology knowledge for formulation of a research question (synopsis)

#### Affective:

Be an empathetic health professional, especially for those in the community, who is away from the health institutions and having difficulty in healthcare access

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Field Hours	Total Hours
1	HEALTH PROMOTION	10	15	25
	a. W.H.O. definition of health and disease.	01		
	b. Health Delivery System – 3 tier	01		
	c. Physical Fitness: definition and evaluation related to:	08		
	i. Effect in Growing Age	02		
	ii. Effect in Obesity	02		
	iii. Physical Fitness in women - Pregnancy, Menopause, Osteoporosis	02		
	iv. Physiology of Aging – Related to physiological changes in Aging	02		
	Preventive Measures in all the above groups of commu their related complications of physiological changes, gr degenerative changes and lifestyle diseases.	nity with owth,		

# **SYLLABUS**

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic	Field	Total Hours
2	WOMEN'S HEALTH	20	20	40
<u>ک</u>	a Women in India	1	20	-10
	h Social issue having impact on physical	1		
	Function.	1		
	c. Legal rights and benefits related to health.	1		
	d. Anatomical and Physiological variations	8		
	associated with pregnancy and menopause.			
	e. Antenatal, post natal care, advice on labour	4		
	positions, pain relief.			
	f. Urogenital dysfunction, prolapse,	5		
	incontinence, malignancy and			
	their therapeutic interventions.			
3	GERIATRICS	20	20	40
	a. Senior citizens in India	1		
	b. NGO"s and Health related Legal rights and	1		
	benefits for the elderly.			
	c. Institutionalized and Community dwelling	1		
	elders	2		
	d. Theories of Aging	3		
	e. Physiology of ageing: Musculoskeletal,	12		
	changes			
	f Scheme of evaluation and role of PT in	2		
	Geriatrics	2		
4	CONCEPTS OF REHABILITATION	11	20	31
	a Disability- evaluation, types, prevention.	2		
	b Rehabilitation- definition types {Institutional	- 1		
	Reach out and Community}	-		
	c. National policies for rehabilitation of	1		
	d. Rehab Team work: Medical practitioner, P.T. /	2		
	O.T., A.S.T., P.andO., Clinical psychologist,			
	and			
	vocational counselors and social workers.			
	e. CBR – Role of Physiotherapy and	1		
	Physiotherapist			
	f. CBR strategies in:	4		
	i. Urban area e.g. UHC, community			
	centre, ciubs, manila mandals, Social			
	centers			
	ii. Rural area- by using PHC / rural hospital			
	district hospital infrastructure. Loco motor			
5	INTRODUCTION TO DISASTER	2		2
	MANAGEMENT			

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours	Field Hours	Total Hours
6	INDUSTRIAL HEALTH	20	20	40
	a. Introduction to Industrial Health: Definition, Model of Industrial Therapy (Traditional Medical and Industrial Model)	4		
	<ul> <li>b. Worker Care Spectrum:         <ol> <li>Ability Management – Job analysis:- Job description, Job demand Analysis, Task Analysis, Ergonomics Evaluation, Injury Prevention, Employee Fitness Program.</li> </ol> </li> </ul>	5		
	ii. Disability Management: - Acute care, Concept of Functional Capacity assessment, Work Conditioning, Work Hardening.	5		
	<ul> <li>iii. Environmental stress in the industrial area <ul> <li>accidents due to</li> </ul> </li> <li>a) Physical agents e.g. heat/cold, light, noise, vibration, UV radiation, ionizing radiation.</li> <li>b) Chemical agents- inhalation, local action and ingestion.</li> <li>c) Mechanical hazards-overuse/fatigue injuries due to ergonomic alternation and ergonomic evaluation of work place.</li> </ul>	3		
	<ul> <li>iv. Mechanical stresses:</li> <li>a) Sedentary table work-executive"s clerk.</li> <li>b) Inappropriate seating arrangement-vehicle drivers.</li> <li>c) Constant standing- watchman, defense forces, surgeons.</li> <li>d) Over execution in labourer"s-stress management.</li> <li>e) Psychological hazards e.g. monotonicity and dissatisfaction in job, anxiety of work completion with quality, Role of PT. in industrial set up and stress management relaxation modes.</li> </ul>	3		
	PROJECT SYNOPSIS			

Students have to select a study to be done under the guidance of a teacher of any subject related to physiotherapy. After the finalization of the topic, he/ she has to decide the methodology of the study to be done. Student will present defend the synopsis of this study to be done during the University Practical examination of Community Physiotherapy.
#### CLINICAL

#### - 115 hrs

- 1 UHC and PHC visits, Industrial Visit, Geriatric Home Visit
- 2 Institutional adoption of close by area/ vicinity.
- 3 Perform surveys in adopted localities for ANC, disability, exercises and health promotion, preventive aspects for smoking/ alcohol/ drugs in youth etc.
- 4 Students may make a case dependent evaluation proforma/ questionnaire.

## **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOKS**

- 1. Physiotherapy in Gynecological and Obstetrical conditions -Mantle
- 2. Therapeutic Exercise Kisner
- 3. Text book of Community Health for Physiotherapists Bhaskar Rao
- 4. Geriatrics Physiotherapy Andrew Guccione
- 5. Industrial Therapy Glenda Key
- 6. Text of Physiotherapy for obstetrics and Gynecology G.B. Madhuri and Pruthvish

## **RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Mural K F Ergonomics: Man in his working environment
- 2. Exercise Physiology- Mc"Ardle
- 3. Musculoskeletal Disorders in work place: Principle and Practice- Nordin
- 4. Andersons Pope
- 5. Indian Social Problem Vol 2 G R Madan
- 6. Status of Disabled in India -2000-RCI publication
- 7. Legal Rights of disabled in India- Gautam Bannerjee
- 8. ICF WHO Health Organisation 2001 publication
- 9. Preventive and Social Medicine Park
- 10. Training in the Community for the people with disability Hallender Padmini Mendes
- 11. Disabled Village Children-- David Werner
- 12. Chorin Cand M Desai, C Gonsalves, 1999, Women and the Law, Vol. I and II Socio- legal Information Centre Mumbai
- 13. Astrand P A Rodahe K- Text book of Work Physiology
- 14. Women"s Health Sapsford

THEORY			
80 MARKS + I.A. – 20 MARKS			
* The question paper v	will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the syllabus.	100	
Section A-M.C.Qs.Q-1 -MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area[1 x 20][Rehab - 4, Women''s Health- 4, Health Promotion - 4, Geriatrics - 4, Industrial - 4.]			
Section B- S.A.Q.	Q-2 - Answer any FIVE out of SIX $[5x 3 = 15]$ Q-3- Answer any THREE out of FOUR $[3 x 5 = 15]$	30	
Section C-L.A.Q.	<ul> <li>* Based on topics - Health Promotion / Women''s Health /Geriatrics /Industrial Health.</li> <li>Q-4] L.A.Q - 15 marks</li> <li>Q-5] - 15 marks</li> <li>OR</li> <li>Q-5] - 15 marks</li> <li>LAQ should give break up of 15 marks - e.g. [3+5+7]</li> </ul>	30	
Total Marks			

## SCHEME OF UNIVERSITY EXAMINATION

PRACTICAL		Marks		
80 MARKS + I.A.	– 20 MARKS	100		
LONG CASE	LONG CASE Rehabilitation/ Women''s Health / Geriatric/ Industrial Health / Health Promotion.			
PROJECT SYNOPSIS	<ul> <li>(Synopsis can be on any topic (Musculoskeletal, Neurosciences, Cardio Respiratory or Community).</li> <li>[Introduction, Aims and Objectives, Methods and Methodology and Review of Literature Expected]</li> </ul>			
JOURNAL	<ol> <li>1. 1 cases each of Rehabilitation, Health Promotion, Industrial Health, Women"s Health and Geriatrics (Total 5 cases only)</li> <li>2. Documentation of visits (Minimum One) to either Industry, Geriatric Home, Community assessment</li> </ol>	5		
	Total Marks	80		

#### **INTERNAL ASSESSMENT:**

- Two exams Terminal and preliminary examination (Theory and Practical) of 80 marks each TOTAL - 160 marks
- 2 Internal Assessment (Theory) as per University pattern.
- 3. A. Practical examination for Terminal examination to be taken with 2 Long Cases of 40 marks each.
  - B. Practical examination for Preliminary examination to be taken with 1 Long Case of 50 marks and Project Synopsis for 30 marks.
- 4. Internal Assessment to be calculated out of 20 marks.

## PRINCIPLES OF BIOENGINEERING

## (COLLEGE EXAMINATION)

(Didactic 27 hrs + Practical /Laboratory-03 hrs) TOTAL 30 HRS

### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

The course is designed to give knowledge and application of biomechanical principles related to Orthotics and Prosthetics. Students will also learn the principles of the prescription and the checkout procedures of aids and appliances as per the physical dysfunction of the person. They will learn to fabricate simple splints.

#### **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the course, the candidate shall

## **Cognitive:**

- a) Acquire knowledge about biomechanical principles of application of variety of aids and appliances used for ambulation, protection and prevention.
- b) Acquire in brief knowledge about various material used for splints/ Orthoses and prostheses and their selection criteria

#### **Psychomotor:**

Acquire the skill of fabrication of simple splints made out of Low cost material

Sr. No.	ΤΟΡΙϹ	Didactic Hours
1.	<b>Introduction to bioengineering-</b> Classification of Aids and appliances (Splints/ Orthoses for spine, upper and lower limb; Prostheses for Lower limbs and Upper limbs)	1
2.	Biomechanical principles in designing of appliances and assessment; Procedures for static and dynamic alignment of the Orthoses and Prostheses:	26
	a. Introduction to Orthotics, Solid Ankle foot Orthoses (AFO)	1
	b. Articulated AFO, Various Shoe modifications	1
	c. Knee Ankle Foot Orthoses (KAFO)	1
	d. Knee Orthoses (KO)	1
	e. Hip Knee Ankle Foot orthoses (HKAFO), Hip Orthoses (HO)	1

Sr. No.	ΤΟΡΙΟ	Didactic Hours	
	f. Fracture Bracing and Flexible Lumbo-sacral Orthoses (LSO) and Thoraco-Lumbo-sacral Orthoses (TLSO)	1	
	g. Rigid TLSOs and Cervical Orthoses (CO)	1	
	h. Orthotic mgmt. of Scoliosis, Milwaukee and low profile scoliosis orthoses, Scheuermann''s Kyphosis and Osteoporosis	1	
	i. Orthoses for LBP, Introduction to Upper limb Orthotics and Shoulder orthoses (SO)	1	
	j. Shoulder (SO),Elbow Orthoses (EO) and Wrist Hand Orthoses (WHO)	2	
	k. Introduction to Gait in relation to the use of Orthoses / Prostheses	1	
	1. Prosthetic management of Forefoot amputees	1	
	m. Prosthetic management of Syme"s and hind foot Amputees	1	
	n. Below Knee Prosthesis and Prosthetic foot pieces	1	
	o. Alignment of Below Knee Prosthesis and gait deviations	1	
	p. Prosthetic Knees and Knee Disarticulation mgmt.		
	q. Above Knee Prosthesis, alignment, gait deviations	1	
	r. AK Checkouts, Prosthetic mgmt. of Hip Disarticulation, hemipelvectomy, Bilateral amputees and Congenital cases	1	
	s. Introduction to Upper Limb Prosthetics, Prosthetic mgmt. of Partial Hand amputees	2	
	t. Cosmetic Prostheses for all levels of Amputations	1	
	u. Task Specific Prostheses, Prosthetic mgmt. of Wrist Disarticulation, Myoelectric Below Elbow prosthesis	2	
[	v. Body Powered Below Elbow Prostheses and it's components	1	
	w. Harnessing in BE	1	
[	x. Prosthetic mgmt. of Elbow Disarticulation and Above Elbow Amputation.	1	

3.	Project:	
	Temporary splints: To fabricate ONE splint each [to use P.O.P,	
	aluminum strips /sheets /wires rubber bands, Rexin, Orfit,etc]	
	Splinting- Practical Demonstration of the following	
	a) Cock up (dorsal/volar)	
	b) Outrigger,	2
	c) Opponence splint	3
	d) Anterior and posterior guard splints for gait training,	
	e) Foot drop splint	
	f) Facial splint	
	g) Mallet Finger Splint	
	h) C bar for 1st web space of hand	

#### **RECOMMENDED REFERENCE BOOKS**

- 1. Orthotics in Functional Rehabilitation of Lower limb- Deborah A. Nawoczenski, Marcia E. Epler
- 2. Orthotics –clinical Practice and Rehabilitation Technology- Published by-Churchill Livingstone
- 3. Atlas of Orthotics- Biomechanical principles and application (American Academy of Orthopedic Surgeons)- The C. V. Mosby Company

## SCHEME OF COLLEGE EXAMINATION

THEORY ONLY: 50 MARKS						
[There shall be no LA	Q in this paper]					
* The question paper v	vill give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the	50				
syllabus.						
Section A-Q-1	Section A-Q-1 MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area [20 x1]					
	SAQ-to answer any FIVE out of SIX [5 x 3]	15				
Section-B-Q-2 and						
Q3						
	SAQ – to answer any THREE out of FOUR [3 x 5]	15				
Total Marks						

## Passing in the exam is Mandatory

Grades: A = 75% and above, A = 66 to 74.5%, B = 55 to 65 %, B = 50 to 54.5%,

C = less than 50%.

## **RESEARCH METHODOLOGY AND BIOSTATISTICS**

## (COLLEGE EXAMINATION)

## [DIDACTIC: 30 HRS]

### **COURSE DESCRIPTION:**

To provide the students with the necessary concepts of statistics to enable them to realize a research project in the field of Physiotherapy. It involves selection of appropriate statistical techniques to address questions of medical and physiotherapeutic relevance; selects and applies appropriate statistical techniques for managing common types of medical / physiotherapeutic data. It uses various software packages for statistical analysis and data management. It interprets the results of statistical analyses and critically evaluates the use of statistics in the medical literature. It communicates effectively with statisticians and the wider medical community, in writing and orally through presentation of results of statistical analyses. It explores current and anticipated developments in medical statistics as applied to physiotherapists. It is designed to teach entry-level physical therapy students the fundamentals of reading and understanding research methods, design, and statistics.

## **OBJECTIVES:**

At the end of the study of this subject the student should be able to:

- 1. Enumerate the steps in Physiotherapy research process.
- 2. Describe the importance and use of biostatistics for research work.
- 3. Acquire skills of reviewing literature, formulating a hypothesis, collecting data, writing research proposal etc.

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic Hours
1	RESEARCH IN PHYSIOTHERAPY	5
2	<ul> <li>a. Introduction</li> <li>b. Research for Physiotherapist: Why? How? When?</li> <li>c. Research – Definition, concept, purpose, approaches</li> <li>d. Internet sites for Physiotherapists.</li> </ul> <b>RESEARCH FUNDAMENTALS</b>	5
	<ul> <li>a. Define measurement</li> <li>b. Measurement fremework</li> </ul>	
	c Scales of measurement	
	d. Pilot Study	
	e. Types of variables	
	f. Reliability and Validity	
	g. Drawing Tables, Graphs, Master chart	

## **SYLLABUS**

3	WRITING A RESEARCH PROPOSAL	3
	<ul> <li>a. Defining a problem</li> <li>b. Review of Literature</li> <li>c. Formulating a question, Operational Definition</li> <li>d. Inclusion and Exclusion criteria</li> <li>e. Methodology- Forming groups Data collection and method for analysis</li> <li>f. Informed Consent Steps of documentation – Title to Scope of study</li> </ul>	
4	<b>RESEARCH ETHICS</b>	2
	<ul> <li>a. Importance of Ethics in Research</li> <li>b. Main ethical issues in human subjects" research</li> <li>c. Main ethical principles that govern research with human subjects</li> <li>d. Components of an ethically valid informed consent for research.</li> </ul>	
5	OVERVIEW OF STUDY DESIGNS	3
	<ul> <li>a. Observational-</li> <li>i.Descriptive-Case study/ series, Cross sectional, Normative, Correlational</li> <li>ii.Analytical; case control, cohort</li> <li>b. Experimental- True and guasi experimental</li> </ul>	
6	SAMPLING	3
	<ul> <li>a. Random and non-random sampling.</li> <li>b. Various methods of sampling – simple random, stratified, systematic, cluster and multistage. Sampling and non-sampling errors and methods of minimizing these errors.</li> </ul>	
7	BASIC PROBABILITY DISTRIBUTIONS AND SAMPLING DISTRIBUTIONS	2
	<ul> <li>a. Concept of probability and probability distribution.</li> <li>b. Normal, Poisson and Binomial distributions, parameters and application.</li> <li>c. Concept of sampling distributions.</li> <li>d. Standard error and confidence intervals.</li> <li>e. Skewness and Kurtosis</li> </ul>	

Sr. No.	Topics	Didactic
	Topics	Hours
8	TESTS OF SIGNIFICANCE	3
	<ul> <li>a. Basics of testing of hypothesis – Null and alternate hypothesis, type I and type II errors, level of significance and power of the test, p value.</li> <li>b. Tests of significance (parametric) - t – test (paired and unpaired), Chi square test and test of proportion, one way analysis of variance.</li> <li>c. Repeated measures analysis of variance.</li> <li>d. Tests of significance (non-parametric)-Mann-Whitney u test, Wilcoxon test,</li> <li>e. Kruskal-Wallis analysis of variance. Friedman"s analysis of variance.</li> </ul>	
9	CORRELATION AND REGRESSION	1
	Simple correlation – Pearson's and Spearman's; testing the significance of correlation coefficient, linear and multiple regressions.	
10	STATISTICAL DATA	2
	Tabulation, Calculation of central tendency and dispersion, Using software packages, Analysis, Presentation of data in diagrammatic and Graphic form	
11	RESEARCH REPORT	1
	Overview, Types and Publication	

## **RECOMMENDED TEXT BOOK**

- 1. Methods in Biostatistics B.K. Mahajan
- 2. Research for physiotherapist-Hicks

## SCHEME OF COLLEGE EXAMINATION

THEORY : 50 Marks					
[There shall be no LAQ in this paper]					
* The question paper v	will give appropriate weightage to all the topics in the	50			
syllabus.					
Section A-Q-1	MCQs – based on MUST KNOW area [20 x1]	20			
	SAQ-to answer any FIVE out of SIX [5 x3]	15			
Section-B-Q-2 and					
Q3					
SAQ – to answer any THREE out of FOUR [3 x5]					
Total Marks					

## Passing in the examination is Mandatory

Grades: A + = 75% and above, A = 66 to 74.5%, B + = 55 to 65 %, B = 50 to

54.5%, C = less than 50%.

# SCHEME OF EXAMINATIONS AT A GLANCE - IV B.P.Th.

	UNIVERSITY EXAMINATIONS					COLLEGE LEVEL	
Subjects	Theory			Practical			EXAMS (Theory
	University	I.A.	Total	University	I.A.	Total	only)
Musculoskeletal Physiotherapy	80	20	100	80	20	100	
Neuro Physiotherapy	80	20	100	80	20	100	
Cardio-Vascular and Respiratory Physiotherapy	80	20	100	80	20	100	
Community Physiotherapy	80	20	100	80	20	100	
Professional Practice and Ethics							50
Administration , Management and Marketing	Loni - 413 Tal - Rah Dist. Annual	EDICAL SCIENCES		Regis	 t/ar		50
Principles of Bioengineering	* Desmed to be	Invester	Prava	Ta Institute of (Deemed to be Loni - 413736 st. Ahmednag	Medical Univer Tal. Rai ar (M.S.	Sciences sity) lata India)	50
Research Methodology and Biostatistics							50
Total	320	80	400	320	80	400	200

PIMS (DU), Value Added Programme (Radiation & Oncology)-Syllabus, implemented from Academic Year 2019-2020Notification No. 34/2018Academic Council Meeting dated 14.03.2018